

TRI+GEO

COMUNE DI AREZZO

20 - DICEMBRE - 2018

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RELAZIONE TECNICA

**"INDAGINI GEOFISICHE DI SISMICA
PASSIVA MEDIANTE TECNICA A STAZIONE SINGOLA
(HVSR SULLE VIBRAZIONI AMBIENTALI)"
CIG: ZC41F94A1B**

COMMITTENTI :



CERTIFICATO
ISO N°14PA00028P06

ADDETTO ALLE PROVE
NON DISTRUTTIVE E
SEMDISTRUTTIVE
NEL SETTORE CIVILE

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PREMESSA

Indagini HVSR (Horizontal to Vertical Spectral Ratio - Nakamura, 1989)

La ricostruzione della geometria sepolta dei diversi corpi geologici non può compiersi valendosi del solo rilevamento di superficie ed inoltre, ai fini della caratterizzazione delle diverse unità in ambito sismico, è necessario definire, nelle diverse parti del territorio di indagine, i principali contrasti d'impedenza sismica potenzialmente responsabili di fenomeni di risonanza e quindi d'amplificazione del moto sismico atteso in superficie.

Con l'intento di valutare la presenza dei suddetti fenomeni, è stata realizzata una campagna di misure di vibrazioni ambientali a stazione singola facendo uso di un sismografo tridirezionale, le cui acquisizioni sono state analizzate seconde l'approccio HVSR (Horizontal to Vertical Spectral Ratios; Nakamura, 1989). In particolare, si è fatto uso di tromografi digitali portatili del tipo TROMINO™, prodotti da MoHo s.r.l. e dotati d'un sistema d'acquisizione a 24 bit equivalenti.

Il metodo dei rapporti spettrali (H/V o HVSR o anche "metodo di Nakamura"; Nakamura, 1989) nasce da studi condotti in Giappone attorno al 1950. Anche se rimane al centro di un'aspra polemica scientifica che coinvolge aspetti non secondari della procedura (si vedano, per esempio, Bard, 1999; Mucciarelli e Gallipoli, 2001; Lunedei e Albarello, 2010) questa tecnica ha trovato numerose applicazioni ed è oggetto di intensa sperimentazione.

Il metodo è basato sullo studio dei rapporti di ampiezza che nelle diverse frequenze di vibrazione (rapporti spettrali) esistono fra le vibrazioni ambientali misurate sul piano orizzontale (H) e quelle misurate lungo la componente verticale (V). L'idea che sta alla base della procedura è quella secondo cui il rapporto H/V consente di eliminare il ruolo della sorgente (ipoteticamente presente nella stessa misura nelle componenti verticale e orizzontali) isolando gli effetti delle modalità di propagazione delle onde sismiche. In particolare, si osserva che l'andamento dei rapporti spettrali in funzione della frequenza di vibrazione (funzione H/V) mostra dei massimi in corrispondenza delle frequenze di risonanza per le onde di taglio generate da forti variazioni di velocità delle onde S presenti nel sottosuolo (SESAME, 2004; Bonnefoy-Claudet *et al.*, 2006).

Le misure hanno coperto gran parte del Comune di Arezzo, interessando anche i territori urbanizzati delle sue frazioni. Nel complesso, sono state eseguite 40 misure a stazione singola, realizzate nel periodo compreso tra il 21 novembre 2018 ed il 19 dicembre 2018. Le misure sono state eseguite (quando possibile) su terreno libero e sono

caratterizzate da una durata di 20 minuti ciascuna, con frequenza di acquisizione di 128 Hz;

Metodi di elaborazione delle misure: le acquisizioni di vibrazioni ambientali a stazione singola sono state ottenute utilizzando *tromografi digitali portatili* del tipo TROMINO™, prodotti da *Micromed SpA* e dotati di un sistema di acquisizione a 24 bit equivalenti. Le misure sono state eseguite principalmente su terreno libero con frequenza d'acquisizione di 128 Hz e con durata pari a 20 minuti.

Sono state eseguite due acquisizioni e per l'interpretazione è stata presa l'elaborazione risultata migliore:

le acquisizioni sono state analizzate usufruendo del software GRILLA (www.tromino.eu) ed utilizzando lo stesso protocollo (Picozzi, Parolai & Albarello, 2005):

1 - il segnale della singola traccia è stato diviso in finestre non sovrapposte di 20 secondi, su ciascuna delle quali è stata rimossa la deriva lineare eventualmente presente (*detrending*) ed applicato un *tapering coseno* per una frazione del 5% della durata totale della finestra;

2 - gli spettri ricavati sulle diverse componenti sono stati lisciati con una finestra mobile triangolare di estensione pari al 5% della frequenza centrale (finestre di elaborazione e lisciamento di dimensioni rispettivamente maggiori e minori sono state talora usate per verificare la stabilità della curva risultante);

3 - l'ampiezza della componente orizzontale è stata ottenuta come media geometrica delle due componenti spettrali orizzontali;

4 - è stata costruita quindi una curva H/V per ogni finestra dividendo l'ampiezza orizzontale risultante per il valore della componente verticale;

5 - una volta rimosse manualmente le finestre affette da marcati fenomeni transienti, le diverse curve ottenute sono state combinate, ottenendo una curva HVSR media con il relativo intervallo di confidenza al 95%;

6 - sono state effettuate due ulteriori tipologie di analisi finalizzate al controllo della direzionalità del segnale acquisito (al fine di evidenziare la presenza di eventuali eterogeneità azimuthali) e della sua stazionarietà temporale (al fine di far risaltare eventuali marcate variazioni nel tempo della funzione HVSR);

7 - i massimi della funzione H/V sono stati controllati utilizzando la procedura SESAME (2005).

La frequenza fondamentale di risonanza (fr) dei vari sismostrati, relativa alle onde S, si calcola applicando la seguente formula: **fr = VS/(4 h)**

DI SEGUITO ALLA RELAZIONE SONO ALLEGATI TUTTI I REPORT DI TUTTE LE n.40 MISURE HVSR, CON LA RELATIVA DOCUMENTAZIONE FOTOGRAFICA

BIBLIOGRAFIA

- Albarello D., Castellaro S., 2011. *Tecniche sismiche passive*. Ingegneria Sismica, Anno XXVII, 2 (Suppl.), 32-63.
- Lunedei E., Paolucci E., Milani I., Pagliaccia S., Albarello D., Fantozzi P.L., Pieruccini P., 2013. *Dove l'H/V non era mai giunto prima: il caso di Massa*. Atti del 32° Convegno Nazionale GNGTS, 253-261.
- Nakamura Y., 1989. *A method for dynamic characteristics estimation of subsurface using microtremor on the ground surface*. QR Railway Technical Research Institute, 30, 25 - 33.
- Picocazzi M., Parolai S., Albarello D., 2005. *Statistical analysis of Horizontal to Vertical Spectral Ratios (HVSR)*. Bull. Seism. Soc. Am., Vol. 95, NO. 5, PP. 1779–1786, 2005, DOI: 10.1785/0120040152.

TABELLA RIASSUNTIVA DEI RISULTATI DELLE 40 MISURE HVSR

n° Misura	PICCO (Hz)	Ampiezza (HVSR)	PICCO secondario (Hz)	Ampiezza (HVSR)	Classe	Tipo	Coordinate X	Coordinate Y	Luogo
66	3.63	8.89			A	1	1731149.39	4817402.14	Arezzo Palasport Le Caselle
67	0.75	3.98	8	3.5	A	1	1729047.77	4819241.09	Ortali
68	3.53	4.75			A	1	1734328.21	4816091.75	Arezzo Via Lazzeri
69	0.59	2.72			B	1	1728978.26	4820779.05	La Casina - Quarata
70	2.66	6.44			A	1	1728525.47	4815590.29	Zona Ponte a Chiani Via Chiari
71	no				B	2	1729600.49	4819976.25	Quarata Campo Aeroplani
72	2.25	4.69			A	1	1732863.09	4815506.18	Arezzo Asilo Via Cesti
73	4.38	4.04			A	1	1733348.57	4817655.76	Arezzo Catona
74	1.84	4.48			B	1	1733158.27	4816676.27	Arezzo Aeroporto
75	1.88	5.28			A	1	1731203.88	4818214.59	Arezzo Gavardello lato Malpino
76	1.34	4.09			A	1	1729565.19	4816538.92	Arezzo Via Romana - Vestr
77	3.13	6.18			A	1	1732575.27	4817360.49	Arezzo Istituto Vasari Via Genova
78	2.66	6.78			A	1	1728573.68	4816127.07	Ponte alla nave
79	2.09	5.9			A	1	1732847.29	4817865.04	Arezzo Loc. Tuccarello ss71
80	3.66	6.15			A	1	1729577.11	4816373.92	Carbonaia
81	3.72	11.5			A	1	1732162.33	4816681.72	Arezzo Parco Baldaccio
82	2.28	8.54			A	1	1733852.7	4815428.69	Arezzo Parco Tra via Giotto e Via Sanzio
83	1.78	6.06			A	1	1733334.61	4815783.36	Arezzo Parco Pertini
84	15.78	6.48			A	1	1733376.67	4816120.49	Arezzo Via Adua
85	1.31	2.9			A	1	1729491.73	4817774.88	San Leo 2
86	4	8.54			A	1	1730171.66	4816509.19	Arezzo Pratacci Via Edison
87	4.31	2.71			B	1	1729824.93	4816931.11	Arezzo Pratacci Via Morse
88	no				B	2	1733523.84	4816468.59	Arezzo Prato
89	1.44	6.35			A	1	1733132.12	4815447.15	Arezzo pressi istituto Geometri
90	3.25	5.63			A	1	1730257.14	4815872.37	Arezzo Ingresso Aeroporto
91	2.63	5.76			A	1	1732784.71	4814686.2	Arezzo Giardino Vicino Esselunga
92	10.31	8.33			A	1	1732615.94	4815973.96	Arezzo stazione Parco Viale Maginardo
93	3.41	10.34			A	1	1733667.24	4815958.29	Palazzo del Pero
94	2.09	5.87			A	1	1734630.6	4815954.15	Arezzo Via Calò
95	0.88	3.1			B	1	1728444.8	4820242.03	Quarata centro Storico
96	7.78	4.32			B	1	1734033.32	4816601.2	Arezzo Via Coradini Cappuccini
97	2.25	4.83			A	1	1730911.15	4815857.21	Arezzo Via Emanuele Petri
98	1.94	6.75			A	1	1732101.83	4815030.19	Via James Cook
99	no				B	2	1730522.8	4818013.39	Montione pressi castro
100	11.59	4.45			A	1	1727441.65	4815671.04	Chianì zona nuova
101	2.09	5.06			A	1	1732122.71	4819420.77	Ceciliano
102	3.31	4.89			B	1	1736097.26	4813651.43	Bivio Stoppedarca
103	3.13	3.21			B	1	1728304.69	4811178.76	San Zeno Centro Ippico
104	3.13	3.02			B	1	1733985.76	4820571.22	Puglia Tregozzano
105	1.25	3.94			A	1	1732514.56	4814282.46	La Sella

P66 (MS livello 1 - Arezzo)

Instrument: TEP-0168/01-11

Data format: 16 byte

Full scale [mV]: n.a.

Start recording: 29/11/18 16:25:09 End recording: 29/11/18 16:45:09

Channel labels: NORTH SOUTH; EAST WEST ; UP DOWN

GPS data not available

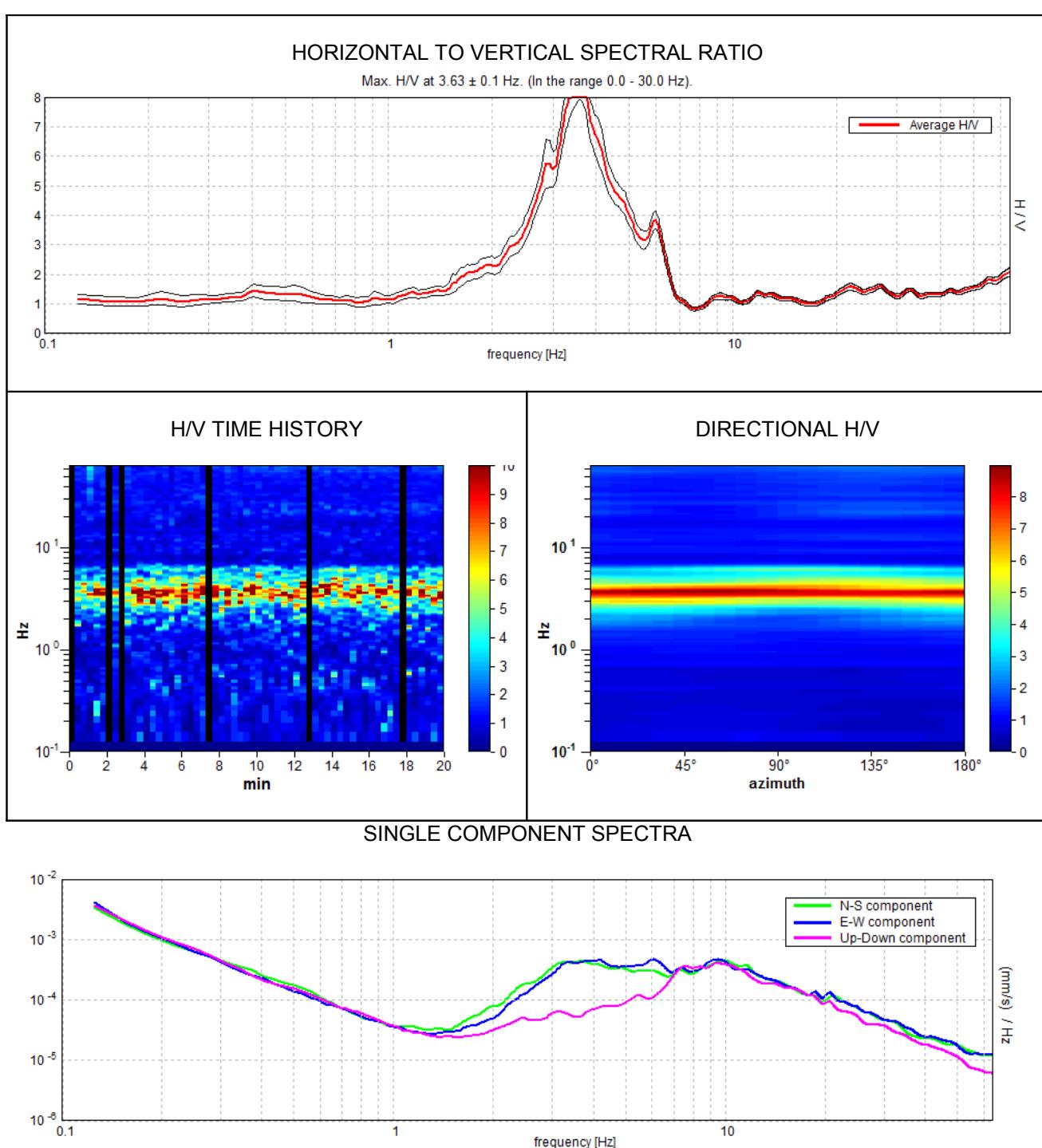
Trace length: 0h20'00". Analyzed 90% trace (manual window selection)

Sampling rate: 128 Hz

Window size: 20 s

Smoothing type: Triangular window

Smoothing: 5%



[According to the SESAME, 2005 guidelines. Please read carefully the *Grilla* manual before interpreting the following tables.]

Max. H/V at 3.63 ± 0.1 Hz (in the range 0.0 - 30.0 Hz).

Criteria for a reliable H/V curve

[All 3 should be fulfilled]

$f_0 > 10 / L_w$	$3.63 > 0.50$	OK	
$n_c(f_0) > 200$	$3915.0 > 200$	OK	
$\sigma_A(f) < 2$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 > 0.5\text{Hz}$ $\sigma_A(f) < 3$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 < 0.5\text{Hz}$	Exceeded 0 out of 175 times	OK	

Criteria for a clear H/V peak

[At least 5 out of 6 should be fulfilled]

Exists f^- in $[f_0/4, f_0]$ $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0 / 2$	2.656 Hz	OK	
Exists f^+ in $[f_0, 4f_0]$ $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0 / 2$	4.844 Hz	OK	
$A_0 > 2$	$8.89 > 2$	OK	
$f_{peak}[A_{H/V}(f) \pm \sigma_A(f)] = f_0 \pm 5\%$	$ 0.02683 < 0.05$	OK	
$\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$	$0.09725 < 0.18125$	OK	
$\sigma_A(f_0) < \theta(f_0)$	$1.0013 < 1.58$	OK	

L_w	window length
n_w	number of windows used in the analysis
$n_c = L_w n_w f_0$	number of significant cycles
f	current frequency
f_0	H/V peak frequency
σ_f	standard deviation of H/V peak frequency
$\varepsilon(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$
A_0	H/V peak amplitude at frequency f_0
$A_{H/V}(f)$	H/V curve amplitude at frequency f
f^-	frequency between $f_0/4$ and f_0 for which $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0/2$
f^+	frequency between f_0 and $4f_0$ for which $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0/2$
$\sigma_A(f)$	standard deviation of $A_{H/V}(f)$, $\sigma_A(f)$ is the factor by which the mean $A_{H/V}(f)$ curve should be multiplied or divided
$\sigma_{\log H/V}(f)$	standard deviation of $\log A_{H/V}(f)$ curve
$\theta(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_A(f) < \theta(f_0)$

Threshold values for σ_f and $\sigma_A(f_0)$

Freq. range [Hz]	< 0.2	0.2 – 0.5	0.5 – 1.0	1.0 – 2.0	> 2.0
$\varepsilon(f_0)$ [Hz]	$0.25 f_0$	$0.2 f_0$	$0.15 f_0$	$0.10 f_0$	$0.05 f_0$
$\theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_A(f_0)$	3.0	2.5	2.0	1.78	1.58
$\log \theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_{\log H/V}(f_0)$	0.48	0.40	0.30	0.25	0.20



P66

P67 (MS livello 1 - Arezzo)

Instrument: TEP-0116/01-10

Data format: 16 byte

Full scale [mV]: n.a.

Start recording: 28/11/18 15:40:40 End recording: 28/11/18 16:00:41

Channel labels: NORTH SOUTH; EAST WEST ; UP DOWN

GPS data not available

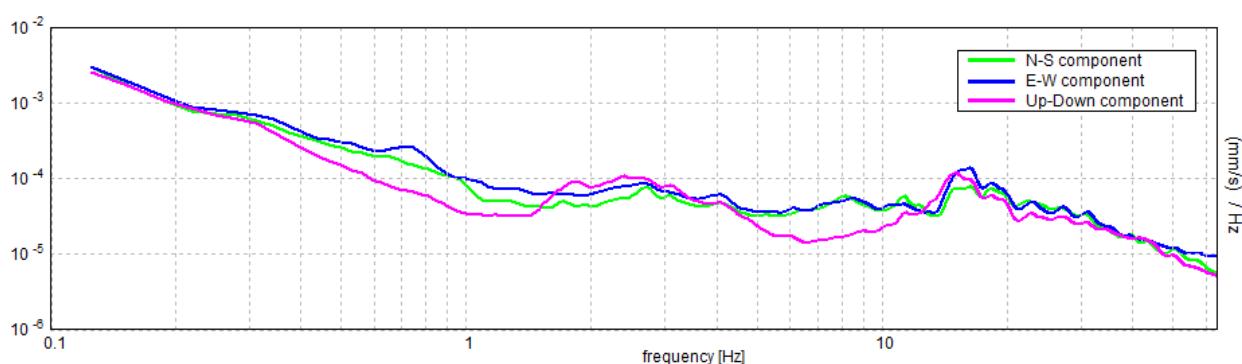
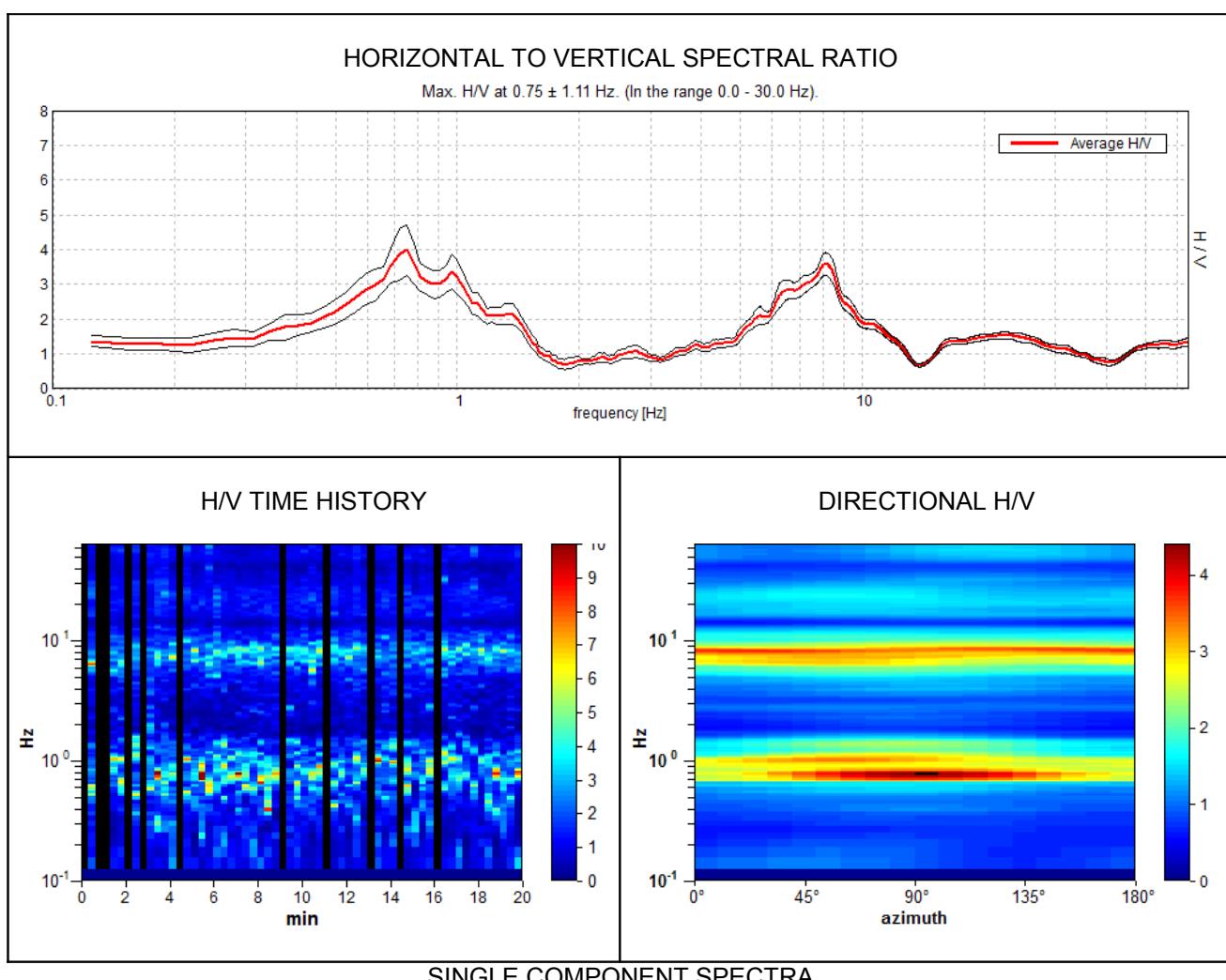
Trace length: 0h20'00". Analyzed 82% trace (manual window selection)

Sampling rate: 128 Hz

Window size: 20 s

Smoothing type: Triangular window

Smoothing: 5%



[According to the SESAME, 2005 guidelines. Please read carefully the *Grilla* manual before interpreting the following tables.]

Max. H/V at 0.75 ± 1.11 Hz (in the range 0.0 - 30.0 Hz).

Criteria for a reliable H/V curve

[All 3 should be fulfilled]

$f_0 > 10 / L_w$	$0.75 > 0.50$	OK	
$n_c(f_0) > 200$	$735.0 > 200$	OK	
$\sigma_A(f) < 2$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 > 0.5\text{Hz}$ $\sigma_A(f) < 3$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 < 0.5\text{Hz}$	Exceeded 0 out of 37 times	OK	

Criteria for a clear H/V peak

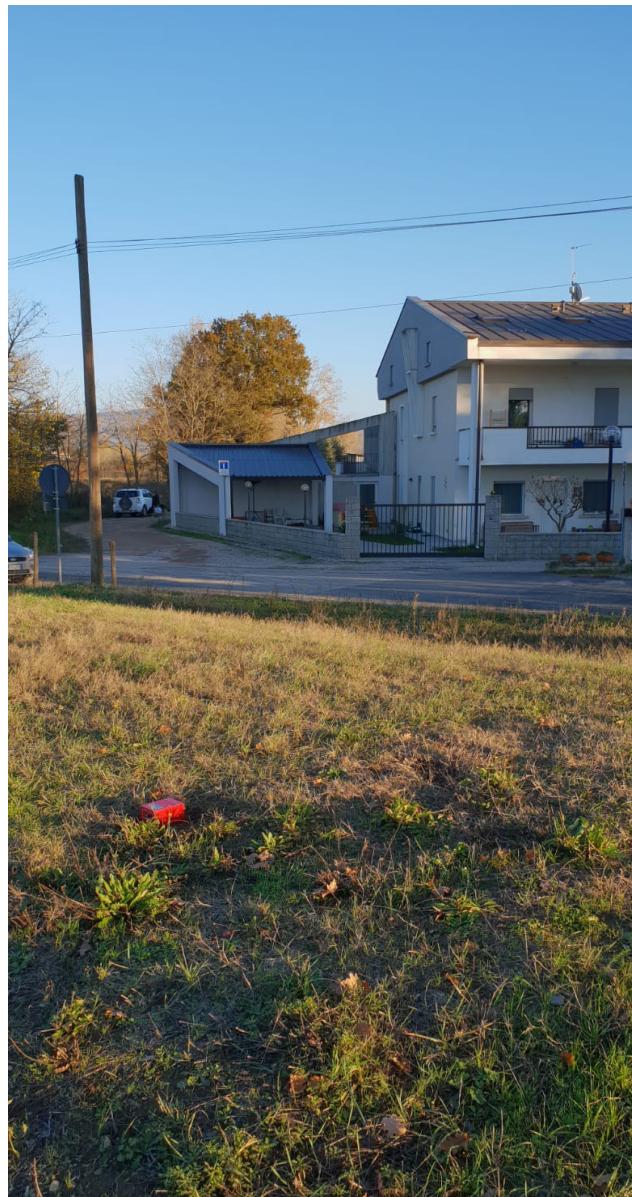
[At least 5 out of 6 should be fulfilled]

Exists f^- in $[f_0/4, f_0]$ $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0 / 2$	0.438 Hz	OK	
Exists f^+ in $[f_0, 4f_0]$ $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0 / 2$	1.438 Hz	OK	
$A_0 > 2$	$3.98 > 2$	OK	
$f_{peak}[A_{H/V}(f) \pm \sigma_A(f)] = f_0 \pm 5\%$	$ 1.48478 < 0.05$		NO
$\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$	$1.11359 < 0.1125$		NO
$\sigma_A(f_0) < \theta(f_0)$	$0.735 < 2.0$	OK	

L_w	window length
n_w	number of windows used in the analysis
$n_c = L_w n_w f_0$	number of significant cycles
f	current frequency
f_0	H/V peak frequency
σ_f	standard deviation of H/V peak frequency
$\varepsilon(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$
A_0	H/V peak amplitude at frequency f_0
$A_{H/V}(f)$	H/V curve amplitude at frequency f
f^-	frequency between $f_0/4$ and f_0 for which $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0/2$
f^+	frequency between f_0 and $4f_0$ for which $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0/2$
$\sigma_A(f)$	standard deviation of $A_{H/V}(f)$, $\sigma_A(f)$ is the factor by which the mean $A_{H/V}(f)$ curve should be multiplied or divided
$\sigma_{\log H/V}(f)$	standard deviation of $\log A_{H/V}(f)$ curve
$\theta(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_A(f) < \theta(f_0)$

Threshold values for σ_f and $\sigma_A(f_0)$

Freq. range [Hz]	< 0.2	0.2 – 0.5	0.5 – 1.0	1.0 – 2.0	> 2.0
$\varepsilon(f_0)$ [Hz]	$0.25 f_0$	$0.2 f_0$	$0.15 f_0$	$0.10 f_0$	$0.05 f_0$
$\theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_A(f_0)$	3.0	2.5	2.0	1.78	1.58
$\log \theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_{\log H/V}(f_0)$	0.48	0.40	0.30	0.25	0.20



P67

P68 (MS livello 1 - Arezzo)

Instrument: TEP-0168/01-11

Data format: 16 byte

Full scale [mV]: n.a.

Start recording: 14/12/18 13:14:41 End recording: 14/12/18 13:34:41

Channel labels: NORTH SOUTH; EAST WEST ; UP DOWN

GPS data not available

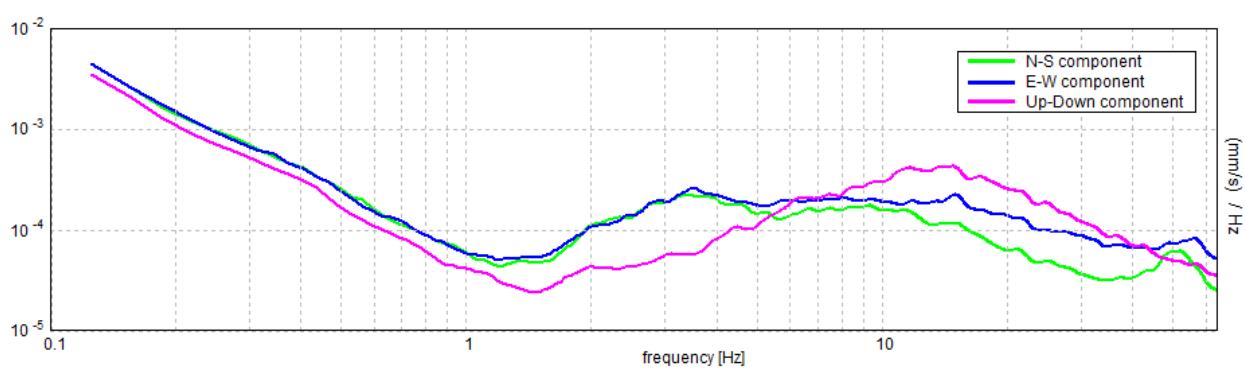
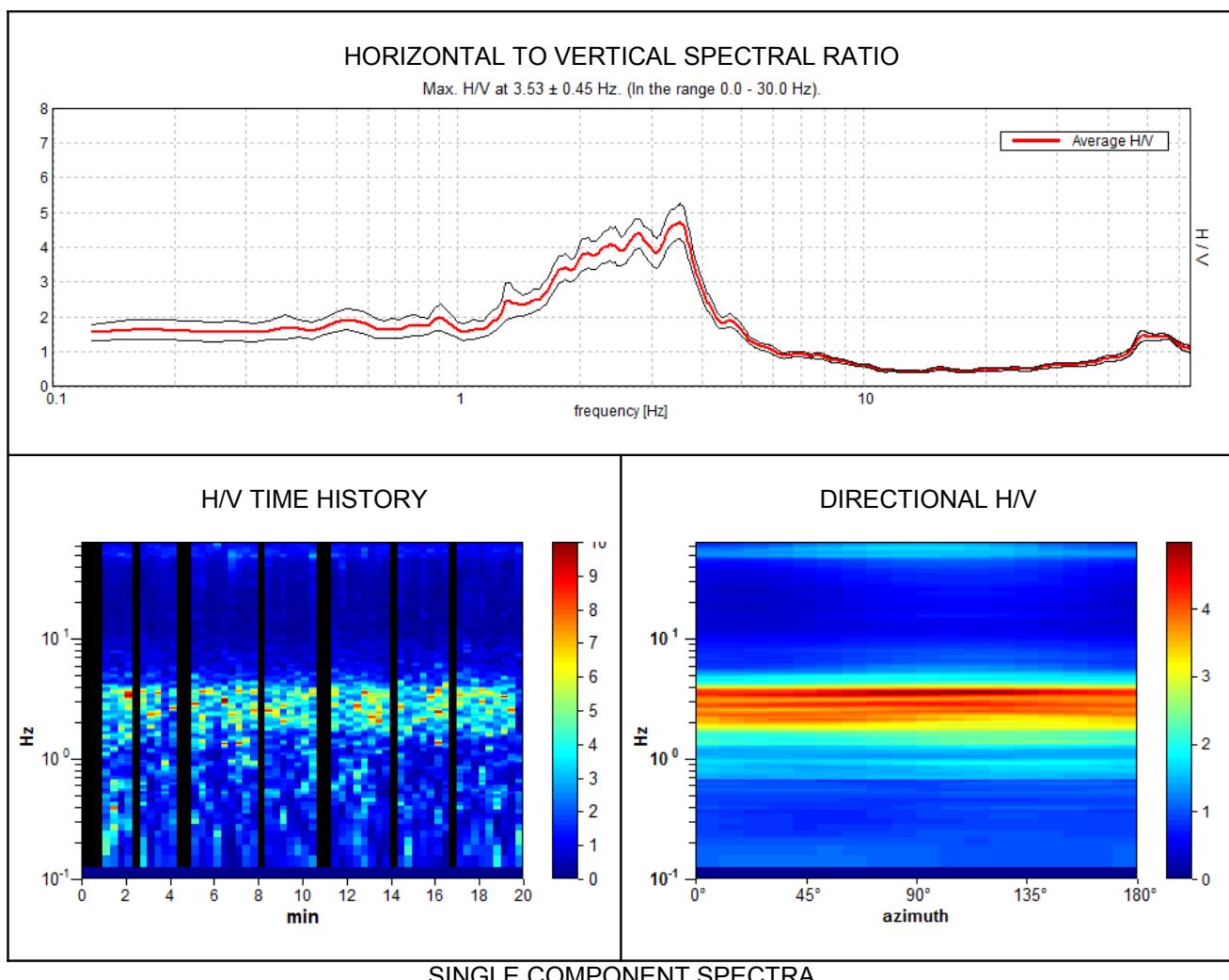
Trace length: 0h20'00". Analyzed 82% trace (manual window selection)

Sampling rate: 128 Hz

Window size: 20 s

Smoothing type: Triangular window

Smoothing: 5%



[According to the SESAME, 2005 guidelines. Please read carefully the *Grilla* manual before interpreting the following tables.]

Max. H/V at 3.53 ± 0.45 Hz (in the range 0.0 - 30.0 Hz).

Criteria for a reliable H/V curve

[All 3 should be fulfilled]

$f_0 > 10 / L_w$	$3.53 > 0.50$	OK	
$n_c(f_0) > 200$	$3460.6 > 200$	OK	
$\sigma_A(f) < 2$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 > 0.5\text{Hz}$ $\sigma_A(f) < 3$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 < 0.5\text{Hz}$	Exceeded 0 out of 170 times	OK	

Criteria for a clear H/V peak

[At least 5 out of 6 should be fulfilled]

Exists f^- in $[f_0/4, f_0]$ $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0 / 2$	1.469 Hz	OK	
Exists f^+ in $[f_0, 4f_0]$ $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0 / 2$	4.188 Hz	OK	
$A_0 > 2$	$4.75 > 2$	OK	
$f_{peak}[A_{H/V}(f) \pm \sigma_A(f)] = f_0 \pm 5\%$	$ 0.12822 < 0.05$		NO
$\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$	$0.45277 < 0.17656$		NO
$\sigma_A(f_0) < \theta(f_0)$	$0.5168 < 1.58$	OK	

L_w	window length
n_w	number of windows used in the analysis
$n_c = L_w n_w f_0$	number of significant cycles
f	current frequency
f_0	H/V peak frequency
σ_f	standard deviation of H/V peak frequency
$\varepsilon(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$
A_0	H/V peak amplitude at frequency f_0
$A_{H/V}(f)$	H/V curve amplitude at frequency f
f^-	frequency between $f_0/4$ and f_0 for which $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0/2$
f^+	frequency between f_0 and $4f_0$ for which $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0/2$
$\sigma_A(f)$	standard deviation of $A_{H/V}(f)$, $\sigma_A(f)$ is the factor by which the mean $A_{H/V}(f)$ curve should be multiplied or divided
$\sigma_{\log H/V}(f)$	standard deviation of $\log A_{H/V}(f)$ curve
$\theta(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_A(f) < \theta(f_0)$

Threshold values for σ_f and $\sigma_A(f_0)$

Freq. range [Hz]	< 0.2	0.2 – 0.5	0.5 – 1.0	1.0 – 2.0	> 2.0
$\varepsilon(f_0)$ [Hz]	$0.25 f_0$	$0.2 f_0$	$0.15 f_0$	$0.10 f_0$	$0.05 f_0$
$\theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_A(f_0)$	3.0	2.5	2.0	1.78	1.58
$\log \theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_{\log H/V}(f_0)$	0.48	0.40	0.30	0.25	0.20



P68

P69 (MS livello 1 - Arezzo)

Instrument: TEP-0116/01-10

Data format: 16 byte

Full scale [mV]: n.a.

Start recording: 28/11/18 14:08:58 End recording: 28/11/18 14:28:59

Channel labels: NORTH SOUTH; EAST WEST ; UP DOWN

GPS data not available

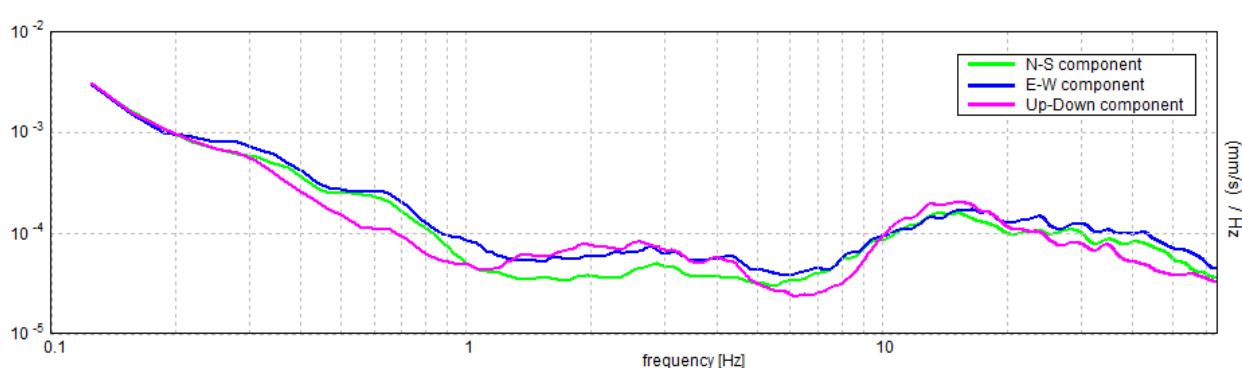
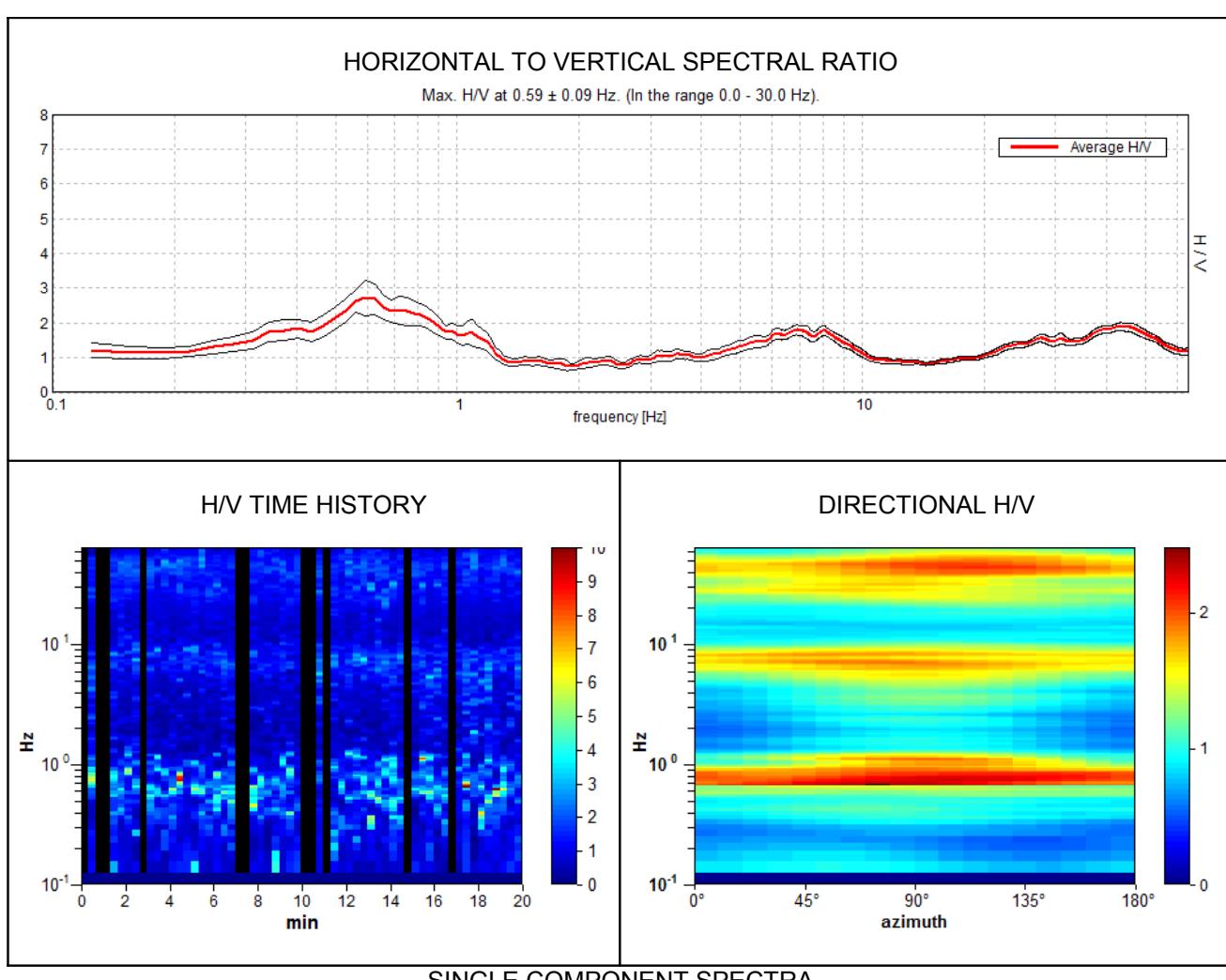
Trace length: 0h20'00". Analyzed 82% trace (manual window selection)

Sampling rate: 128 Hz

Window size: 20 s

Smoothing type: Triangular window

Smoothing: 5%



[According to the SESAME, 2005 guidelines. Please read carefully the *Grilla* manual before interpreting the following tables.]

Max. H/V at 0.59 ± 0.09 Hz (in the range 0.0 - 30.0 Hz).

Criteria for a reliable H/V curve

[All 3 should be fulfilled]

$f_0 > 10 / L_w$	$0.59 > 0.50$	OK	
$n_c(f_0) > 200$	$581.9 > 200$	OK	
$\sigma_A(f) < 2$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 > 0.5\text{Hz}$ $\sigma_A(f) < 3$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 < 0.5\text{Hz}$	Exceeded 0 out of 30 times	OK	

Criteria for a clear H/V peak

[At least 5 out of 6 should be fulfilled]

Exists f^- in $[f_0/4, f_0]$ $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0 / 2$	0.25 Hz	OK	
Exists f^+ in $[f_0, 4f_0]$ $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0 / 2$	1.219 Hz	OK	
$A_0 > 2$	$2.72 > 2$	OK	
$f_{peak}[A_{H/V}(f) \pm \sigma_A(f)] = f_0 \pm 5\%$	$ 0.15409 < 0.05$		NO
$\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$	$0.09149 < 0.08906$		NO
$\sigma_A(f_0) < \theta(f_0)$	$0.4972 < 2.0$	OK	

L_w	window length
n_w	number of windows used in the analysis
$n_c = L_w n_w f_0$	number of significant cycles
f	current frequency
f_0	H/V peak frequency
σ_f	standard deviation of H/V peak frequency
$\varepsilon(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$
A_0	H/V peak amplitude at frequency f_0
$A_{H/V}(f)$	H/V curve amplitude at frequency f
f^-	frequency between $f_0/4$ and f_0 for which $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0/2$
f^+	frequency between f_0 and $4f_0$ for which $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0/2$
$\sigma_A(f)$	standard deviation of $A_{H/V}(f)$, $\sigma_A(f)$ is the factor by which the mean $A_{H/V}(f)$ curve should be multiplied or divided
$\sigma_{\log H/V}(f)$	standard deviation of $\log A_{H/V}(f)$ curve
$\theta(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_A(f) < \theta(f_0)$

Threshold values for σ_f and $\sigma_A(f_0)$

Freq. range [Hz]	< 0.2	0.2 – 0.5	0.5 – 1.0	1.0 – 2.0	> 2.0
$\varepsilon(f_0)$ [Hz]	$0.25 f_0$	$0.2 f_0$	$0.15 f_0$	$0.10 f_0$	$0.05 f_0$
$\theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_A(f_0)$	3.0	2.5	2.0	1.78	1.58
$\log \theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_{\log H/V}(f_0)$	0.48	0.40	0.30	0.25	0.20



P69

P70 (MS livello 1 - Arezzo)

Instrument: TEP-0168/01-11

Data format: 16 byte

Full scale [mV]: n.a.

Start recording: 29/11/18 10:14:57 End recording: 29/11/18 10:34:57

Channel labels: NORTH SOUTH; EAST WEST; UP DOWN

GPS data not available

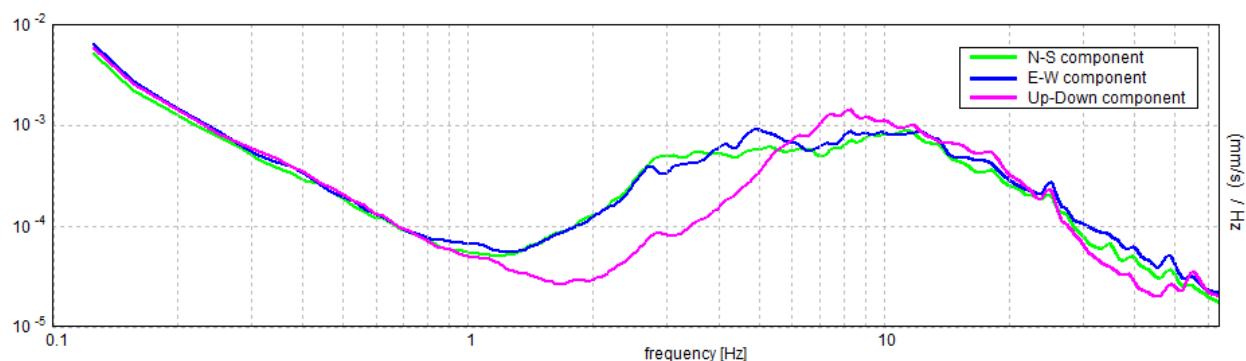
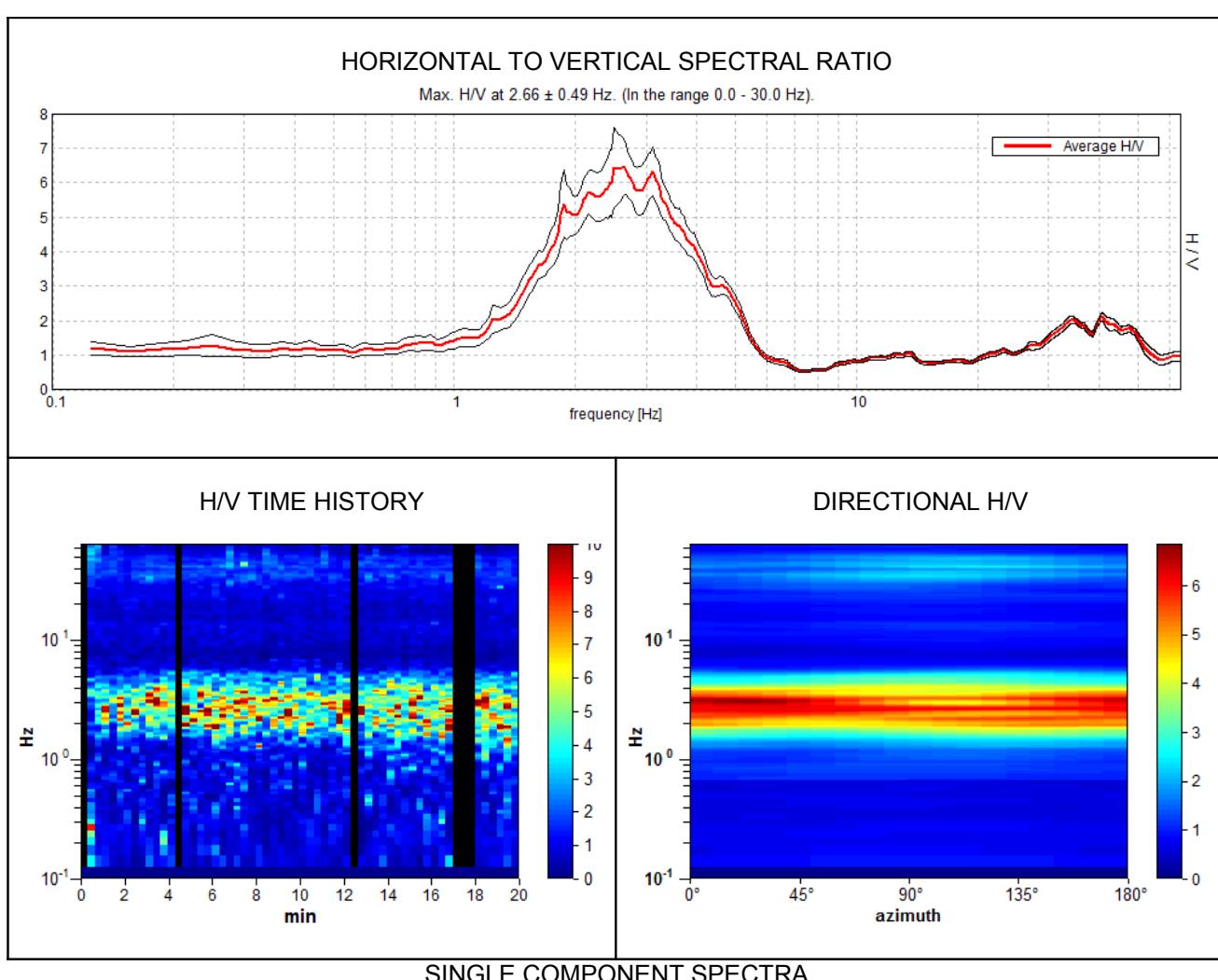
Trace length: 0h20'00". Analyzed 90% trace (manual window selection)

Sampling rate: 128 Hz

Window size: 20 s

Smoothing type: Triangular window

Smoothing: 5%



[According to the SESAME, 2005 guidelines. Please read carefully the *Grilla* manual before interpreting the following tables.]

Max. H/V at 2.66 ± 0.49 Hz (in the range 0.0 - 30.0 Hz).

Criteria for a reliable H/V curve

[All 3 should be fulfilled]

$f_0 > 10 / L_w$	$2.66 > 0.50$	OK	
$n_c(f_0) > 200$	$2868.8 > 200$	OK	
$\sigma_A(f) < 2$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 > 0.5\text{Hz}$ $\sigma_A(f) < 3$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 < 0.5\text{Hz}$	Exceeded 0 out of 128 times	OK	

Criteria for a clear H/V peak

[At least 5 out of 6 should be fulfilled]

Exists f^- in $[f_0/4, f_0]$ $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0 / 2$	1.531 Hz	OK	
Exists f^+ in $[f_0, 4f_0]$ $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0 / 2$	4.281 Hz	OK	
$A_0 > 2$	6.44 > 2	OK	
$f_{peak}[A_{H/V}(f) \pm \sigma_A(f)] = f_0 \pm 5\%$	$ 0.18321 < 0.05$		NO
$\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$	$0.48666 < 0.13281$		NO
$\sigma_A(f_0) < \theta(f_0)$	$0.7684 < 1.58$	OK	

L_w	window length
n_w	number of windows used in the analysis
$n_c = L_w n_w f_0$	number of significant cycles
f	current frequency
f_0	H/V peak frequency
σ_f	standard deviation of H/V peak frequency
$\varepsilon(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$
A_0	H/V peak amplitude at frequency f_0
$A_{H/V}(f)$	H/V curve amplitude at frequency f
f^-	frequency between $f_0/4$ and f_0 for which $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0/2$
f^+	frequency between f_0 and $4f_0$ for which $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0/2$
$\sigma_A(f)$	standard deviation of $A_{H/V}(f)$, $\sigma_A(f)$ is the factor by which the mean $A_{H/V}(f)$ curve should be multiplied or divided
$\sigma_{\log H/V}(f)$	standard deviation of $\log A_{H/V}(f)$ curve
$\theta(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_A(f) < \theta(f_0)$

Threshold values for σ_f and $\sigma_A(f_0)$

Freq. range [Hz]	< 0.2	0.2 – 0.5	0.5 – 1.0	1.0 – 2.0	> 2.0
$\varepsilon(f_0)$ [Hz]	$0.25 f_0$	$0.2 f_0$	$0.15 f_0$	$0.10 f_0$	$0.05 f_0$
$\theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_A(f_0)$	3.0	2.5	2.0	1.78	1.58
$\log \theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_{\log H/V}(f_0)$	0.48	0.40	0.30	0.25	0.20



P70

P71 (MS livello 1 - Arezzo)

Instrument: TEP-0116/01-10

Data format: 16 byte

Full scale [mV]: n.a.

Start recording: 28/11/18 15:12:15 End recording: 28/11/18 15:32:16

Channel labels: NORTH SOUTH; EAST WEST ; UP DOWN

GPS data not available

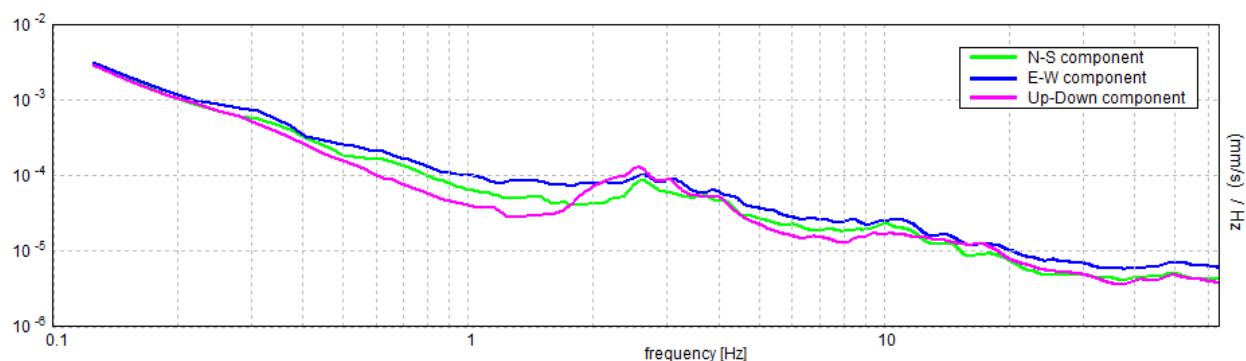
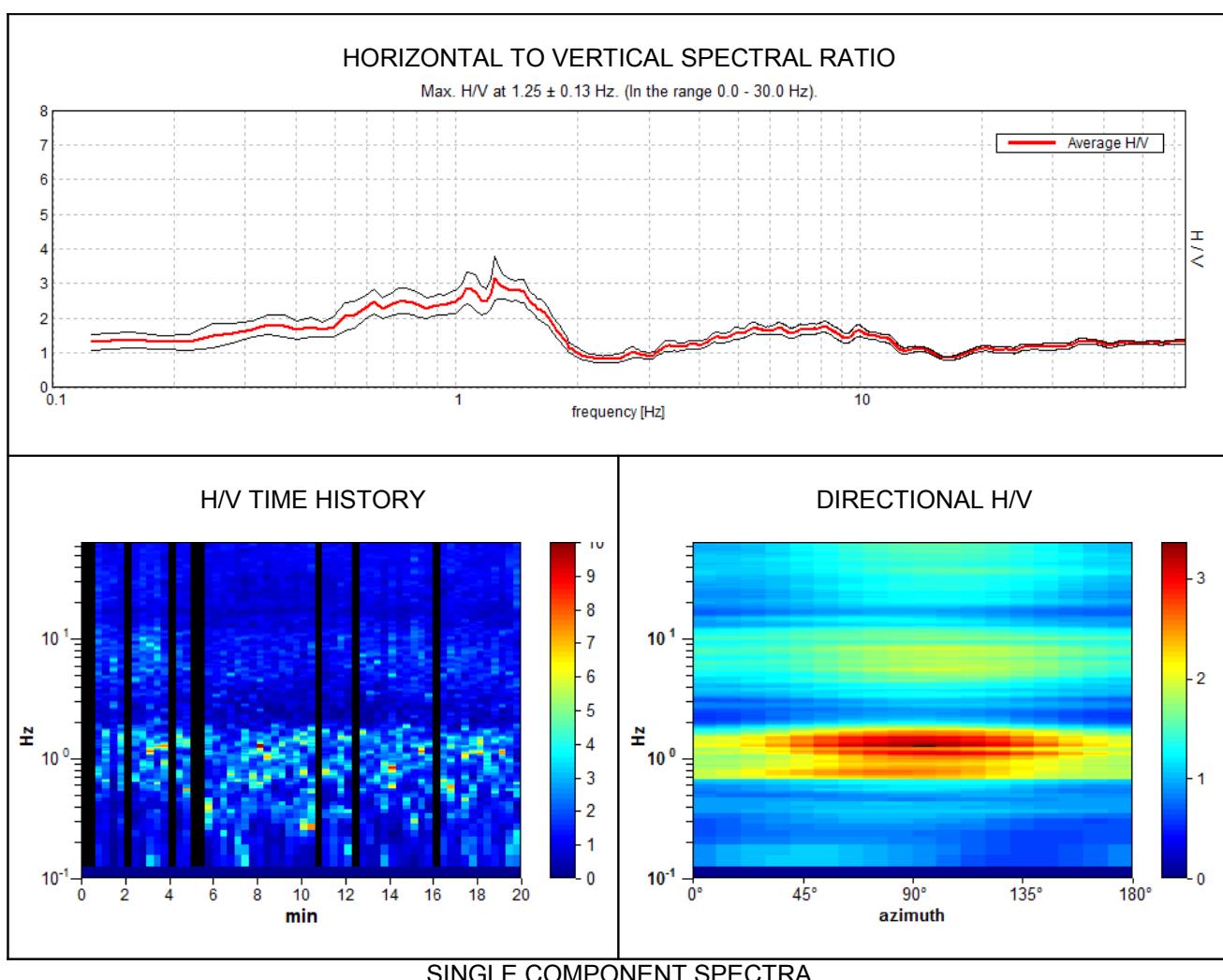
Trace length: 0h20'00". Analyzed 85% trace (manual window selection)

Sampling rate: 128 Hz

Window size: 20 s

Smoothing type: Triangular window

Smoothing: 5%



[According to the SESAME, 2005 guidelines. Please read carefully the *Grilla* manual before interpreting the following tables.]

Max. H/V at 1.25 ± 0.13 Hz (in the range 0.0 - 30.0 Hz).

Criteria for a reliable H/V curve

[All 3 should be fulfilled]

$f_0 > 10 / L_w$	$1.25 > 0.50$	OK	
$n_c(f_0) > 200$	$1275.0 > 200$	OK	
$\sigma_A(f) < 2$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 > 0.5\text{Hz}$ $\sigma_A(f) < 3$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 < 0.5\text{Hz}$	Exceeded 0 out of 61 times	OK	

Criteria for a clear H/V peak

[At least 5 out of 6 should be fulfilled]

Exists f^- in $[f_0/4, f_0]$ $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0 / 2$			NO
Exists f^+ in $[f_0, 4f_0]$ $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0 / 2$	1.813 Hz	OK	
$A_0 > 2$	$3.16 > 2$	OK	
$f_{peak}[A_{H/V}(f) \pm \sigma_A(f)] = f_0 \pm 5\%$	$ 0.1042 < 0.05$		NO
$\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$	$0.13025 < 0.125$		NO
$\sigma_A(f_0) < \theta(f_0)$	$0.6314 < 1.78$	OK	

L_w	window length
n_w	number of windows used in the analysis
$n_c = L_w n_w f_0$	number of significant cycles
f	current frequency
f_0	H/V peak frequency
σ_f	standard deviation of H/V peak frequency
$\varepsilon(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$
A_0	H/V peak amplitude at frequency f_0
$A_{H/V}(f)$	H/V curve amplitude at frequency f
f^-	frequency between $f_0/4$ and f_0 for which $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0/2$
f^+	frequency between f_0 and $4f_0$ for which $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0/2$
$\sigma_A(f)$	standard deviation of $A_{H/V}(f)$, $\sigma_A(f)$ is the factor by which the mean $A_{H/V}(f)$ curve should be multiplied or divided
$\sigma_{\log H/V}(f)$	standard deviation of $\log A_{H/V}(f)$ curve
$\theta(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_A(f) < \theta(f_0)$

Threshold values for σ_f and $\sigma_A(f_0)$

Freq. range [Hz]	< 0.2	0.2 – 0.5	0.5 – 1.0	1.0 – 2.0	> 2.0
$\varepsilon(f_0)$ [Hz]	$0.25 f_0$	$0.2 f_0$	$0.15 f_0$	$0.10 f_0$	$0.05 f_0$
$\theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_A(f_0)$	3.0	2.5	2.0	1.78	1.58
$\log \theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_{\log H/V}(f_0)$	0.48	0.40	0.30	0.25	0.20



P71

P72 (MS livello 1 - Arezzo)

Instrument: TEP-0168/01-11

Data format: 16 byte

Full scale [mV]: n.a.

Start recording: 27/11/18 11:34:09 End recording: 27/11/18 11:54:09

Channel labels: NORTH SOUTH; EAST WEST ; UP DOWN

GPS data not available

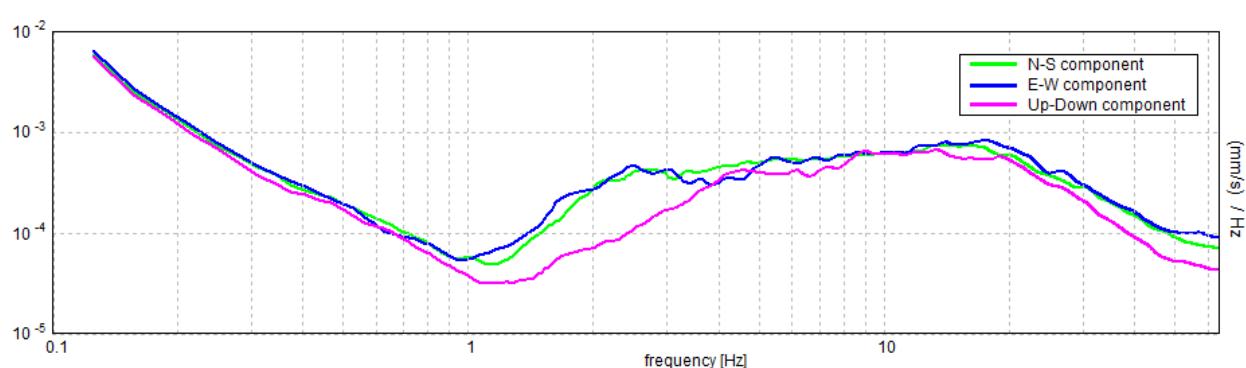
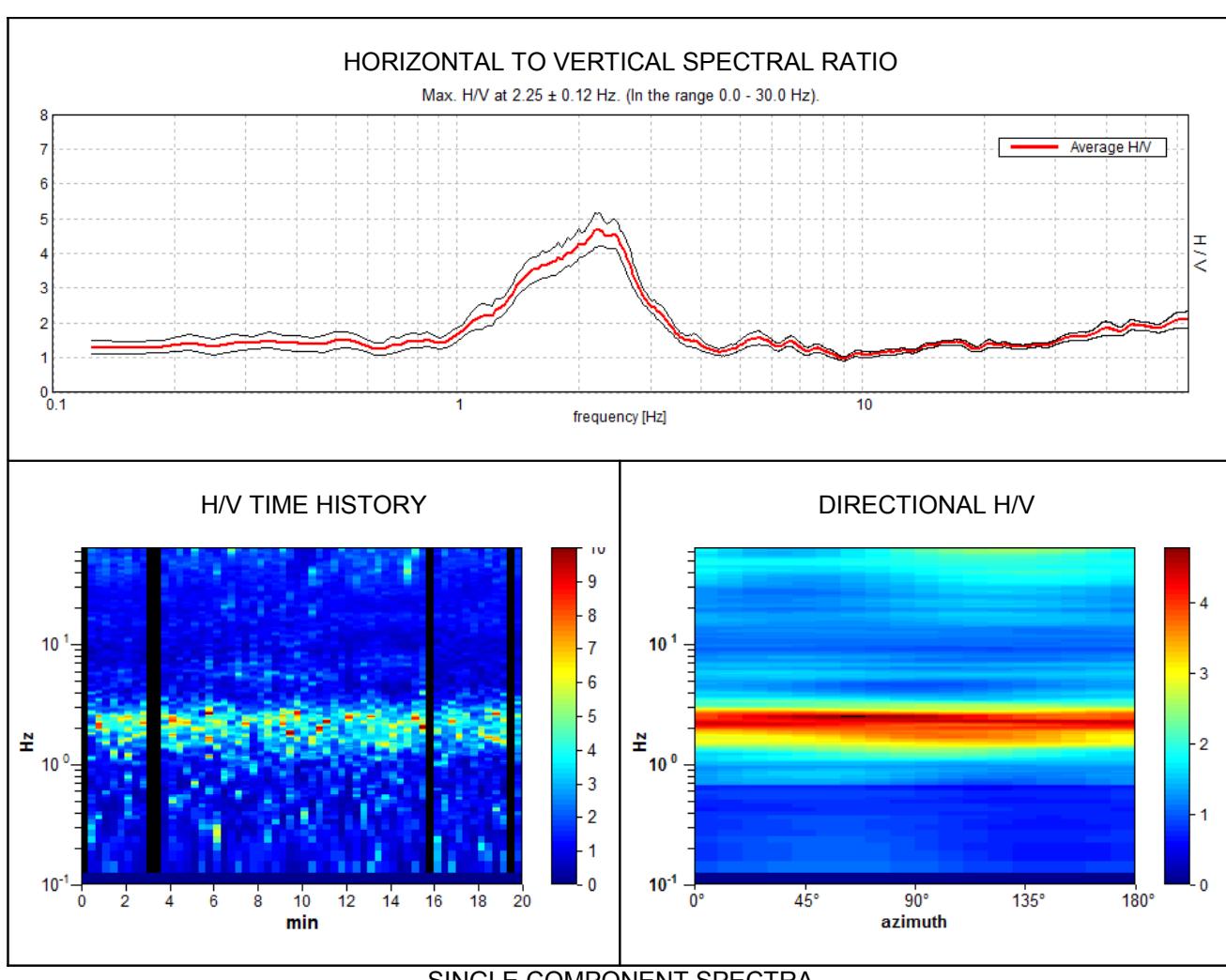
Trace length: 0h20'00". Analyzed 92% trace (manual window selection)

Sampling rate: 128 Hz

Window size: 20 s

Smoothing type: Triangular window

Smoothing: 5%



[According to the SESAME, 2005 guidelines. Please read carefully the *Grilla* manual before interpreting the following tables.]

Max. H/V at 2.25 ± 0.12 Hz (in the range 0.0 - 30.0 Hz).

Criteria for a reliable H/V curve

[All 3 should be fulfilled]

$f_0 > 10 / L_w$	$2.25 > 0.50$	OK	
$n_c(f_0) > 200$	$2475.0 > 200$	OK	
$\sigma_A(f) < 2$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 > 0.5\text{Hz}$ $\sigma_A(f) < 3$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 < 0.5\text{Hz}$	Exceeded 0 out of 109 times	OK	

Criteria for a clear H/V peak

[At least 5 out of 6 should be fulfilled]

Exists f^- in $[f_0/4, f_0]$ $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0 / 2$	1.219 Hz	OK	
Exists f^+ in $[f_0, 4f_0]$ $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0 / 2$	3.125 Hz	OK	
$A_0 > 2$	$4.69 > 2$	OK	
$f_{peak}[A_{H/V}(f) \pm \sigma_A(f)] = f_0 \pm 5\%$	$ 0.053 < 0.05$		NO
$\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$	$0.11926 < 0.1125$		NO
$\sigma_A(f_0) < \theta(f_0)$	$0.4595 < 1.58$	OK	

L_w	window length
n_w	number of windows used in the analysis
$n_c = L_w n_w f_0$	number of significant cycles
f	current frequency
f_0	H/V peak frequency
σ_f	standard deviation of H/V peak frequency
$\varepsilon(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$
A_0	H/V peak amplitude at frequency f_0
$A_{H/V}(f)$	H/V curve amplitude at frequency f
f^-	frequency between $f_0/4$ and f_0 for which $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0/2$
f^+	frequency between f_0 and $4f_0$ for which $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0/2$
$\sigma_A(f)$	standard deviation of $A_{H/V}(f)$, $\sigma_A(f)$ is the factor by which the mean $A_{H/V}(f)$ curve should be multiplied or divided
$\sigma_{\log H/V}(f)$	standard deviation of $\log A_{H/V}(f)$ curve
$\theta(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_A(f) < \theta(f_0)$

Threshold values for σ_f and $\sigma_A(f_0)$

Freq. range [Hz]	< 0.2	0.2 – 0.5	0.5 – 1.0	1.0 – 2.0	> 2.0
$\varepsilon(f_0)$ [Hz]	$0.25 f_0$	$0.2 f_0$	$0.15 f_0$	$0.10 f_0$	$0.05 f_0$
$\theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_A(f_0)$	3.0	2.5	2.0	1.78	1.58
$\log \theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_{\log H/V}(f_0)$	0.48	0.40	0.30	0.25	0.20



P72

P73

(MS livello 1 - Arezzo)

Instrument: TEP-0116/01-10

Data format: 16 byte

Full scale [mV]: n.a.

Start recording: 29/11/18 15:38:05 End recording: 29/11/18 15:58:05

Channel labels: NORTH SOUTH; EAST WEST ; UP DOWN

GPS data not available

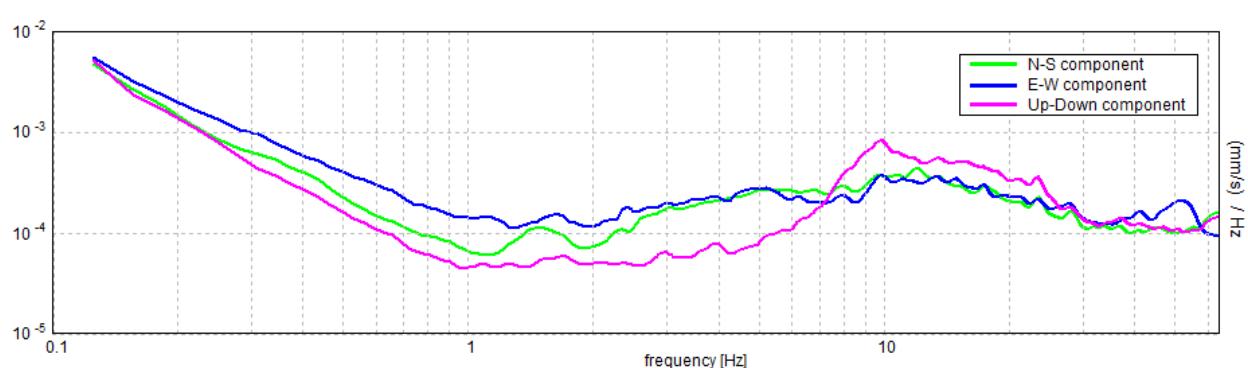
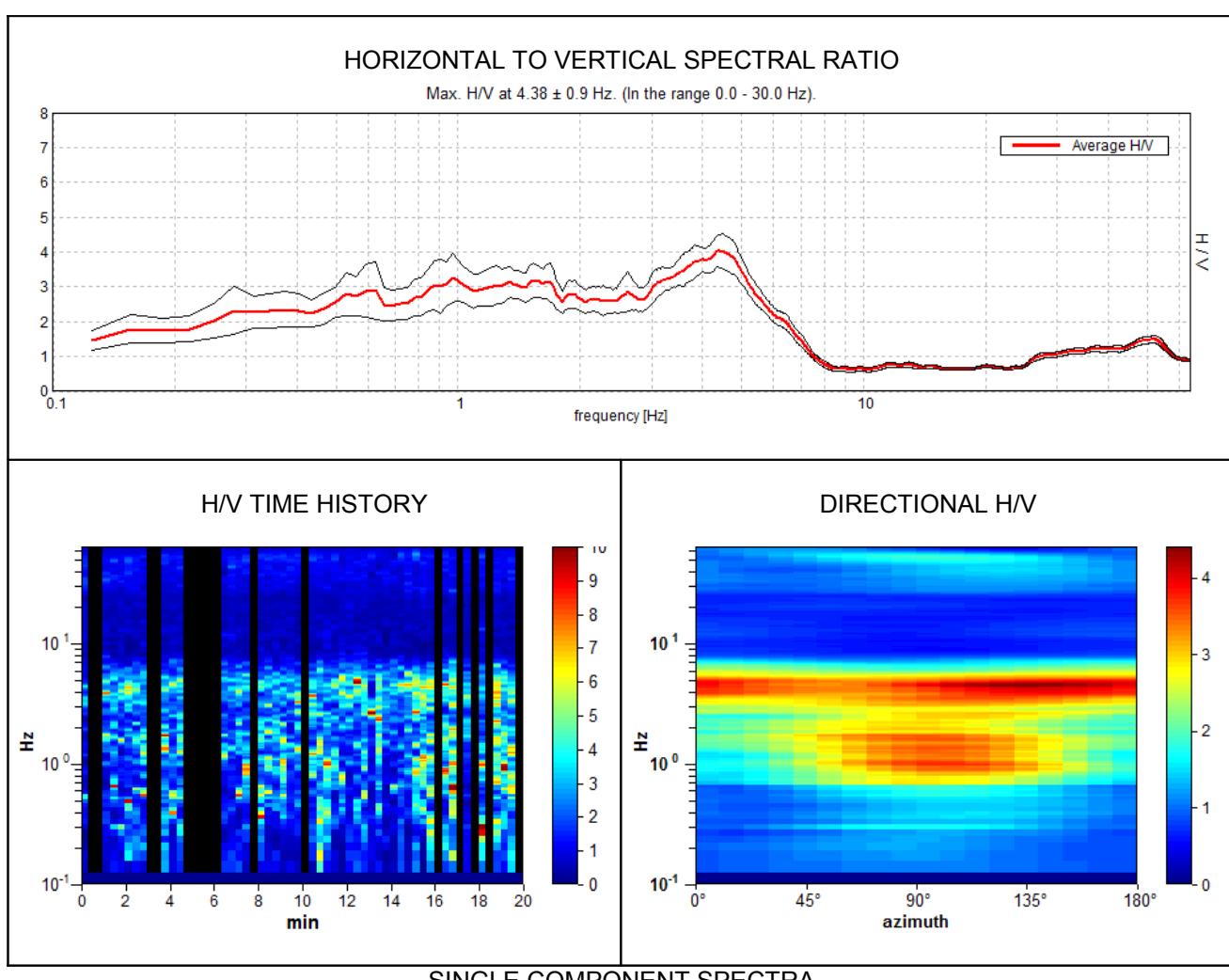
Trace length: 0h20'00". Analyzed 73% trace (manual window selection)

Sampling rate: 128 Hz

Window size: 20 s

Smoothing type: Triangular window

Smoothing: 5%



[According to the SESAME, 2005 guidelines. Please read carefully the *Grilla* manual before interpreting the following tables.]

Max. H/V at 4.38 ± 0.9 Hz (in the range 0.0 - 30.0 Hz).

Criteria for a reliable H/V curve

[All 3 should be fulfilled]

$f_0 > 10 / L_w$	$4.38 > 0.50$	OK	
$n_c(f_0) > 200$	$3850.0 > 200$	OK	
$\sigma_A(f) < 2$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 > 0.5\text{Hz}$ $\sigma_A(f) < 3$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 < 0.5\text{Hz}$	Exceeded 0 out of 211 times	OK	

Criteria for a clear H/V peak

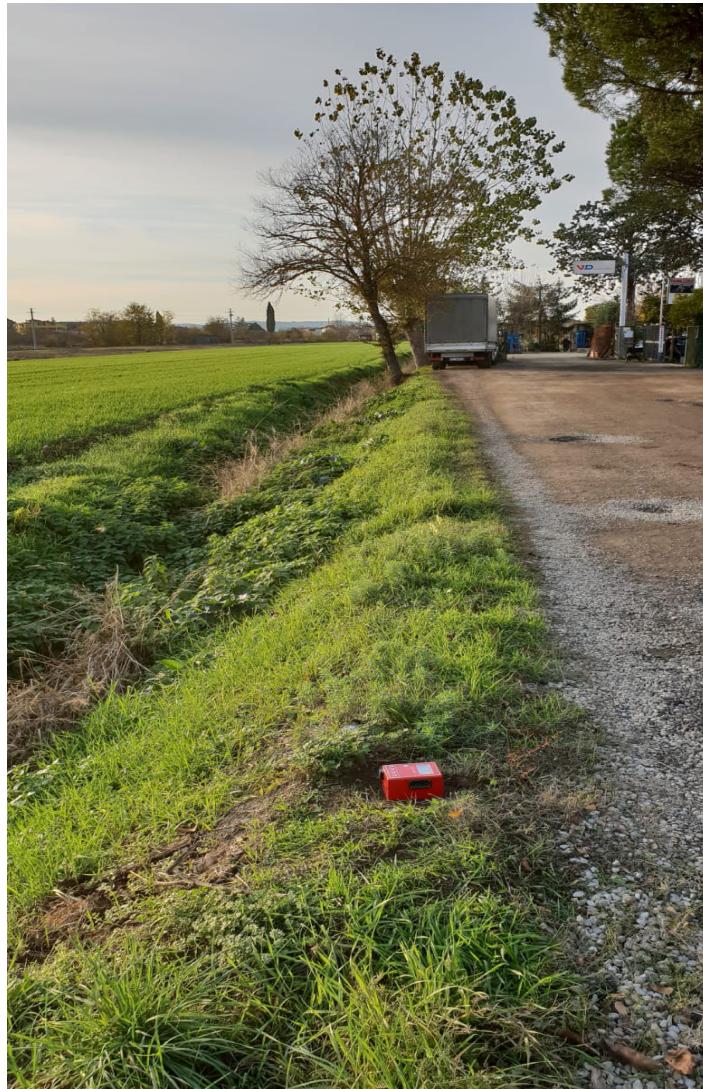
[At least 5 out of 6 should be fulfilled]

Exists f^- in $[f_0/4, f_0]$ $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0 / 2$			NO
Exists f^+ in $[f_0, 4f_0]$ $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0 / 2$	6.406 Hz	OK	
$A_0 > 2$	$4.04 > 2$	OK	
$f_{peak}[A_{H/V}(f) \pm \sigma_A(f)] = f_0 \pm 5\%$	$ 0.20468 < 0.05$		NO
$\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$	$0.89547 < 0.21875$		NO
$\sigma_A(f_0) < \theta(f_0)$	$0.4543 < 1.58$	OK	

L_w	window length
n_w	number of windows used in the analysis
$n_c = L_w n_w f_0$	number of significant cycles
f	current frequency
f_0	H/V peak frequency
σ_f	standard deviation of H/V peak frequency
$\varepsilon(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$
A_0	H/V peak amplitude at frequency f_0
$A_{H/V}(f)$	H/V curve amplitude at frequency f
f^-	frequency between $f_0/4$ and f_0 for which $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0/2$
f^+	frequency between f_0 and $4f_0$ for which $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0/2$
$\sigma_A(f)$	standard deviation of $A_{H/V}(f)$, $\sigma_A(f)$ is the factor by which the mean $A_{H/V}(f)$ curve should be multiplied or divided
$\sigma_{\log H/V}(f)$	standard deviation of $\log A_{H/V}(f)$ curve
$\theta(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_A(f) < \theta(f_0)$

Threshold values for σ_f and $\sigma_A(f_0)$

Freq. range [Hz]	< 0.2	0.2 – 0.5	0.5 – 1.0	1.0 – 2.0	> 2.0
$\varepsilon(f_0)$ [Hz]	$0.25 f_0$	$0.2 f_0$	$0.15 f_0$	$0.10 f_0$	$0.05 f_0$
$\theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_A(f_0)$	3.0	2.5	2.0	1.78	1.58
$\log \theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_{\log H/V}(f_0)$	0.48	0.40	0.30	0.25	0.20



P73

P74 (MS livello 1 - Arezzo)

Instrument: TEP-0168/01-11

Data format: 16 byte

Full scale [mV]: n.a.

Start recording: 29/11/18 10:52:57 End recording: 29/11/18 11:12:57

Channel labels: NORTH SOUTH; EAST WEST ; UP DOWN

GPS data not available

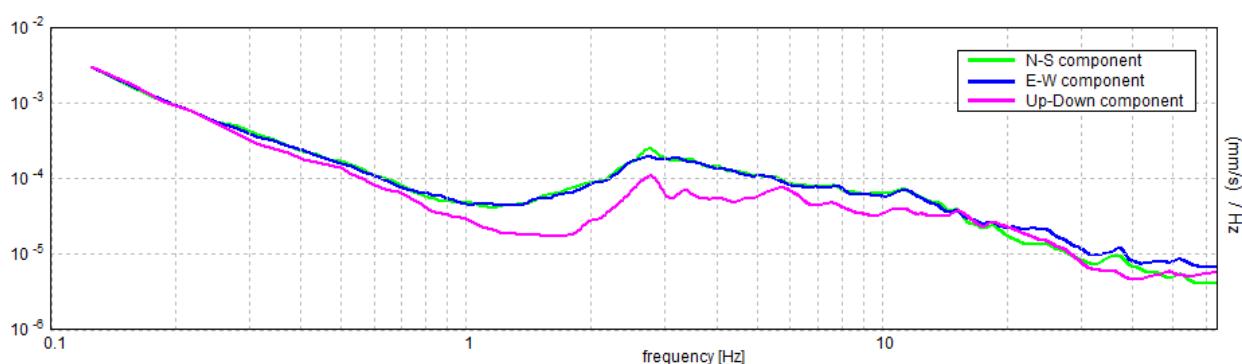
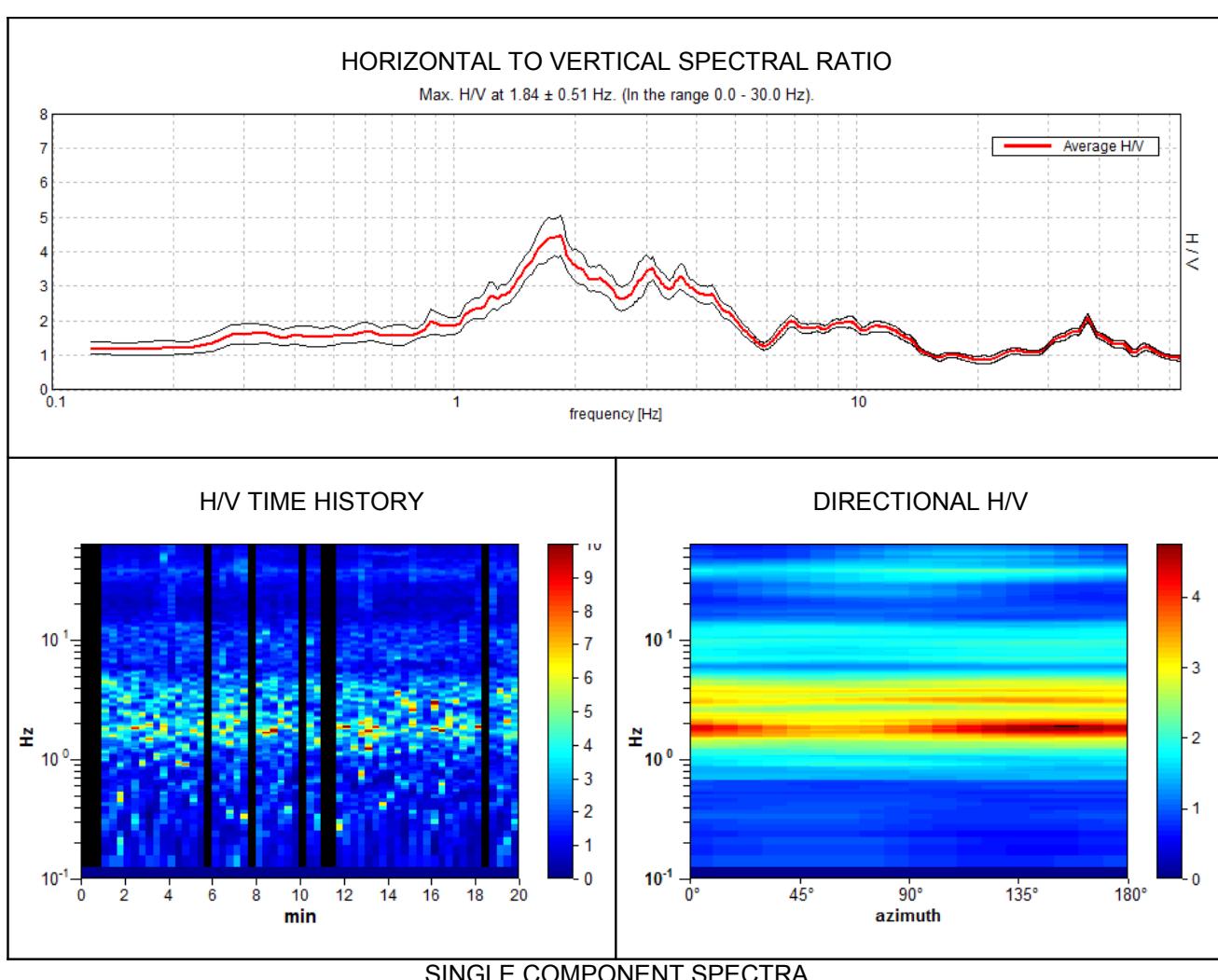
Trace length: 0h20'00". Analyzed 85% trace (manual window selection)

Sampling rate: 128 Hz

Window size: 20 s

Smoothing type: Triangular window

Smoothing: 5%



[According to the SESAME, 2005 guidelines. Please read carefully the *Grilla* manual before interpreting the following tables.]

Max. H/V at 1.84 ± 0.51 Hz (in the range 0.0 - 30.0 Hz).

Criteria for a reliable H/V curve

[All 3 should be fulfilled]

$f_0 > 10 / L_w$	$1.84 > 0.50$	OK	
$n_c(f_0) > 200$	$1880.6 > 200$	OK	
$\sigma_A(f) < 2$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 > 0.5\text{Hz}$ $\sigma_A(f) < 3$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 < 0.5\text{Hz}$	Exceeded 0 out of 90 times	OK	

Criteria for a clear H/V peak

[At least 5 out of 6 should be fulfilled]

Exists f^- in $[f_0/4, f_0]$ $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0 / 2$	1.063 Hz	OK	
Exists f^+ in $[f_0, 4f_0]$ $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0 / 2$	4.813 Hz	OK	
$A_0 > 2$	$4.48 > 2$	OK	
$f_{peak}[A_{H/V}(f) \pm \sigma_A(f)] = f_0 \pm 5\%$	$ 0.27559 < 0.05$		NO
$\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$	$0.50811 < 0.18438$		NO
$\sigma_A(f_0) < \theta(f_0)$	$0.5815 < 1.78$	OK	

L_w	window length
n_w	number of windows used in the analysis
$n_c = L_w n_w f_0$	number of significant cycles
f	current frequency
f_0	H/V peak frequency
σ_f	standard deviation of H/V peak frequency
$\varepsilon(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$
A_0	H/V peak amplitude at frequency f_0
$A_{H/V}(f)$	H/V curve amplitude at frequency f
f^-	frequency between $f_0/4$ and f_0 for which $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0/2$
f^+	frequency between f_0 and $4f_0$ for which $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0/2$
$\sigma_A(f)$	standard deviation of $A_{H/V}(f)$, $\sigma_A(f)$ is the factor by which the mean $A_{H/V}(f)$ curve should be multiplied or divided
$\sigma_{\log H/V}(f)$	standard deviation of $\log A_{H/V}(f)$ curve
$\theta(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_A(f) < \theta(f_0)$

Threshold values for σ_f and $\sigma_A(f_0)$

Freq. range [Hz]	< 0.2	0.2 – 0.5	0.5 – 1.0	1.0 – 2.0	> 2.0
$\varepsilon(f_0)$ [Hz]	$0.25 f_0$	$0.2 f_0$	$0.15 f_0$	$0.10 f_0$	$0.05 f_0$
$\theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_A(f_0)$	3.0	2.5	2.0	1.78	1.58
$\log \theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_{\log H/V}(f_0)$	0.48	0.40	0.30	0.25	0.20



P74

P75 (MS livello 1 - Arezzo)

Instrument: TEP-0116/01-10

Data format: 16 byte

Full scale [mV]: n.a.

Start recording: 28/11/18 16:14:51 End recording: 28/11/18 16:34:52

Channel labels: NORTH SOUTH; EAST WEST ; UP DOWN

GPS data not available

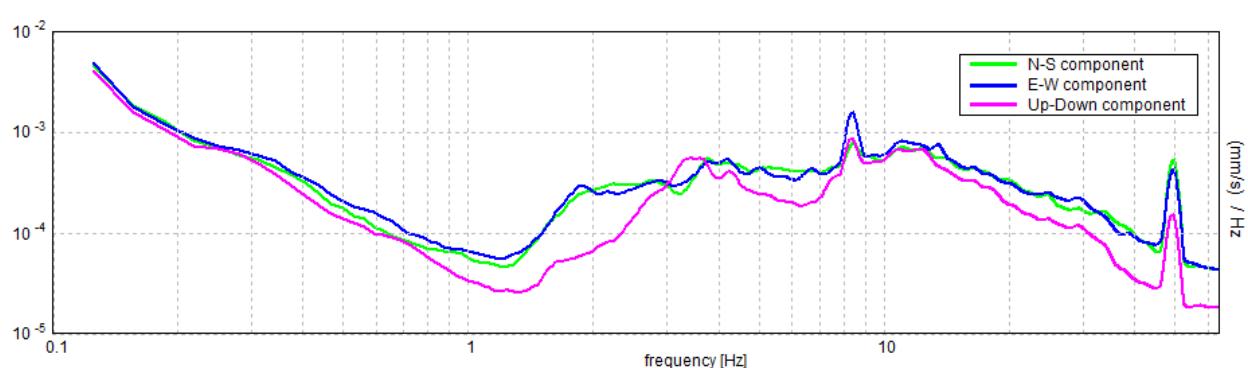
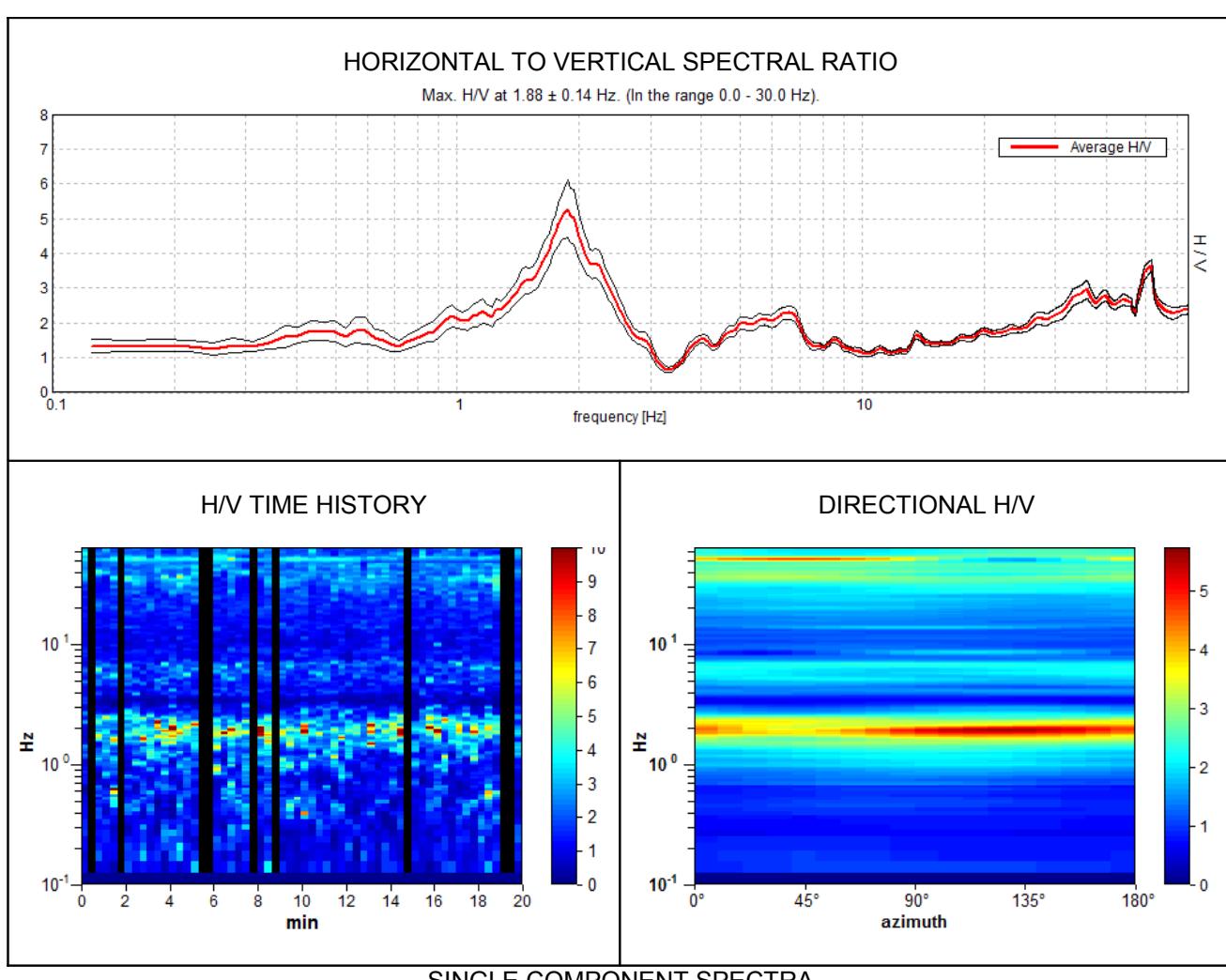
Trace length: 0h20'00". Analyzed 85% trace (manual window selection)

Sampling rate: 128 Hz

Window size: 20 s

Smoothing type: Triangular window

Smoothing: 5%



[According to the SESAME, 2005 guidelines. Please read carefully the *Grilla* manual before interpreting the following tables.]

Max. H/V at 1.88 ± 0.14 Hz (in the range 0.0 - 30.0 Hz).

Criteria for a reliable H/V curve

[All 3 should be fulfilled]

$f_0 > 10 / L_w$	$1.88 > 0.50$	OK	
$n_c(f_0) > 200$	$1912.5 > 200$	OK	
$\sigma_A(f) < 2$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 > 0.5\text{Hz}$ $\sigma_A(f) < 3$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 < 0.5\text{Hz}$	Exceeded 0 out of 91 times	OK	

Criteria for a clear H/V peak

[At least 5 out of 6 should be fulfilled]

Exists f^- in $[f_0/4, f_0]$ $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0 / 2$	1.344 Hz	OK	
Exists f^+ in $[f_0, 4f_0]$ $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0 / 2$	2.5 Hz	OK	
$A_0 > 2$	5.28 > 2	OK	
$f_{peak}[A_{H/V}(f) \pm \sigma_A(f)] = f_0 \pm 5\%$	$ 0.07223 < 0.05$		NO
$\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$	$0.13544 < 0.1875$	OK	
$\sigma_A(f_0) < \theta(f_0)$	$0.832 < 1.78$	OK	

L_w	window length
n_w	number of windows used in the analysis
$n_c = L_w n_w f_0$	number of significant cycles
f	current frequency
f_0	H/V peak frequency
σ_f	standard deviation of H/V peak frequency
$\varepsilon(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$
A_0	H/V peak amplitude at frequency f_0
$A_{H/V}(f)$	H/V curve amplitude at frequency f
f^-	frequency between $f_0/4$ and f_0 for which $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0/2$
f^+	frequency between f_0 and $4f_0$ for which $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0/2$
$\sigma_A(f)$	standard deviation of $A_{H/V}(f)$, $\sigma_A(f)$ is the factor by which the mean $A_{H/V}(f)$ curve should be multiplied or divided
$\sigma_{\log H/V}(f)$	standard deviation of $\log A_{H/V}(f)$ curve
$\theta(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_A(f) < \theta(f_0)$

Threshold values for σ_f and $\sigma_A(f_0)$

Freq. range [Hz]	< 0.2	0.2 – 0.5	0.5 – 1.0	1.0 – 2.0	> 2.0
$\varepsilon(f_0)$ [Hz]	$0.25 f_0$	$0.2 f_0$	$0.15 f_0$	$0.10 f_0$	$0.05 f_0$
$\theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_A(f_0)$	3.0	2.5	2.0	1.78	1.58
$\log \theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_{\log H/V}(f_0)$	0.48	0.40	0.30	0.25	0.20



P75

P76 (MS livello 1 - Arezzo)

Instrument: TEP-0168/01-11

Data format: 16 byte

Full scale [mV]: n.a.

Start recording: 27/11/18 13:00:39 End recording: 27/11/18 13:20:39

Channel labels: NORTH SOUTH; EAST WEST ; UP DOWN

GPS data not available

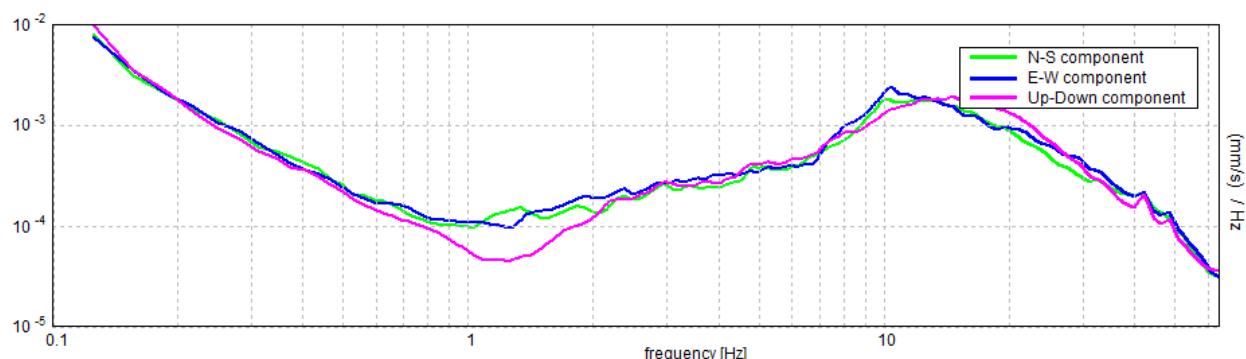
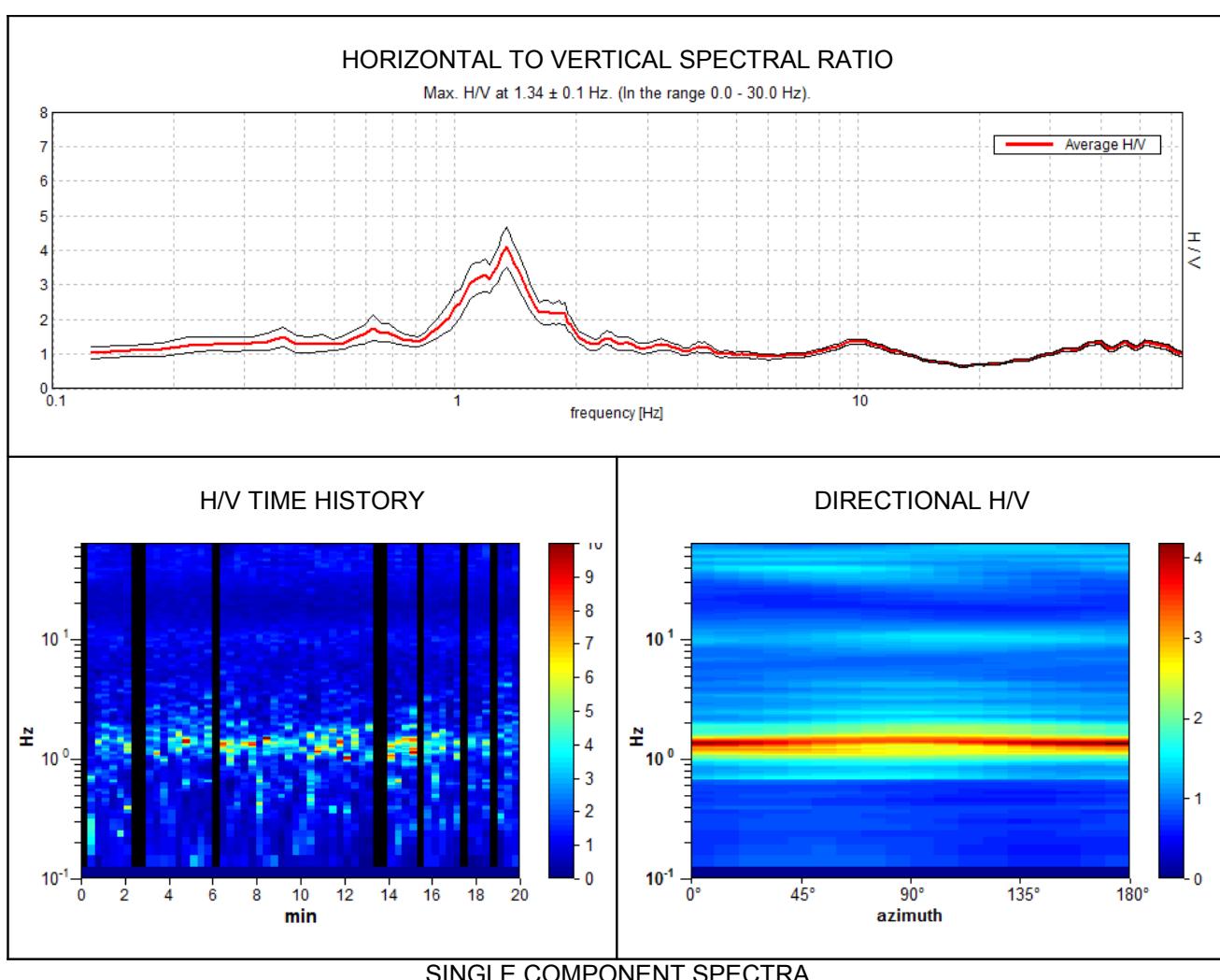
Trace length: 0h20'00". Analyzed 85% trace (manual window selection)

Sampling rate: 128 Hz

Window size: 20 s

Smoothing type: Triangular window

Smoothing: 5%



[According to the SESAME, 2005 guidelines. Please read carefully the *Grilla* manual before interpreting the following tables.]

Max. H/V at 1.34 ± 0.1 Hz (in the range 0.0 - 30.0 Hz).

Criteria for a reliable H/V curve

[All 3 should be fulfilled]

$f_0 > 10 / L_w$	$1.34 > 0.50$	OK	
$n_c(f_0) > 200$	$1370.6 > 200$	OK	
$\sigma_A(f) < 2$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 > 0.5\text{Hz}$ $\sigma_A(f) < 3$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 < 0.5\text{Hz}$	Exceeded 0 out of 66 times	OK	

Criteria for a clear H/V peak

[At least 5 out of 6 should be fulfilled]

Exists f^- in $[f_0/4, f_0]$ $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0 / 2$	0.938 Hz	OK	
Exists f^+ in $[f_0, 4f_0]$ $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0 / 2$	1.906 Hz	OK	
$A_0 > 2$	$4.09 > 2$	OK	
$f_{peak}[A_{H/V}(f) \pm \sigma_A(f)] = f_0 \pm 5\%$	$ 0.07231 < 0.05$		NO
$\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$	$0.09716 < 0.13438$	OK	
$\sigma_A(f_0) < \theta(f_0)$	$0.5913 < 1.78$	OK	

L_w	window length
n_w	number of windows used in the analysis
$n_c = L_w n_w f_0$	number of significant cycles
f	current frequency
f_0	H/V peak frequency
σ_f	standard deviation of H/V peak frequency
$\varepsilon(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$
A_0	H/V peak amplitude at frequency f_0
$A_{H/V}(f)$	H/V curve amplitude at frequency f
f^-	frequency between $f_0/4$ and f_0 for which $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0/2$
f^+	frequency between f_0 and $4f_0$ for which $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0/2$
$\sigma_A(f)$	standard deviation of $A_{H/V}(f)$, $\sigma_A(f)$ is the factor by which the mean $A_{H/V}(f)$ curve should be multiplied or divided
$\sigma_{\log H/V}(f)$	standard deviation of $\log A_{H/V}(f)$ curve
$\theta(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_A(f) < \theta(f_0)$

Threshold values for σ_f and $\sigma_A(f_0)$

Freq. range [Hz]	< 0.2	0.2 – 0.5	0.5 – 1.0	1.0 – 2.0	> 2.0
$\varepsilon(f_0)$ [Hz]	$0.25 f_0$	$0.2 f_0$	$0.15 f_0$	$0.10 f_0$	$0.05 f_0$
$\theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_A(f_0)$	3.0	2.5	2.0	1.78	1.58
$\log \theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_{\log H/V}(f_0)$	0.48	0.40	0.30	0.25	0.20



P76

P77 (MS livello 1 - Arezzo)

Instrument: TEP-0116/01-10

Data format: 16 byte

Full scale [mV]: n.a.

Start recording: 29/11/18 16:35:26 End recording: 29/11/18 16:55:27

Channel labels: NORTH SOUTH; EAST WEST ; UP DOWN

GPS data not available

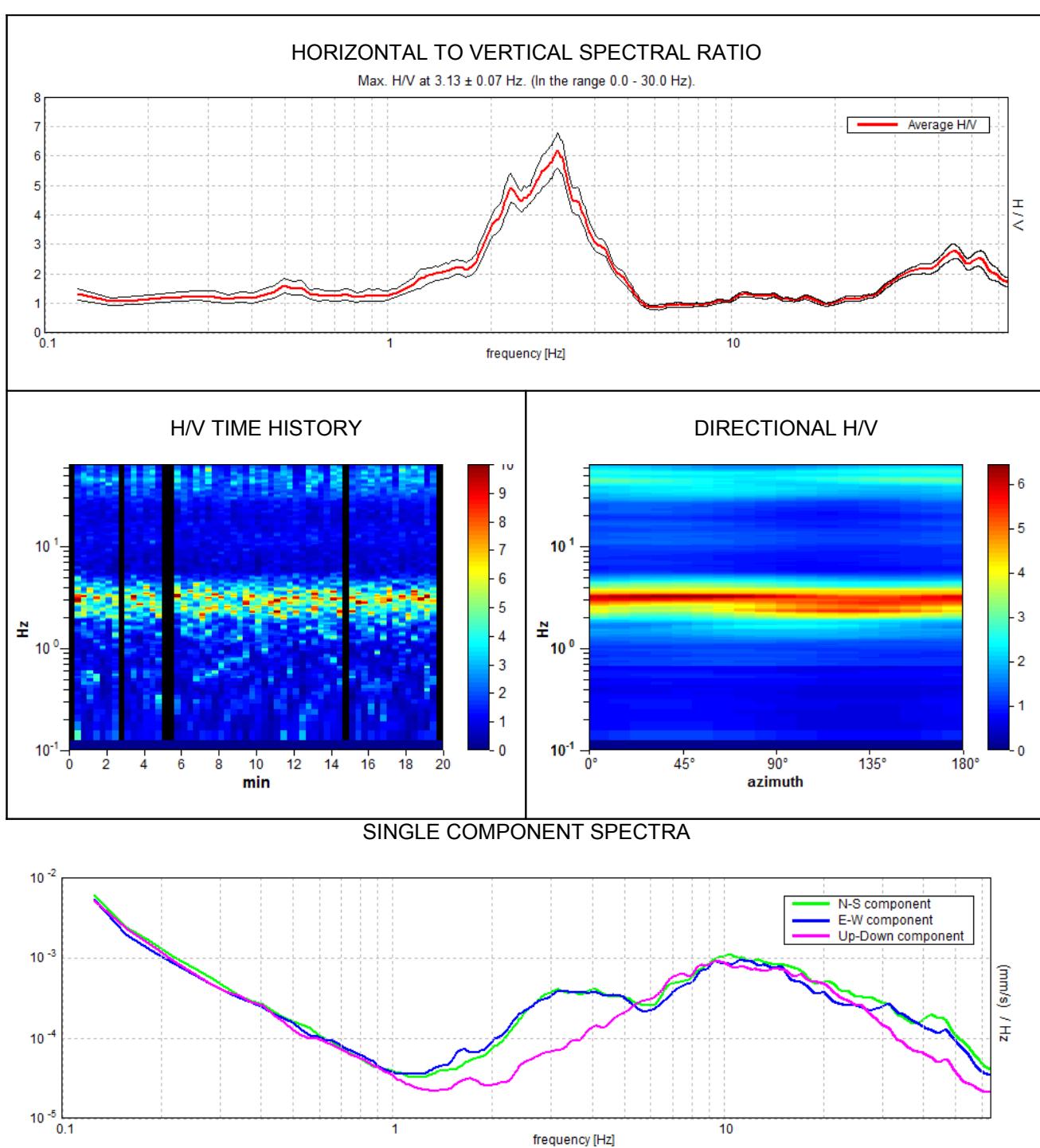
Trace length: 0h20'00". Analyzed 90% trace (manual window selection)

Sampling rate: 128 Hz

Window size: 20 s

Smoothing type: Triangular window

Smoothing: 5%



[According to the SESAME, 2005 guidelines. Please read carefully the *Grilla* manual before interpreting the following tables.]

Max. H/V at 3.13 ± 0.07 Hz (in the range 0.0 - 30.0 Hz).

Criteria for a reliable H/V curve

[All 3 should be fulfilled]

$f_0 > 10 / L_w$	$3.13 > 0.50$	OK	
$n_c(f_0) > 200$	$3375.0 > 200$	OK	
$\sigma_A(f) < 2$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 > 0.5\text{Hz}$ $\sigma_A(f) < 3$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 < 0.5\text{Hz}$	Exceeded 0 out of 151 times	OK	

Criteria for a clear H/V peak

[At least 5 out of 6 should be fulfilled]

Exists f^- in $[f_0/4, f_0]$ $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0 / 2$	1.906 Hz	OK	
Exists f^+ in $[f_0, 4f_0]$ $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0 / 2$	4.031 Hz	OK	
$A_0 > 2$	$6.18 > 2$	OK	
$f_{peak}[A_{H/V}(f) \pm \sigma_A(f)] = f_0 \pm 5\%$	$ 0.02095 < 0.05$	OK	
$\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$	$0.06547 < 0.15625$	OK	
$\sigma_A(f_0) < \theta(f_0)$	$0.5929 < 1.58$	OK	

L_w	window length
n_w	number of windows used in the analysis
$n_c = L_w n_w f_0$	number of significant cycles
f	current frequency
f_0	H/V peak frequency
σ_f	standard deviation of H/V peak frequency
$\varepsilon(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$
A_0	H/V peak amplitude at frequency f_0
$A_{H/V}(f)$	H/V curve amplitude at frequency f
f^-	frequency between $f_0/4$ and f_0 for which $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0/2$
f^+	frequency between f_0 and $4f_0$ for which $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0/2$
$\sigma_A(f)$	standard deviation of $A_{H/V}(f)$, $\sigma_A(f)$ is the factor by which the mean $A_{H/V}(f)$ curve should be multiplied or divided
$\sigma_{\log H/V}(f)$	standard deviation of $\log A_{H/V}(f)$ curve
$\theta(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_A(f) < \theta(f_0)$

Threshold values for σ_f and $\sigma_A(f_0)$

Freq. range [Hz]	< 0.2	0.2 – 0.5	0.5 – 1.0	1.0 – 2.0	> 2.0
$\varepsilon(f_0)$ [Hz]	$0.25 f_0$	$0.2 f_0$	$0.15 f_0$	$0.10 f_0$	$0.05 f_0$
$\theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_A(f_0)$	3.0	2.5	2.0	1.78	1.58
$\log \theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_{\log H/V}(f_0)$	0.48	0.40	0.30	0.25	0.20



P77

P78 (MS livello 1 - Arezzo)

Instrument: TEP-0116/01-10

Data format: 16 byte

Full scale [mV]: n.a.

Start recording: 14/12/18 11:28:32 End recording: 14/12/18 11:48:33

Channel labels: NORTH SOUTH; EAST WEST ; UP DOWN

GPS data not available

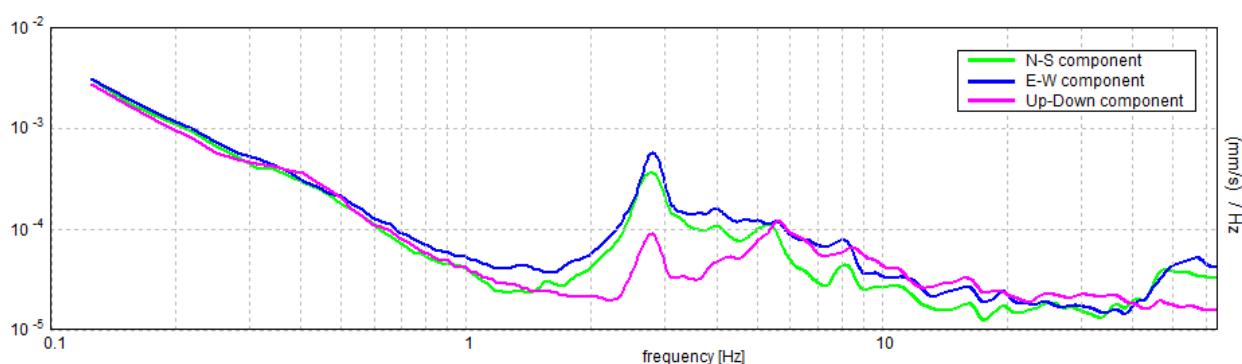
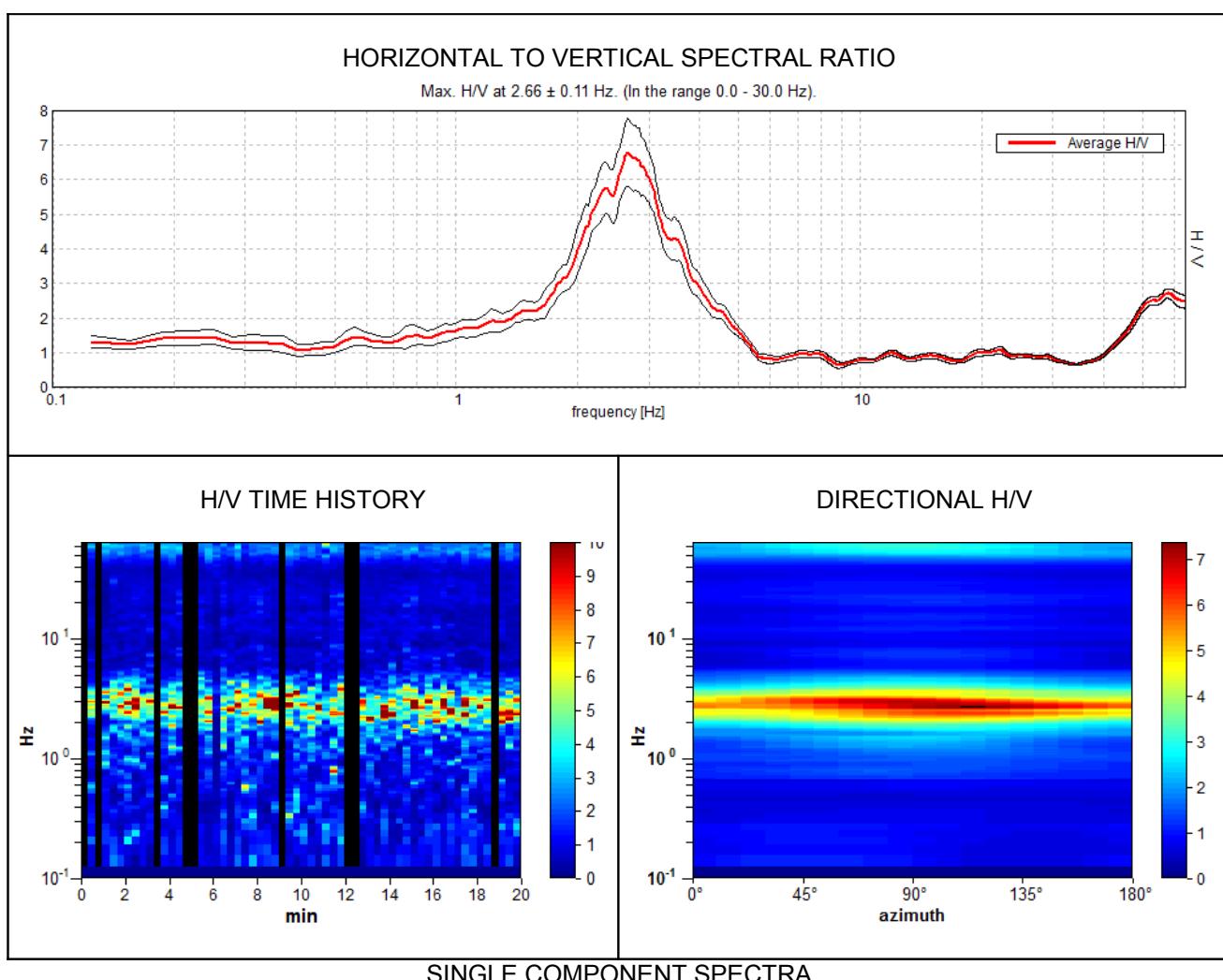
Trace length: 0h20'00". Analyzed 85% trace (manual window selection)

Sampling rate: 128 Hz

Window size: 20 s

Smoothing type: Triangular window

Smoothing: 5%



[According to the SESAME, 2005 guidelines. Please read carefully the *Grilla* manual before interpreting the following tables.]

Max. H/V at 2.66 ± 0.11 Hz (in the range 0.0 - 30.0 Hz).

Criteria for a reliable H/V curve

[All 3 should be fulfilled]

$f_0 > 10 / L_w$	$2.66 > 0.50$	OK	
$n_c(f_0) > 200$	$2709.4 > 200$	OK	
$\sigma_A(f) < 2$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 > 0.5\text{Hz}$ $\sigma_A(f) < 3$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 < 0.5\text{Hz}$	Exceeded 0 out of 128 times	OK	

Criteria for a clear H/V peak

[At least 5 out of 6 should be fulfilled]

Exists f^- in $[f_0/4, f_0]$ $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0 / 2$	1.906 Hz	OK	
Exists f^+ in $[f_0, 4f_0]$ $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0 / 2$	3.781 Hz	OK	
$A_0 > 2$	$6.78 > 2$	OK	
$f_{peak}[A_{H/V}(f) \pm \sigma_A(f)] = f_0 \pm 5\%$	$ 0.04145 < 0.05$	OK	
$\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$	$0.11009 < 0.13281$	OK	
$\sigma_A(f_0) < \theta(f_0)$	$0.9812 < 1.58$	OK	

L_w	window length
n_w	number of windows used in the analysis
$n_c = L_w n_w f_0$	number of significant cycles
f	current frequency
f_0	H/V peak frequency
σ_f	standard deviation of H/V peak frequency
$\varepsilon(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$
A_0	H/V peak amplitude at frequency f_0
$A_{H/V}(f)$	H/V curve amplitude at frequency f
f^-	frequency between $f_0/4$ and f_0 for which $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0/2$
f^+	frequency between f_0 and $4f_0$ for which $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0/2$
$\sigma_A(f)$	standard deviation of $A_{H/V}(f)$, $\sigma_A(f)$ is the factor by which the mean $A_{H/V}(f)$ curve should be multiplied or divided
$\sigma_{\log H/V}(f)$	standard deviation of $\log A_{H/V}(f)$ curve
$\theta(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_A(f) < \theta(f_0)$

Threshold values for σ_f and $\sigma_A(f_0)$

Freq. range [Hz]	< 0.2	0.2 – 0.5	0.5 – 1.0	1.0 – 2.0	> 2.0
$\varepsilon(f_0)$ [Hz]	$0.25 f_0$	$0.2 f_0$	$0.15 f_0$	$0.10 f_0$	$0.05 f_0$
$\theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_A(f_0)$	3.0	2.5	2.0	1.78	1.58
$\log \theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_{\log H/V}(f_0)$	0.48	0.40	0.30	0.25	0.20



P78

P79 (MS livello 1 - Arezzo)

Instrument: TEP-0116/01-10

Data format: 16 byte

Full scale [mV]: n.a.

Start recording: 29/11/18 16:05:15 End recording: 29/11/18 16:25:16

Channel labels: NORTH SOUTH; EAST WEST ; UP DOWN

GPS data not available

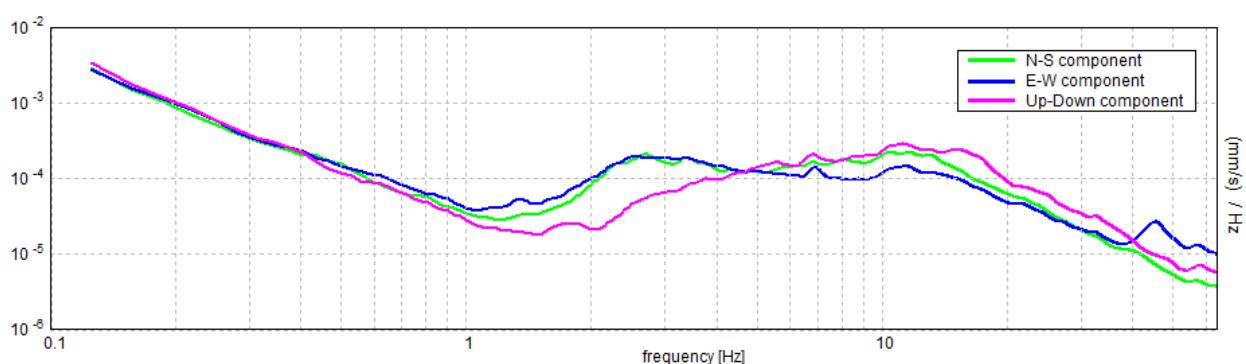
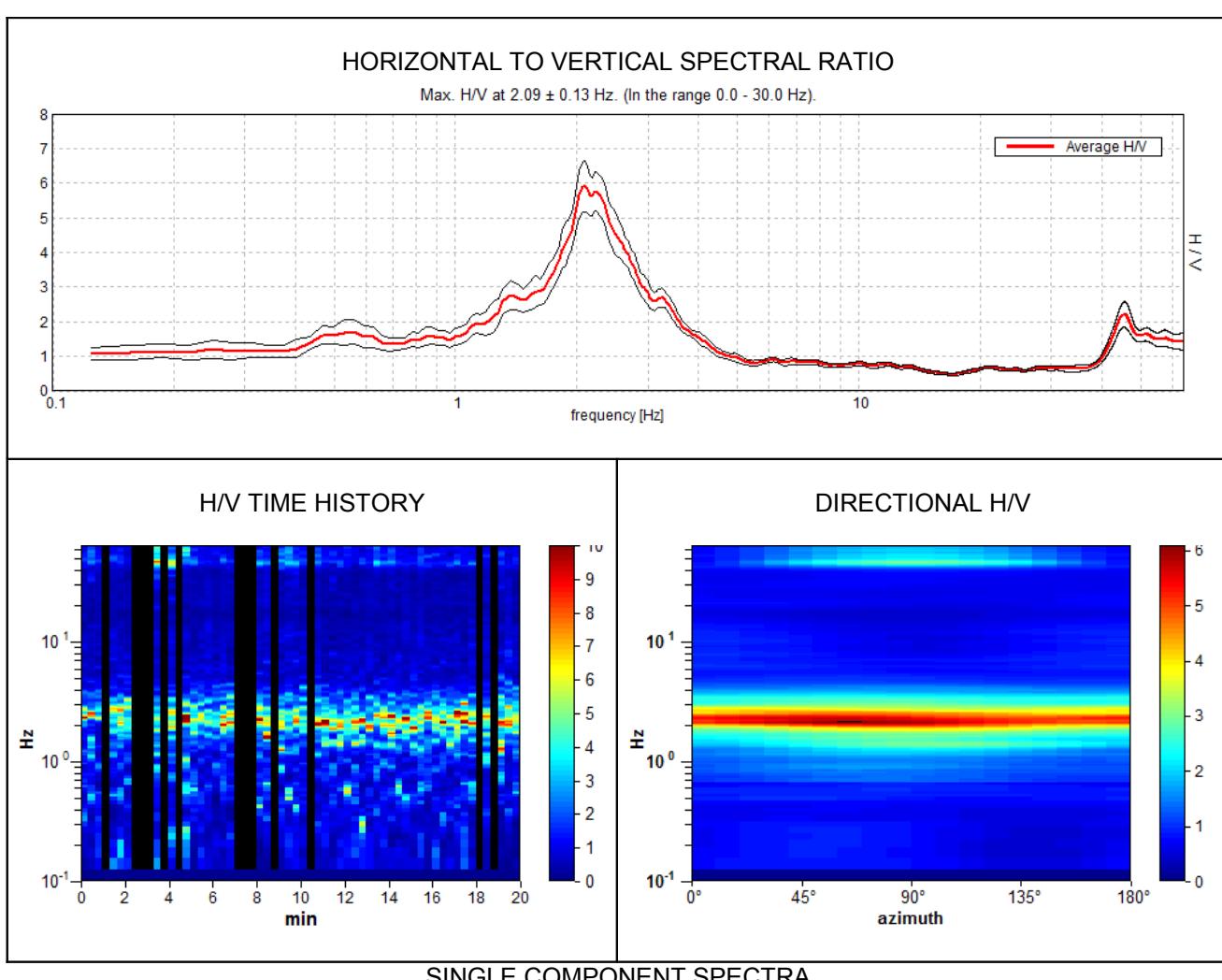
Trace length: 0h20'00". Analyzed 78% trace (manual window selection)

Sampling rate: 128 Hz

Window size: 20 s

Smoothing type: Triangular window

Smoothing: 5%



[According to the SESAME, 2005 guidelines. Please read carefully the *Grilla* manual before interpreting the following tables.]

Max. H/V at 2.09 ± 0.13 Hz (in the range 0.0 - 30.0 Hz).

Criteria for a reliable H/V curve

[All 3 should be fulfilled]

$f_0 > 10 / L_w$	$2.09 > 0.50$	OK	
$n_c(f_0) > 200$	$1968.1 > 200$	OK	
$\sigma_A(f) < 2$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 > 0.5\text{Hz}$ $\sigma_A(f) < 3$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 < 0.5\text{Hz}$	Exceeded 0 out of 102 times	OK	

Criteria for a clear H/V peak

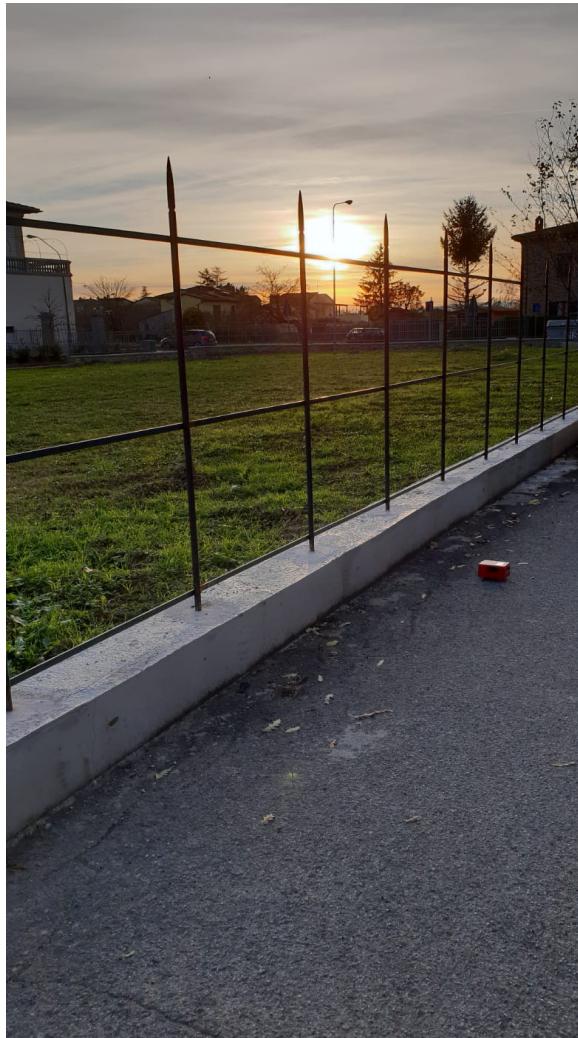
[At least 5 out of 6 should be fulfilled]

Exists f^- in $[f_0/4, f_0]$ $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0 / 2$	1.656 Hz	OK	
Exists f^+ in $[f_0, 4f_0]$ $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0 / 2$	2.969 Hz	OK	
$A_0 > 2$	$5.90 > 2$	OK	
$f_{peak}[A_{H/V}(f) \pm \sigma_A(f)] = f_0 \pm 5\%$	$ 0.0637 < 0.05$		NO
$\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$	$0.13336 < 0.10469$		NO
$\sigma_A(f_0) < \theta(f_0)$	$0.7391 < 1.58$	OK	

L_w	window length
n_w	number of windows used in the analysis
$n_c = L_w n_w f_0$	number of significant cycles
f	current frequency
f_0	H/V peak frequency
σ_f	standard deviation of H/V peak frequency
$\varepsilon(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$
A_0	H/V peak amplitude at frequency f_0
$A_{H/V}(f)$	H/V curve amplitude at frequency f
f^-	frequency between $f_0/4$ and f_0 for which $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0/2$
f^+	frequency between f_0 and $4f_0$ for which $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0/2$
$\sigma_A(f)$	standard deviation of $A_{H/V}(f)$, $\sigma_A(f)$ is the factor by which the mean $A_{H/V}(f)$ curve should be multiplied or divided
$\sigma_{\log H/V}(f)$	standard deviation of $\log A_{H/V}(f)$ curve
$\theta(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_A(f) < \theta(f_0)$

Threshold values for σ_f and $\sigma_A(f_0)$

Freq. range [Hz]	< 0.2	0.2 – 0.5	0.5 – 1.0	1.0 – 2.0	> 2.0
$\varepsilon(f_0)$ [Hz]	$0.25 f_0$	$0.2 f_0$	$0.15 f_0$	$0.10 f_0$	$0.05 f_0$
$\theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_A(f_0)$	3.0	2.5	2.0	1.78	1.58
$\log \theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_{\log H/V}(f_0)$	0.48	0.40	0.30	0.25	0.20



P79

P80 (MS livello 1 - Arezzo)

Instrument: TEP-0168/01-11

Data format: 16 byte

Full scale [mV]: n.a.

Start recording: 29/11/18 13:56:16 End recording: 29/11/18 14:16:16

Channel labels: NORTH SOUTH; EAST WEST ; UP DOWN

GPS data not available

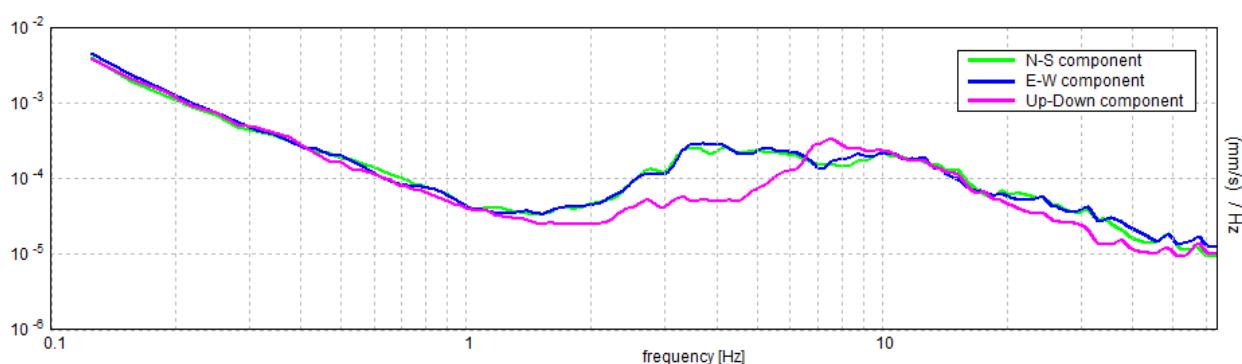
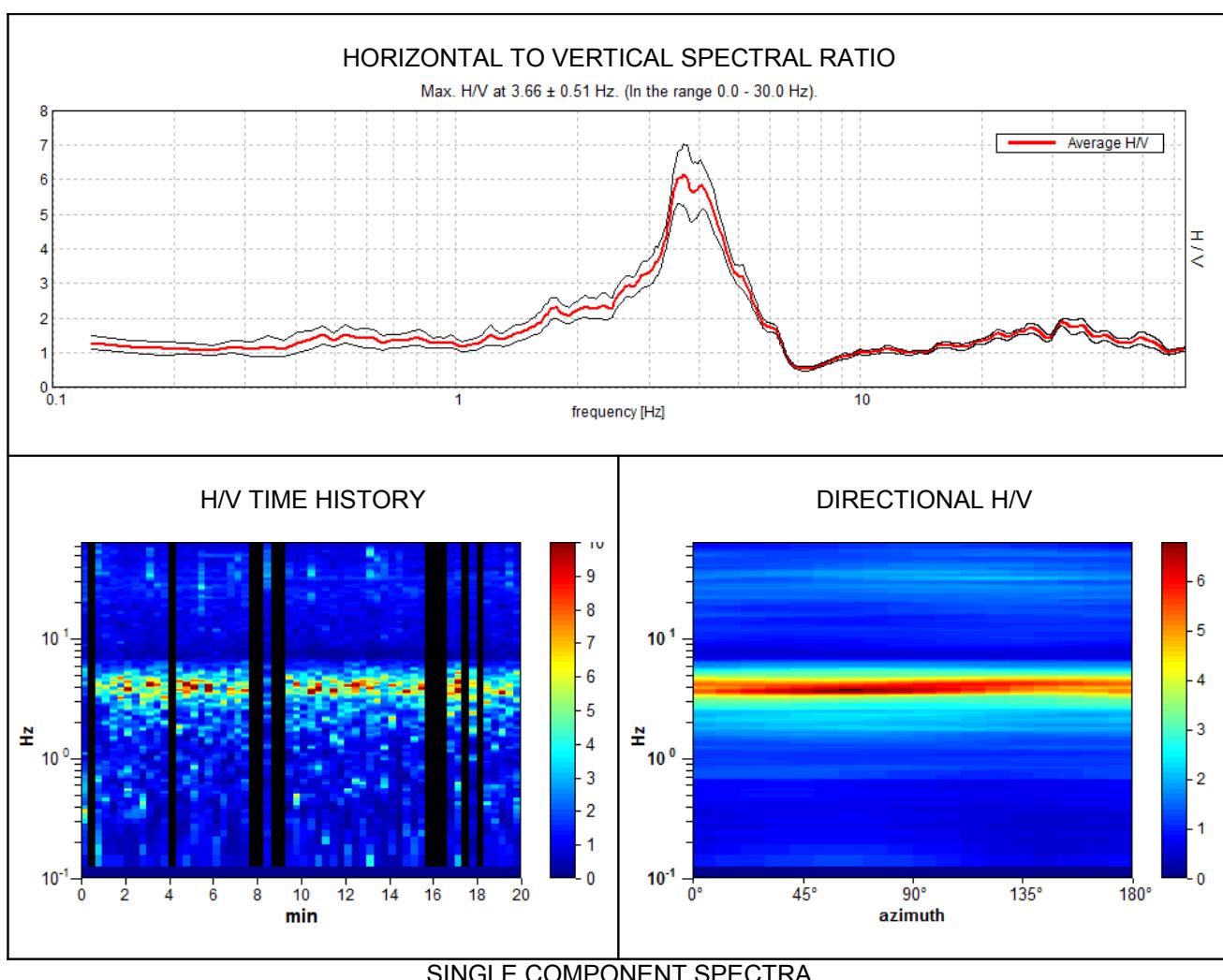
Trace length: 0h20'00". Analyzed 82% trace (manual window selection)

Sampling rate: 128 Hz

Window size: 20 s

Smoothing type: Triangular window

Smoothing: 5%



[According to the SESAME, 2005 guidelines. Please read carefully the *Grilla* manual before interpreting the following tables.]

Max. H/V at 3.66 ± 0.51 Hz (in the range 0.0 - 30.0 Hz).

Criteria for a reliable H/V curve

[All 3 should be fulfilled]

$f_0 > 10 / L_w$	$3.66 > 0.50$	OK	
$n_c(f_0) > 200$	$3583.1 > 200$	OK	
$\sigma_A(f) < 2$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 > 0.5\text{Hz}$ $\sigma_A(f) < 3$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 < 0.5\text{Hz}$	Exceeded 0 out of 176 times	OK	

Criteria for a clear H/V peak

[At least 5 out of 6 should be fulfilled]

Exists f^- in $[f_0/4, f_0]$ $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0 / 2$	2.813 Hz	OK	
Exists f^+ in $[f_0, 4f_0]$ $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0 / 2$	5.188 Hz	OK	
$A_0 > 2$	$6.15 > 2$	OK	
$f_{peak}[A_{H/V}(f) \pm \sigma_A(f)] = f_0 \pm 5\%$	$ 0.1397 < 0.05$		NO
$\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$	$0.51079 < 0.18281$		NO
$\sigma_A(f_0) < \theta(f_0)$	$0.8826 < 1.58$	OK	

L_w	window length
n_w	number of windows used in the analysis
$n_c = L_w n_w f_0$	number of significant cycles
f	current frequency
f_0	H/V peak frequency
σ_f	standard deviation of H/V peak frequency
$\varepsilon(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$
A_0	H/V peak amplitude at frequency f_0
$A_{H/V}(f)$	H/V curve amplitude at frequency f
f^-	frequency between $f_0/4$ and f_0 for which $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0/2$
f^+	frequency between f_0 and $4f_0$ for which $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0/2$
$\sigma_A(f)$	standard deviation of $A_{H/V}(f)$, $\sigma_A(f)$ is the factor by which the mean $A_{H/V}(f)$ curve should be multiplied or divided
$\sigma_{\log H/V}(f)$	standard deviation of $\log A_{H/V}(f)$ curve
$\theta(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_A(f) < \theta(f_0)$

Threshold values for σ_f and $\sigma_A(f_0)$

Freq. range [Hz]	< 0.2	0.2 – 0.5	0.5 – 1.0	1.0 – 2.0	> 2.0
$\varepsilon(f_0)$ [Hz]	$0.25 f_0$	$0.2 f_0$	$0.15 f_0$	$0.10 f_0$	$0.05 f_0$
$\theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_A(f_0)$	3.0	2.5	2.0	1.78	1.58
$\log \theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_{\log H/V}(f_0)$	0.48	0.40	0.30	0.25	0.20



P80

P81 (MS livello 1 - Arezzo)

Instrument: TEP-0116/01-10

Data format: 16 byte

Full scale [mV]: n.a.

Start recording: 21/11/18 14:20:49 End recording: 21/11/18 14:40:50

Channel labels: NORTH SOUTH; EAST WEST ; UP DOWN

GPS data not available

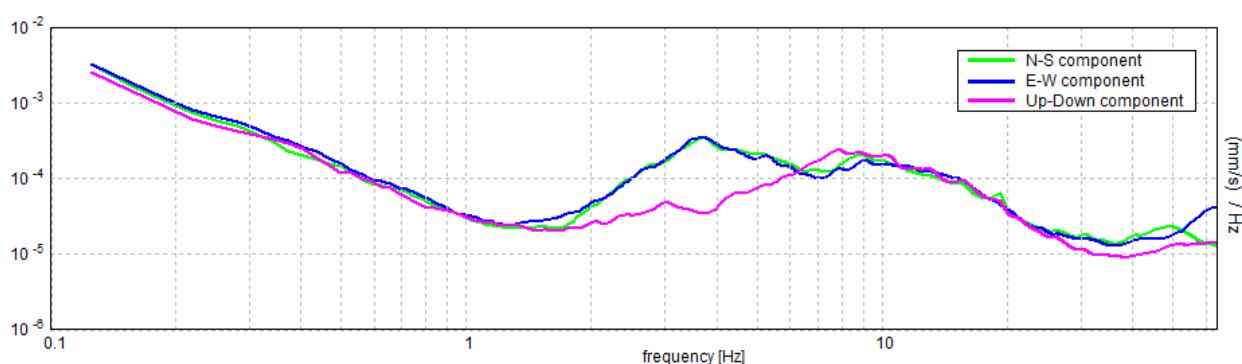
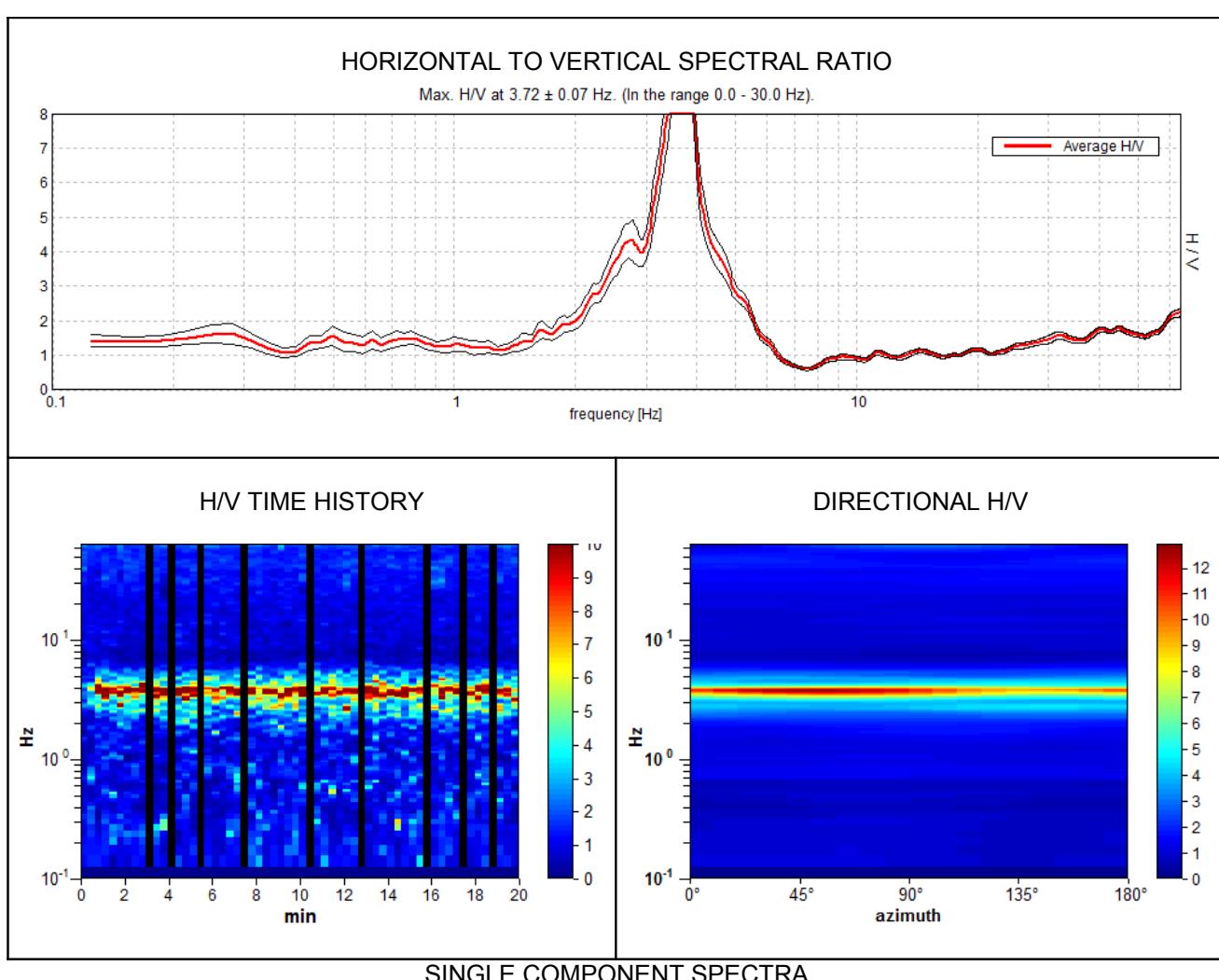
Trace length: 0h20'00". Analyzed 85% trace (manual window selection)

Sampling rate: 128 Hz

Window size: 20 s

Smoothing type: Triangular window

Smoothing: 5%



[According to the SESAME, 2005 guidelines. Please read carefully the *Grilla* manual before interpreting the following tables.]

Max. H/V at 3.72 ± 0.07 Hz (in the range 0.0 - 30.0 Hz).

Criteria for a reliable H/V curve

[All 3 should be fulfilled]

$f_0 > 10 / L_w$	$3.72 > 0.50$	OK	
$n_c(f_0) > 200$	$3793.1 > 200$	OK	
$\sigma_A(f) < 2$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 > 0.5\text{Hz}$ $\sigma_A(f) < 3$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 < 0.5\text{Hz}$	Exceeded 0 out of 180 times	OK	

Criteria for a clear H/V peak

[At least 5 out of 6 should be fulfilled]

Exists f^- in $[f_0/4, f_0]$ $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0 / 2$	3.156 Hz	OK	
Exists f^+ in $[f_0, 4f_0]$ $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0 / 2$	4.094 Hz	OK	
$A_0 > 2$	$11.50 > 2$	OK	
$f_{peak}[A_{H/V}(f) \pm \sigma_A(f)] = f_0 \pm 5\%$	$ 0.01897 < 0.05$	OK	
$\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$	$0.07056 < 0.18594$	OK	
$\sigma_A(f_0) < \theta(f_0)$	$1.3394 < 1.58$	OK	

L_w	window length
n_w	number of windows used in the analysis
$n_c = L_w n_w f_0$	number of significant cycles
f	current frequency
f_0	H/V peak frequency
σ_f	standard deviation of H/V peak frequency
$\varepsilon(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$
A_0	H/V peak amplitude at frequency f_0
$A_{H/V}(f)$	H/V curve amplitude at frequency f
f^-	frequency between $f_0/4$ and f_0 for which $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0/2$
f^+	frequency between f_0 and $4f_0$ for which $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0/2$
$\sigma_A(f)$	standard deviation of $A_{H/V}(f)$, $\sigma_A(f)$ is the factor by which the mean $A_{H/V}(f)$ curve should be multiplied or divided
$\sigma_{\log H/V}(f)$	standard deviation of $\log A_{H/V}(f)$ curve
$\theta(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_A(f) < \theta(f_0)$

Threshold values for σ_f and $\sigma_A(f_0)$

Freq. range [Hz]	< 0.2	0.2 – 0.5	0.5 – 1.0	1.0 – 2.0	> 2.0
$\varepsilon(f_0)$ [Hz]	$0.25 f_0$	$0.2 f_0$	$0.15 f_0$	$0.10 f_0$	$0.05 f_0$
$\theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_A(f_0)$	3.0	2.5	2.0	1.78	1.58
$\log \theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_{\log H/V}(f_0)$	0.48	0.40	0.30	0.25	0.20



P81

P82

(MS livello 1 - Arezzo)

Instrument: TEP-0168/01-11

Data format: 16 byte

Full scale [mV]: n.a.

Start recording: 21/11/18 15:09:05 End recording: 21/11/18 15:29:05

Channel labels: NORTH SOUTH; EAST WEST ; UP DOWN

GPS data not available

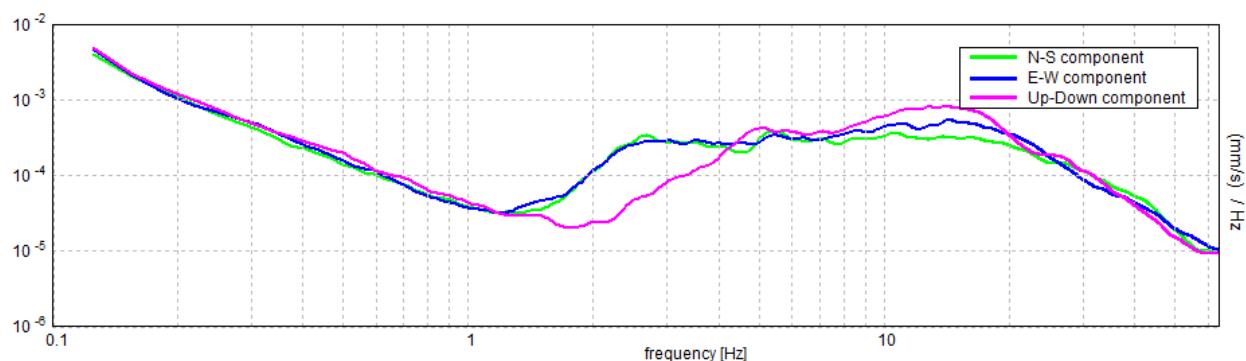
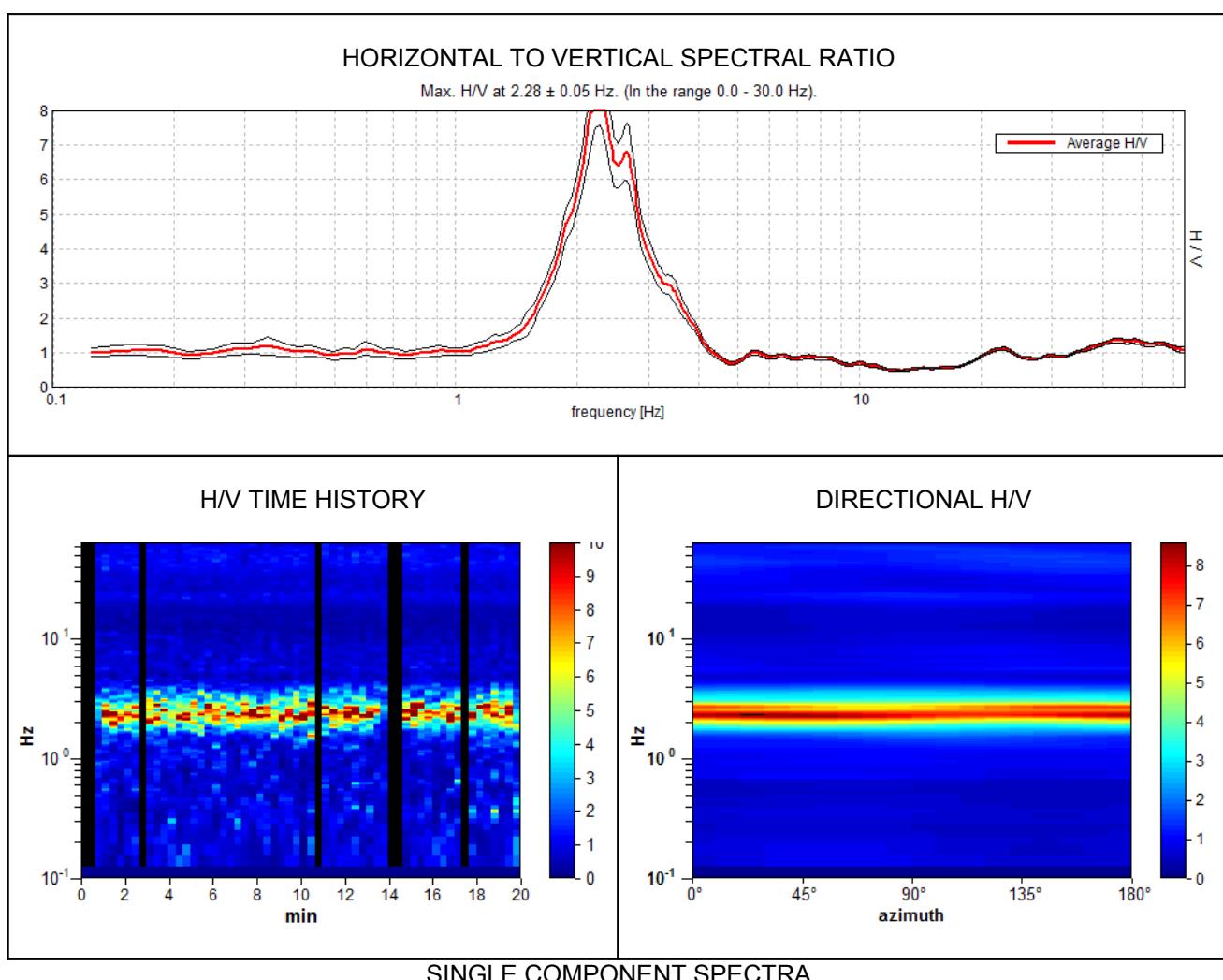
Trace length: 0h20'00". Analyzed 88% trace (manual window selection)

Sampling rate: 128 Hz

Window size: 20 s

Smoothing type: Triangular window

Smoothing: 5%



[According to the SESAME, 2005 guidelines. Please read carefully the *Grilla* manual before interpreting the following tables.]

Max. H/V at 2.28 ± 0.05 Hz (in the range 0.0 - 30.0 Hz).

Criteria for a reliable H/V curve

[All 3 should be fulfilled]

$f_0 > 10 / L_w$	$2.28 > 0.50$	OK	
$n_c(f_0) > 200$	$2418.1 > 200$	OK	
$\sigma_A(f) < 2$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 > 0.5\text{Hz}$ $\sigma_A(f) < 3$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 < 0.5\text{Hz}$	Exceeded 0 out of 110 times	OK	

Criteria for a clear H/V peak

[At least 5 out of 6 should be fulfilled]

Exists f^- in $[f_0/4, f_0]$ $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0 / 2$	1.813 Hz	OK	
Exists f^+ in $[f_0, 4f_0]$ $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0 / 2$	2.938 Hz	OK	
$A_0 > 2$	$8.54 > 2$	OK	
$f_{peak}[A_{H/V}(f) \pm \sigma_A(f)] = f_0 \pm 5\%$	$ 0.0232 < 0.05$	OK	
$\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$	$0.05292 < 0.11406$	OK	
$\sigma_A(f_0) < \theta(f_0)$	$0.9819 < 1.58$	OK	

L_w	window length
n_w	number of windows used in the analysis
$n_c = L_w n_w f_0$	number of significant cycles
f	current frequency
f_0	H/V peak frequency
σ_f	standard deviation of H/V peak frequency
$\varepsilon(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$
A_0	H/V peak amplitude at frequency f_0
$A_{H/V}(f)$	H/V curve amplitude at frequency f
f^-	frequency between $f_0/4$ and f_0 for which $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0/2$
f^+	frequency between f_0 and $4f_0$ for which $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0/2$
$\sigma_A(f)$	standard deviation of $A_{H/V}(f)$, $\sigma_A(f)$ is the factor by which the mean $A_{H/V}(f)$ curve should be multiplied or divided
$\sigma_{\log H/V}(f)$	standard deviation of $\log A_{H/V}(f)$ curve
$\theta(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_A(f) < \theta(f_0)$

Threshold values for σ_f and $\sigma_A(f_0)$

Freq. range [Hz]	< 0.2	0.2 – 0.5	0.5 – 1.0	1.0 – 2.0	> 2.0
$\varepsilon(f_0)$ [Hz]	$0.25 f_0$	$0.2 f_0$	$0.15 f_0$	$0.10 f_0$	$0.05 f_0$
$\theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_A(f_0)$	3.0	2.5	2.0	1.78	1.58
$\log \theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_{\log H/V}(f_0)$	0.48	0.40	0.30	0.25	0.20



P82

P83

(MS livello 1 - Arezzo)

Instrument: TEP-0116/01-10

Data format: 16 byte

Full scale [mV]: n.a.

Start recording: 21/11/18 15:22:54 End recording: 21/11/18 15:42:55

Channel labels: NORTH SOUTH; EAST WEST ; UP DOWN

GPS data not available

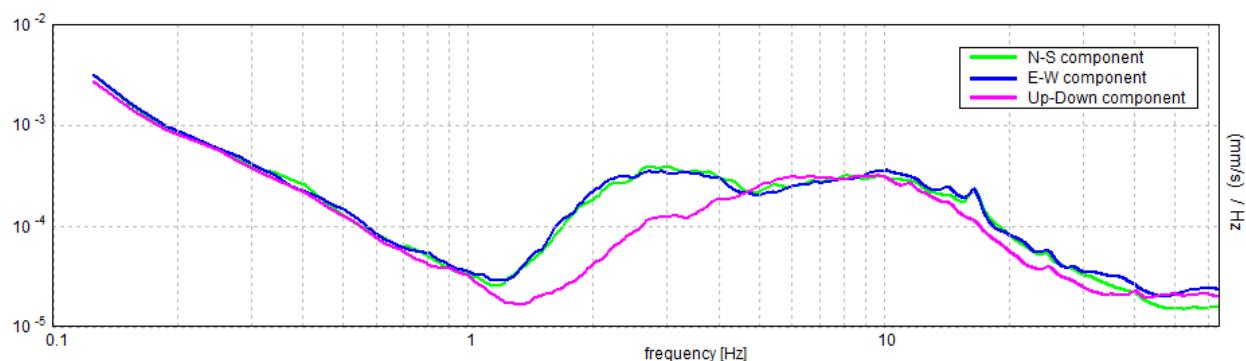
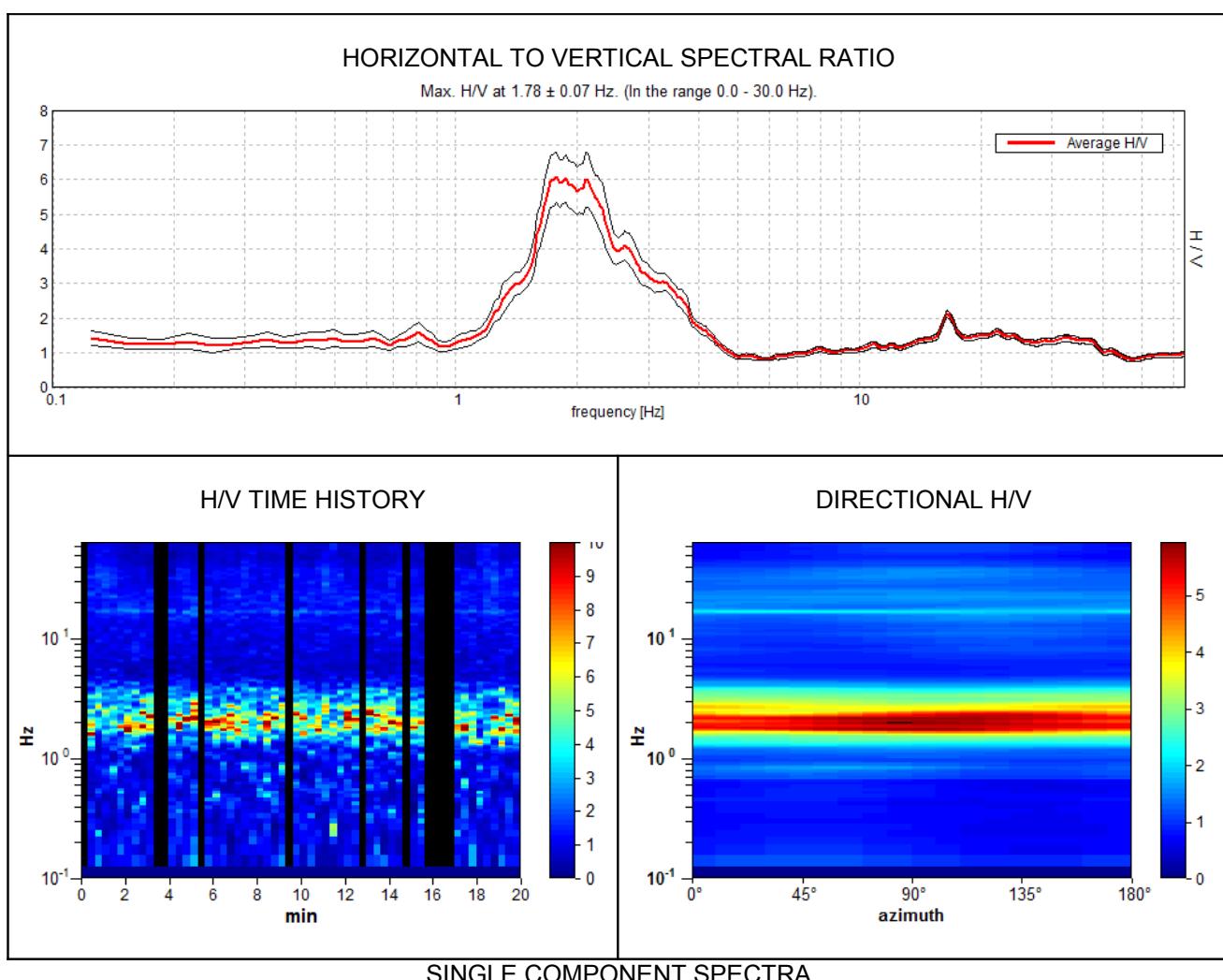
Trace length: 0h20'00". Analyzed 82% trace (manual window selection)

Sampling rate: 128 Hz

Window size: 20 s

Smoothing type: Triangular window

Smoothing: 5%



[According to the SESAME, 2005 guidelines. Please read carefully the *Grilla* manual before interpreting the following tables.]

Max. H/V at 1.78 ± 0.07 Hz (in the range 0.0 - 30.0 Hz).

Criteria for a reliable H/V curve

[All 3 should be fulfilled]

$f_0 > 10 / L_w$	$1.78 > 0.50$	OK	
$n_c(f_0) > 200$	$1745.6 > 200$	OK	
$\sigma_A(f) < 2$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 > 0.5\text{Hz}$ $\sigma_A(f) < 3$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 < 0.5\text{Hz}$	Exceeded 0 out of 86 times	OK	

Criteria for a clear H/V peak

[At least 5 out of 6 should be fulfilled]

Exists f^- in $[f_0/4, f_0]$ $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0 / 2$	1.438 Hz	OK	
Exists f^+ in $[f_0, 4f_0]$ $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0 / 2$	3.188 Hz	OK	
$A_0 > 2$	$6.06 > 2$	OK	
$f_{peak}[A_{H/V}(f) \pm \sigma_A(f)] = f_0 \pm 5\%$	$ 0.04179 < 0.05$	OK	
$\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$	$0.07443 < 0.17813$	OK	
$\sigma_A(f_0) < \theta(f_0)$	$0.732 < 1.78$	OK	

L_w	window length
n_w	number of windows used in the analysis
$n_c = L_w n_w f_0$	number of significant cycles
f	current frequency
f_0	H/V peak frequency
σ_f	standard deviation of H/V peak frequency
$\varepsilon(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$
A_0	H/V peak amplitude at frequency f_0
$A_{H/V}(f)$	H/V curve amplitude at frequency f
f^-	frequency between $f_0/4$ and f_0 for which $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0/2$
f^+	frequency between f_0 and $4f_0$ for which $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0/2$
$\sigma_A(f)$	standard deviation of $A_{H/V}(f)$, $\sigma_A(f)$ is the factor by which the mean $A_{H/V}(f)$ curve should be multiplied or divided
$\sigma_{\log H/V}(f)$	standard deviation of $\log A_{H/V}(f)$ curve
$\theta(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_A(f) < \theta(f_0)$

Threshold values for σ_f and $\sigma_A(f_0)$

Freq. range [Hz]	< 0.2	0.2 – 0.5	0.5 – 1.0	1.0 – 2.0	> 2.0
$\varepsilon(f_0)$ [Hz]	$0.25 f_0$	$0.2 f_0$	$0.15 f_0$	$0.10 f_0$	$0.05 f_0$
$\theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_A(f_0)$	3.0	2.5	2.0	1.78	1.58
$\log \theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_{\log H/V}(f_0)$	0.48	0.40	0.30	0.25	0.20



P83

P84 (MS livello 1 - Arezzo)

Instrument: TEP-0168/01-11

Data format: 16 byte

Full scale [mV]: n.a.

Start recording: 14/12/18 11:26:41 End recording: 14/12/18 11:46:41

Channel labels: NORTH SOUTH; EAST WEST ; UP DOWN

GPS data not available

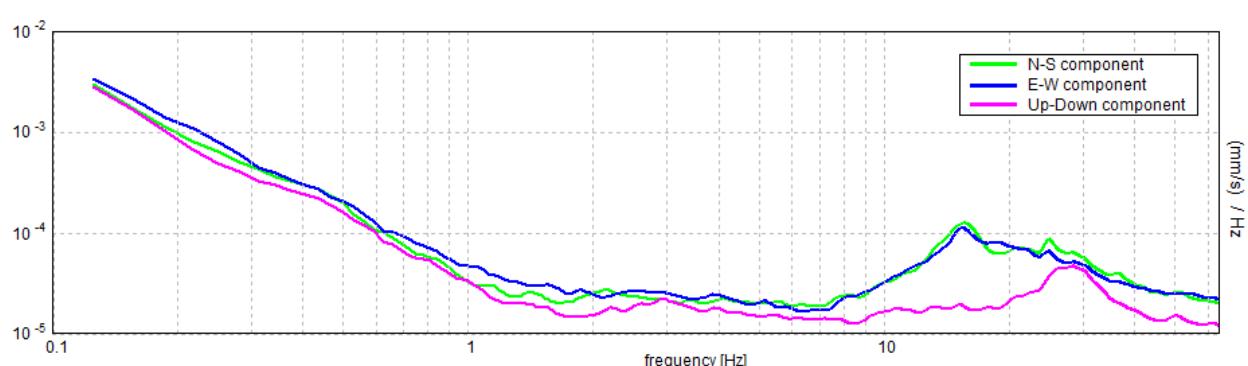
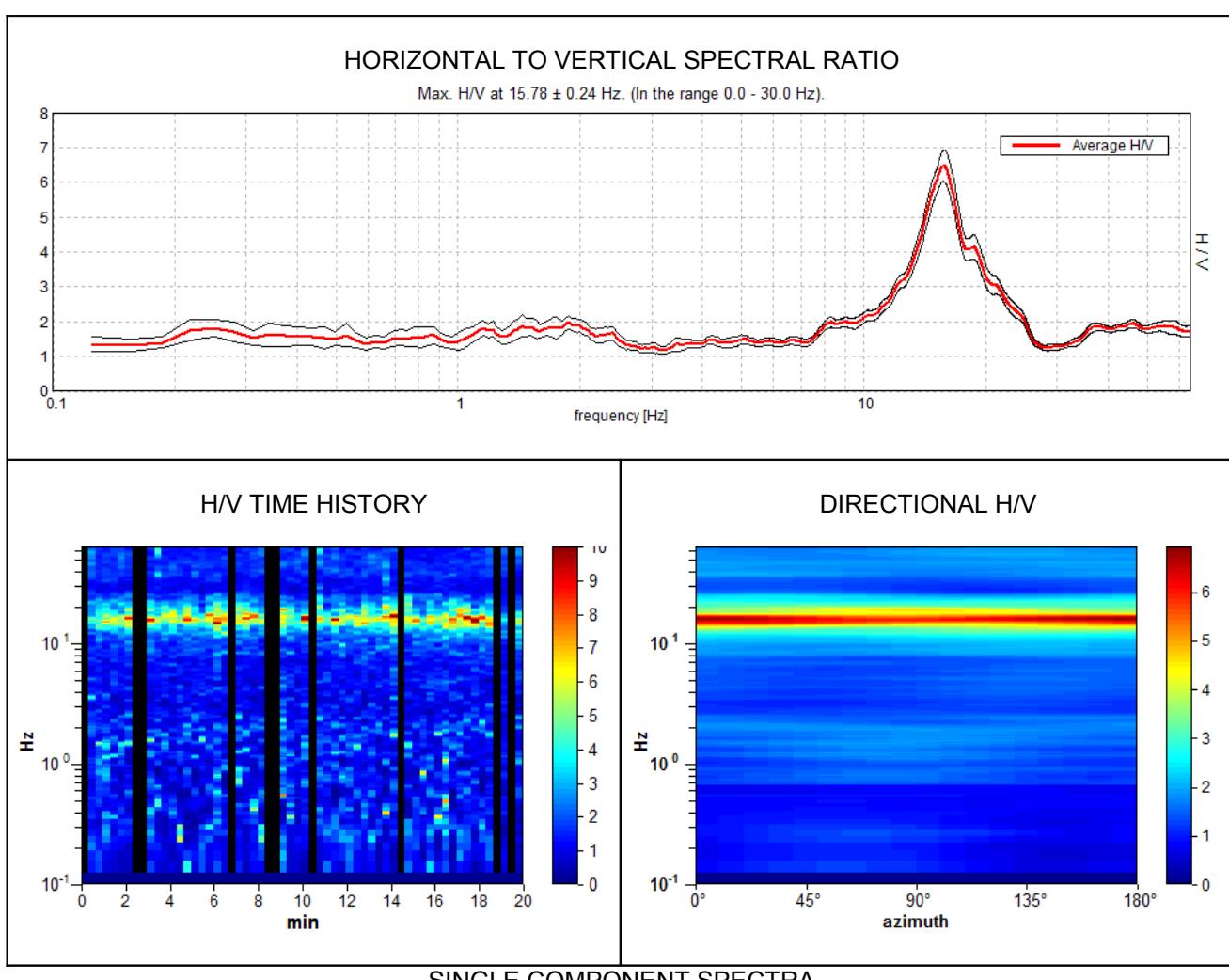
Trace length: 0h20'00". Analyzed 83% trace (manual window selection)

Sampling rate: 128 Hz

Window size: 20 s

Smoothing type: Triangular window

Smoothing: 5%



[According to the SESAME, 2005 guidelines. Please read carefully the *Grilla* manual before interpreting the following tables.]

Max. H/V at 15.78 ± 0.24 Hz (in the range 0.0 - 30.0 Hz).

Criteria for a reliable H/V curve

[All 3 should be fulfilled]

$f_0 > 10 / L_w$	$15.78 > 0.50$	OK	
$n_c(f_0) > 200$	$15781.3 > 200$	OK	
$\sigma_A(f) < 2$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 > 0.5\text{Hz}$ $\sigma_A(f) < 3$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 < 0.5\text{Hz}$	Exceeded 0 out of 758 times	OK	

Criteria for a clear H/V peak

[At least 5 out of 6 should be fulfilled]

Exists f^- in $[f_0/4, f_0]$ $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0 / 2$	12.656 Hz	OK	
Exists f^+ in $[f_0, 4f_0]$ $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0 / 2$	20.156 Hz	OK	
$A_0 > 2$	$6.48 > 2$	OK	
$f_{peak}[A_{H/V}(f) \pm \sigma_A(f)] = f_0 \pm 5\%$	$ 0.01519 < 0.05$	OK	
$\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$	$0.23979 < 0.78906$	OK	
$\sigma_A(f_0) < \theta(f_0)$	$0.4508 < 1.58$	OK	

L_w	window length
n_w	number of windows used in the analysis
$n_c = L_w n_w f_0$	number of significant cycles
f	current frequency
f_0	H/V peak frequency
σ_f	standard deviation of H/V peak frequency
$\varepsilon(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$
A_0	H/V peak amplitude at frequency f_0
$A_{H/V}(f)$	H/V curve amplitude at frequency f
f^-	frequency between $f_0/4$ and f_0 for which $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0/2$
f^+	frequency between f_0 and $4f_0$ for which $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0/2$
$\sigma_A(f)$	standard deviation of $A_{H/V}(f)$, $\sigma_A(f)$ is the factor by which the mean $A_{H/V}(f)$ curve should be multiplied or divided
$\sigma_{\log H/V}(f)$	standard deviation of $\log A_{H/V}(f)$ curve
$\theta(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_A(f) < \theta(f_0)$

Threshold values for σ_f and $\sigma_A(f_0)$

Freq. range [Hz]	< 0.2	0.2 – 0.5	0.5 – 1.0	1.0 – 2.0	> 2.0
$\varepsilon(f_0)$ [Hz]	$0.25 f_0$	$0.2 f_0$	$0.15 f_0$	$0.10 f_0$	$0.05 f_0$
$\theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_A(f_0)$	3.0	2.5	2.0	1.78	1.58
$\log \theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_{\log H/V}(f_0)$	0.48	0.40	0.30	0.25	0.20



P84

P85 (MS livello 1 - Arezzo)

Instrument: TEP-0168/01-11

Data format: 16 byte

Full scale [mV]: n.a.

Start recording: 29/11/18 15:08:11 End recording: 29/11/18 15:28:11

Channel labels: NORTH SOUTH; EAST WEST ; UP DOWN

GPS data not available

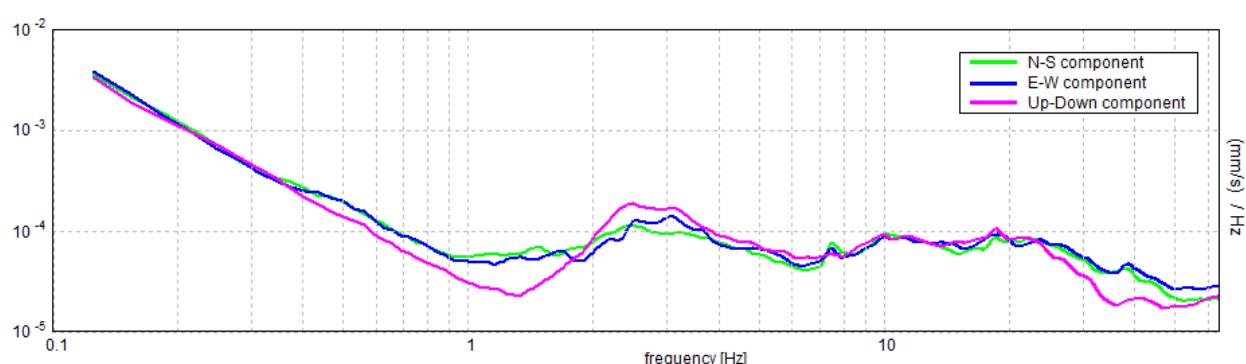
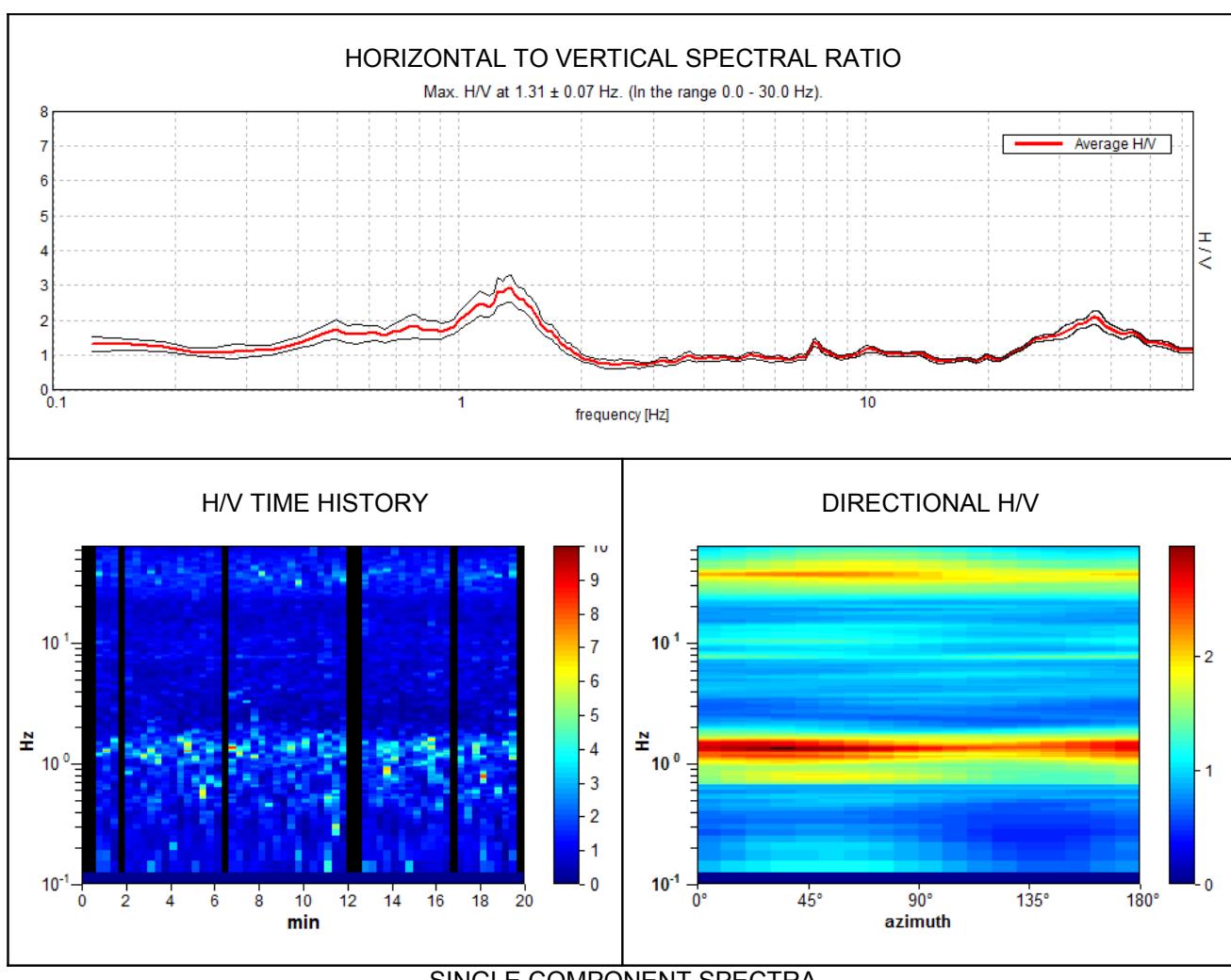
Trace length: 0h20'00". Analyzed 87% trace (manual window selection)

Sampling rate: 128 Hz

Window size: 20 s

Smoothing type: Triangular window

Smoothing: 5%



[According to the SESAME, 2005 guidelines. Please read carefully the *Grilla* manual before interpreting the following tables.]

Max. H/V at 1.31 ± 0.07 Hz (in the range 0.0 - 30.0 Hz).

Criteria for a reliable H/V curve

[All 3 should be fulfilled]

$f_0 > 10 / L_w$	$1.31 > 0.50$	OK	
$n_c(f_0) > 200$	$1365.0 > 200$	OK	
$\sigma_A(f) < 2$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 > 0.5\text{Hz}$ $\sigma_A(f) < 3$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 < 0.5\text{Hz}$	Exceeded 0 out of 64 times	OK	

Criteria for a clear H/V peak

[At least 5 out of 6 should be fulfilled]

Exists f^- in $[f_0/4, f_0]$ $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0 / 2$	0.406 Hz	OK	
Exists f^+ in $[f_0, 4f_0]$ $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0 / 2$	1.781 Hz	OK	
$A_0 > 2$	$2.90 > 2$	OK	
$f_{peak}[A_{H/V}(f) \pm \sigma_A(f)] = f_0 \pm 5\%$	$ 0.04986 < 0.05$	OK	
$\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$	$0.06544 < 0.13125$	OK	
$\sigma_A(f_0) < \theta(f_0)$	$0.3747 < 1.78$	OK	

L_w	window length
n_w	number of windows used in the analysis
$n_c = L_w n_w f_0$	number of significant cycles
f	current frequency
f_0	H/V peak frequency
σ_f	standard deviation of H/V peak frequency
$\varepsilon(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$
A_0	H/V peak amplitude at frequency f_0
$A_{H/V}(f)$	H/V curve amplitude at frequency f
f^-	frequency between $f_0/4$ and f_0 for which $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0/2$
f^+	frequency between f_0 and $4f_0$ for which $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0/2$
$\sigma_A(f)$	standard deviation of $A_{H/V}(f)$, $\sigma_A(f)$ is the factor by which the mean $A_{H/V}(f)$ curve should be multiplied or divided
$\sigma_{\log H/V}(f)$	standard deviation of $\log A_{H/V}(f)$ curve
$\theta(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_A(f) < \theta(f_0)$

Threshold values for σ_f and $\sigma_A(f_0)$

Freq. range [Hz]	< 0.2	0.2 – 0.5	0.5 – 1.0	1.0 – 2.0	> 2.0
$\varepsilon(f_0)$ [Hz]	$0.25 f_0$	$0.2 f_0$	$0.15 f_0$	$0.10 f_0$	$0.05 f_0$
$\theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_A(f_0)$	3.0	2.5	2.0	1.78	1.58
$\log \theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_{\log H/V}(f_0)$	0.48	0.40	0.30	0.25	0.20



P85

P86 (MS livello 1 - Arezzo)

Instrument: TEP-0168/01-11

Data format: 16 byte

Full scale [mV]: n.a.

Start recording: 29/11/18 13:14:50 End recording: 29/11/18 13:34:50

Channel labels: NORTH SOUTH; EAST WEST ; UP DOWN

GPS data not available

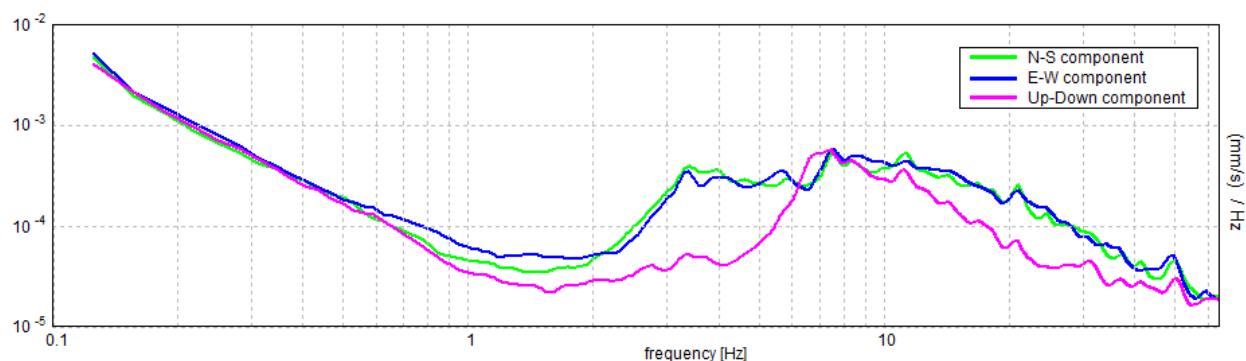
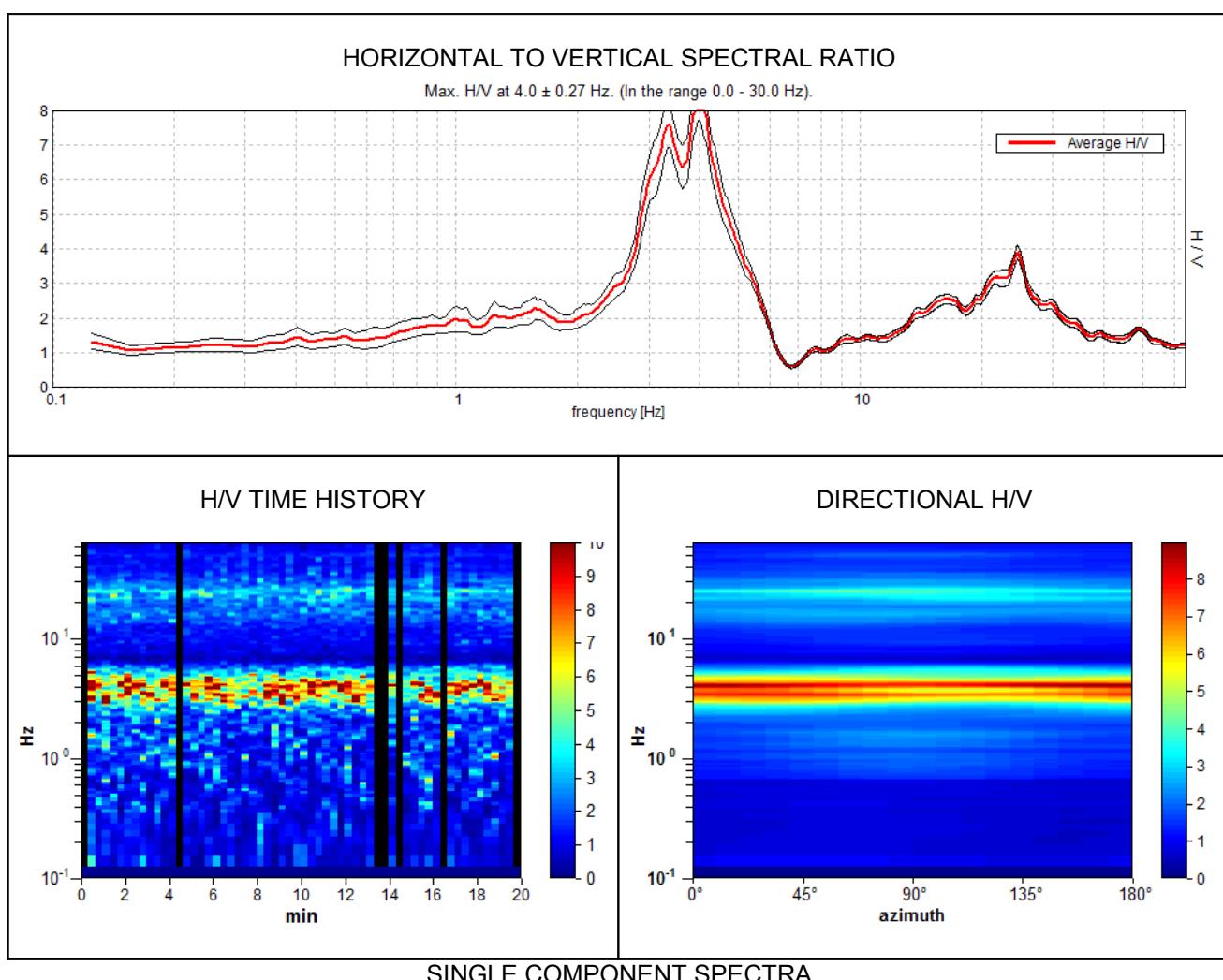
Trace length: 0h20'00". Analyzed 88% trace (manual window selection)

Sampling rate: 128 Hz

Window size: 20 s

Smoothing type: Triangular window

Smoothing: 5%



[According to the SESAME, 2005 guidelines. Please read carefully the *Grilla* manual before interpreting the following tables.]

Max. H/V at 4.0 ± 0.27 Hz (in the range 0.0 - 30.0 Hz).

Criteria for a reliable H/V curve

[All 3 should be fulfilled]

$f_0 > 10 / L_w$	$4.00 > 0.50$	OK	
$n_c(f_0) > 200$	$4240.0 > 200$	OK	
$\sigma_A(f) < 2$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 > 0.5\text{Hz}$ $\sigma_A(f) < 3$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 < 0.5\text{Hz}$	Exceeded 0 out of 193 times	OK	

Criteria for a clear H/V peak

[At least 5 out of 6 should be fulfilled]

Exists f^- in $[f_0/4, f_0]$ $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0 / 2$	2.781 Hz	OK	
Exists f^+ in $[f_0, 4f_0]$ $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0 / 2$	4.969 Hz	OK	
$A_0 > 2$	8.54 > 2	OK	
$f_{peak}[A_{H/V}(f) \pm \sigma_A(f)] = f_0 \pm 5\%$	$ 0.06743 < 0.05$		NO
$\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$	$0.26971 < 0.2$		NO
$\sigma_A(f_0) < \theta(f_0)$	$0.8517 < 1.58$	OK	

L_w	window length
n_w	number of windows used in the analysis
$n_c = L_w n_w f_0$	number of significant cycles
f	current frequency
f_0	H/V peak frequency
σ_f	standard deviation of H/V peak frequency
$\varepsilon(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$
A_0	H/V peak amplitude at frequency f_0
$A_{H/V}(f)$	H/V curve amplitude at frequency f
f^-	frequency between $f_0/4$ and f_0 for which $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0/2$
f^+	frequency between f_0 and $4f_0$ for which $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0/2$
$\sigma_A(f)$	standard deviation of $A_{H/V}(f)$, $\sigma_A(f)$ is the factor by which the mean $A_{H/V}(f)$ curve should be multiplied or divided
$\sigma_{\log H/V}(f)$	standard deviation of $\log A_{H/V}(f)$ curve
$\theta(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_A(f) < \theta(f_0)$

Threshold values for σ_f and $\sigma_A(f_0)$

Freq. range [Hz]	< 0.2	0.2 – 0.5	0.5 – 1.0	1.0 – 2.0	> 2.0
$\varepsilon(f_0)$ [Hz]	$0.25 f_0$	$0.2 f_0$	$0.15 f_0$	$0.10 f_0$	$0.05 f_0$
$\theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_A(f_0)$	3.0	2.5	2.0	1.78	1.58
$\log \theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_{\log H/V}(f_0)$	0.48	0.40	0.30	0.25	0.20



P86

P87 (MS livello 1 - Arezzo)

Instrument: TEP-0168/01-11

Data format: 16 byte

Full scale [mV]: n.a.

Start recording: 29/11/18 14:33:29 End recording: 29/11/18 14:53:29

Channel labels: NORTH SOUTH; EAST WEST ; UP DOWN

GPS data not available

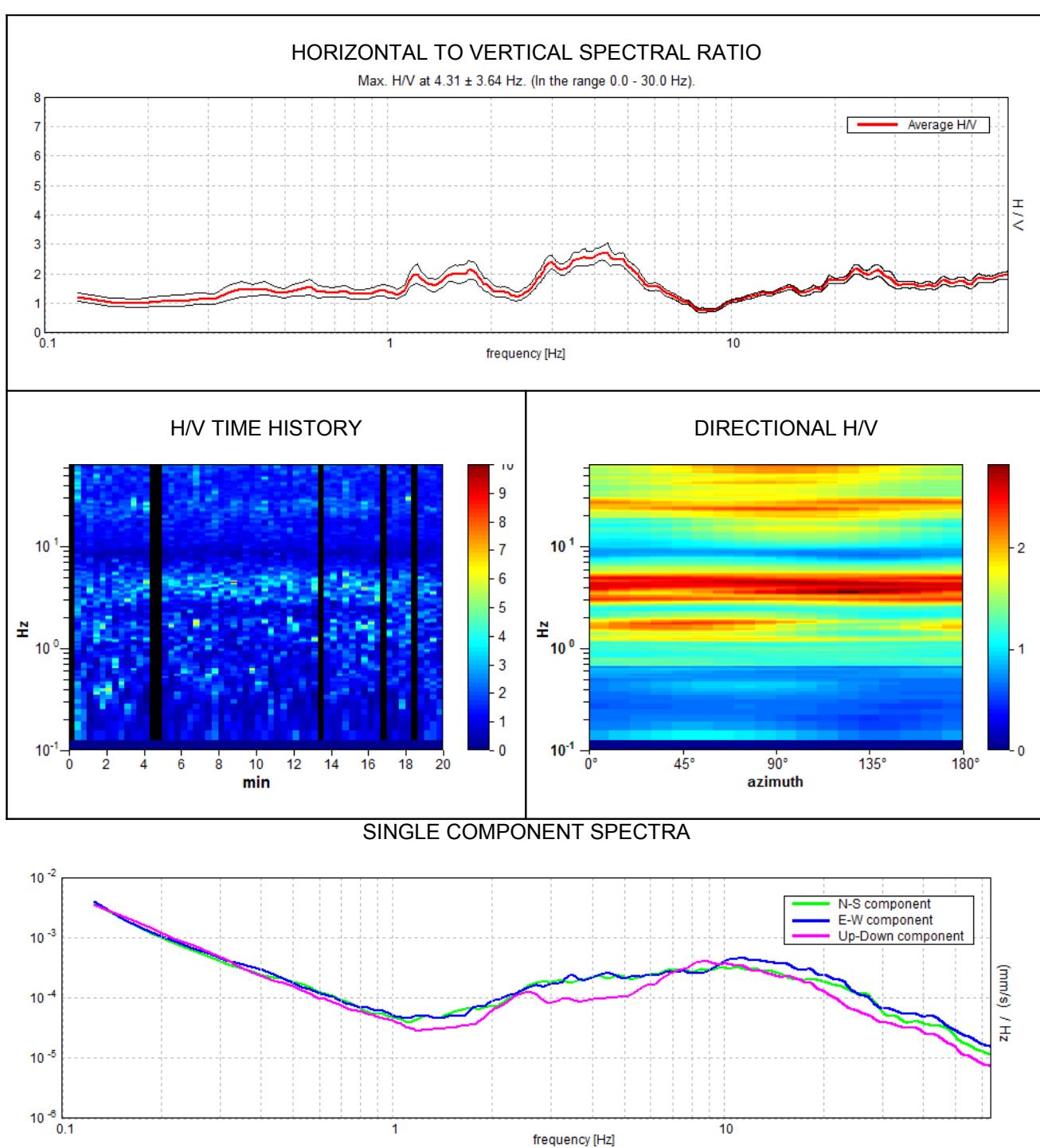
Trace length: 0h20'00". Analyzed 90% trace (manual window selection)

Sampling rate: 128 Hz

Window size: 20 s

Smoothing type: Triangular window

Smoothing: 5%



[According to the SESAME, 2005 guidelines. Please read carefully the *Grilla* manual before interpreting the following tables.]

Max. H/V at 4.31 ± 3.64 Hz (in the range 0.0 - 30.0 Hz).

Criteria for a reliable H/V curve

[All 3 should be fulfilled]

$f_0 > 10 / L_w$	$4.31 > 0.50$	OK	
$n_c(f_0) > 200$	$4657.5 > 200$	OK	
$\sigma_A(f) < 2$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 > 0.5\text{Hz}$ $\sigma_A(f) < 3$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 < 0.5\text{Hz}$	Exceeded 0 out of 208 times	OK	

Criteria for a clear H/V peak

[At least 5 out of 6 should be fulfilled]

Exists f^- in $[f_0/4, f_0]$ $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0 / 2$	2.5 Hz	OK	
Exists f^+ in $[f_0, 4f_0]$ $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0 / 2$	6.469 Hz	OK	
$A_0 > 2$	$2.71 > 2$	OK	
$f_{peak}[A_{H/V}(f) \pm \sigma_A(f)] = f_0 \pm 5\%$	$ 0.84507 < 0.05$		NO
$\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$	$3.64435 < 0.21563$		NO
$\sigma_A(f_0) < \theta(f_0)$	$0.2964 < 1.58$	OK	

L_w	window length
n_w	number of windows used in the analysis
$n_c = L_w n_w f_0$	number of significant cycles
f	current frequency
f_0	H/V peak frequency
σ_f	standard deviation of H/V peak frequency
$\varepsilon(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$
A_0	H/V peak amplitude at frequency f_0
$A_{H/V}(f)$	H/V curve amplitude at frequency f
f^-	frequency between $f_0/4$ and f_0 for which $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0/2$
f^+	frequency between f_0 and $4f_0$ for which $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0/2$
$\sigma_A(f)$	standard deviation of $A_{H/V}(f)$, $\sigma_A(f)$ is the factor by which the mean $A_{H/V}(f)$ curve should be multiplied or divided
$\sigma_{\log H/V}(f)$	standard deviation of $\log A_{H/V}(f)$ curve
$\theta(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_A(f) < \theta(f_0)$

Threshold values for σ_f and $\sigma_A(f_0)$

Freq. range [Hz]	< 0.2	0.2 – 0.5	0.5 – 1.0	1.0 – 2.0	> 2.0
$\varepsilon(f_0)$ [Hz]	$0.25 f_0$	$0.2 f_0$	$0.15 f_0$	$0.10 f_0$	$0.05 f_0$
$\theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_A(f_0)$	3.0	2.5	2.0	1.78	1.58
$\log \theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_{\log H/V}(f_0)$	0.48	0.40	0.30	0.25	0.20



P87

P88 (MS livello 1 - Arezzo)

Instrument: TEP-0168/01-11

Data format: 16 byte

Full scale [mV]: n.a.

Start recording: 14/12/18 12:13:43 End recording: 14/12/18 12:33:43

Channel labels: NORTH SOUTH; EAST WEST ; UP DOWN

GPS data not available

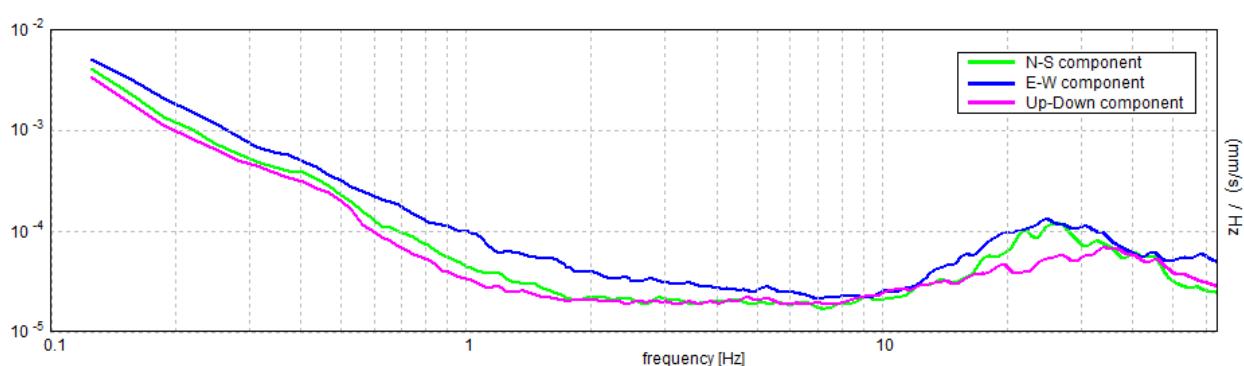
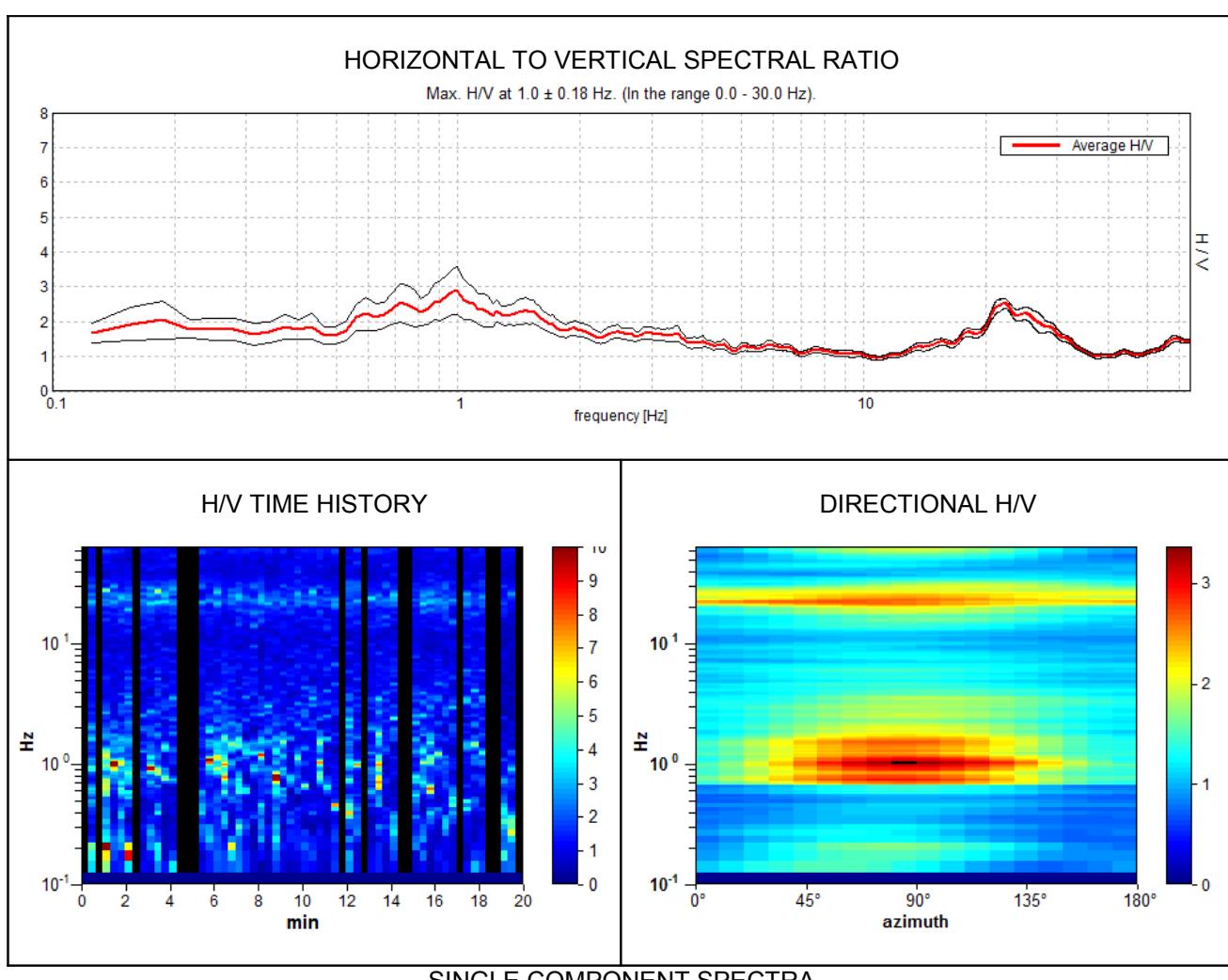
Trace length: 0h20'00". Analyzed 77% trace (manual window selection)

Sampling rate: 128 Hz

Window size: 20 s

Smoothing type: Triangular window

Smoothing: 5%



[According to the SESAME, 2005 guidelines. Please read carefully the *Grilla* manual before interpreting the following tables.]

Max. H/V at 1.0 ± 0.18 Hz (in the range 0.0 - 30.0 Hz).

Criteria for a reliable H/V curve

[All 3 should be fulfilled]

$f_0 > 10 / L_w$	1.00 > 0.50	OK	
$n_c(f_0) > 200$	920.0 > 200	OK	
$\sigma_A(f) < 2$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 > 0.5$ Hz $\sigma_A(f) < 3$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 < 0.5$ Hz	Exceeded 0 out of 49 times	OK	

Criteria for a clear H/V peak

[At least 5 out of 6 should be fulfilled]

Exists f^- in $[f_0/4, f_0]$ $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0 / 2$			NO
Exists f^+ in $[f_0, 4f_0]$ $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0 / 2$	3.656 Hz	OK	
$A_0 > 2$	2.89 > 2	OK	
$f_{peak}[A_{H/V}(f) \pm \sigma_A(f)] = f_0 \pm 5\%$	$ 0.18378 < 0.05$		NO
$\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$	$0.18378 < 0.1$		NO
$\sigma_A(f_0) < \theta(f_0)$	$0.6825 < 1.78$	OK	

L_w	window length
n_w	number of windows used in the analysis
$n_c = L_w n_w f_0$	number of significant cycles
f	current frequency
f_0	H/V peak frequency
σ_f	standard deviation of H/V peak frequency
$\varepsilon(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$
A_0	H/V peak amplitude at frequency f_0
$A_{H/V}(f)$	H/V curve amplitude at frequency f
f^-	frequency between $f_0/4$ and f_0 for which $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0/2$
f^+	frequency between f_0 and $4f_0$ for which $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0/2$
$\sigma_A(f)$	standard deviation of $A_{H/V}(f)$, $\sigma_A(f)$ is the factor by which the mean $A_{H/V}(f)$ curve should be multiplied or divided
$\sigma_{\log H/V}(f)$	standard deviation of $\log A_{H/V}(f)$ curve
$\theta(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_A(f) < \theta(f_0)$

Threshold values for σ_f and $\sigma_A(f_0)$

Freq. range [Hz]	< 0.2	0.2 – 0.5	0.5 – 1.0	1.0 – 2.0	> 2.0
$\varepsilon(f_0)$ [Hz]	$0.25 f_0$	$0.2 f_0$	$0.15 f_0$	$0.10 f_0$	$0.05 f_0$
$\theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_A(f_0)$	3.0	2.5	2.0	1.78	1.58
$\log \theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_{\log H/V}(f_0)$	0.48	0.40	0.30	0.25	0.20



P88

P89 (MS livello 1 - Arezzo)

Instrument: TEP-0168/01-11

Data format: 16 byte

Full scale [mV]: n.a.

Start recording: 27/11/18 09:32:40 End recording: 27/11/18 09:52:40

Channel labels: NORTH SOUTH; EAST WEST ; UP DOWN

GPS data not available

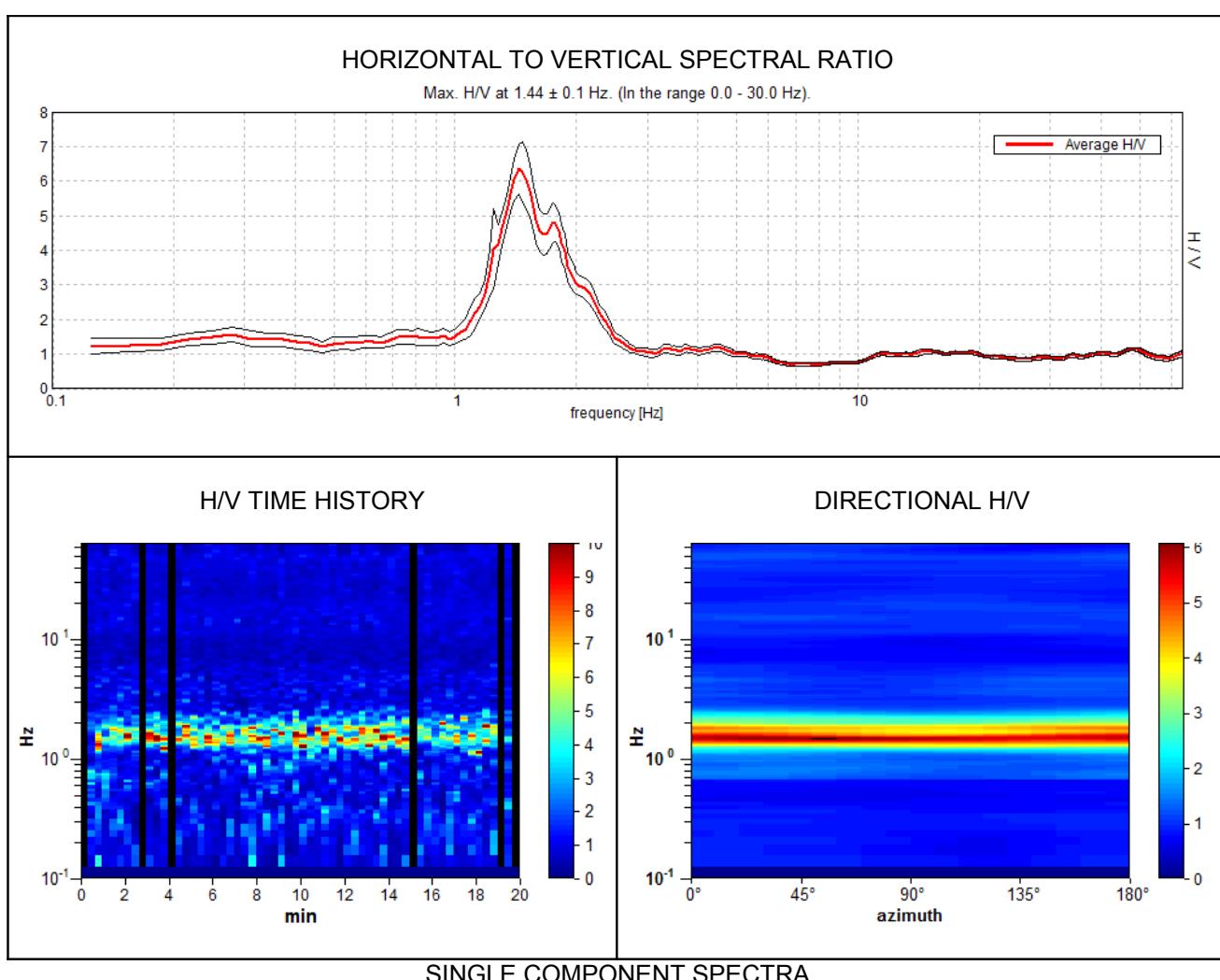
Trace length: 0h20'00". Analyzed 90% trace (manual window selection)

Sampling rate: 128 Hz

Window size: 20 s

Smoothing type: Triangular window

Smoothing: 5%



[According to the SESAME, 2005 guidelines. Please read carefully the *Grilla* manual before interpreting the following tables.]

Max. H/V at 1.44 ± 0.1 Hz (in the range 0.0 - 30.0 Hz).

Criteria for a reliable H/V curve

[All 3 should be fulfilled]

$f_0 > 10 / L_w$	$1.44 > 0.50$	OK	
$n_c(f_0) > 200$	$1552.5 > 200$	OK	
$\sigma_A(f) < 2$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 > 0.5\text{Hz}$ $\sigma_A(f) < 3$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 < 0.5\text{Hz}$	Exceeded 0 out of 70 times	OK	

Criteria for a clear H/V peak

[At least 5 out of 6 should be fulfilled]

Exists f^- in $[f_0/4, f_0]$ $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0 / 2$	1.188 Hz	OK	
Exists f^+ in $[f_0, 4f_0]$ $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0 / 2$	2.0 Hz	OK	
$A_0 > 2$	$6.35 > 2$	OK	
$f_{peak}[A_{H/V}(f) \pm \sigma_A(f)] = f_0 \pm 5\%$	$ 0.06988 < 0.05$		NO
$\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$	$0.10045 < 0.14375$	OK	
$\sigma_A(f_0) < \theta(f_0)$	$0.7169 < 1.78$	OK	

L_w	window length
n_w	number of windows used in the analysis
$n_c = L_w n_w f_0$	number of significant cycles
f	current frequency
f_0	H/V peak frequency
σ_f	standard deviation of H/V peak frequency
$\varepsilon(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$
A_0	H/V peak amplitude at frequency f_0
$A_{H/V}(f)$	H/V curve amplitude at frequency f
f^-	frequency between $f_0/4$ and f_0 for which $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0/2$
f^+	frequency between f_0 and $4f_0$ for which $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0/2$
$\sigma_A(f)$	standard deviation of $A_{H/V}(f)$, $\sigma_A(f)$ is the factor by which the mean $A_{H/V}(f)$ curve should be multiplied or divided
$\sigma_{\log H/V}(f)$	standard deviation of $\log A_{H/V}(f)$ curve
$\theta(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_A(f) < \theta(f_0)$

Threshold values for σ_f and $\sigma_A(f_0)$

Freq. range [Hz]	< 0.2	0.2 – 0.5	0.5 – 1.0	1.0 – 2.0	> 2.0
$\varepsilon(f_0)$ [Hz]	$0.25 f_0$	$0.2 f_0$	$0.15 f_0$	$0.10 f_0$	$0.05 f_0$
$\theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_A(f_0)$	3.0	2.5	2.0	1.78	1.58
$\log \theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_{\log H/V}(f_0)$	0.48	0.40	0.30	0.25	0.20



P89

P90 (MS livello 1 - Arezzo)

Instrument: TEP-0168/01-11

Data format: 16 byte

Full scale [mV]: n.a.

Start recording: 29/11/18 11:42:29 End recording: 29/11/18 12:02:29

Channel labels: NORTH SOUTH; EAST WEST ; UP DOWN

GPS data not available

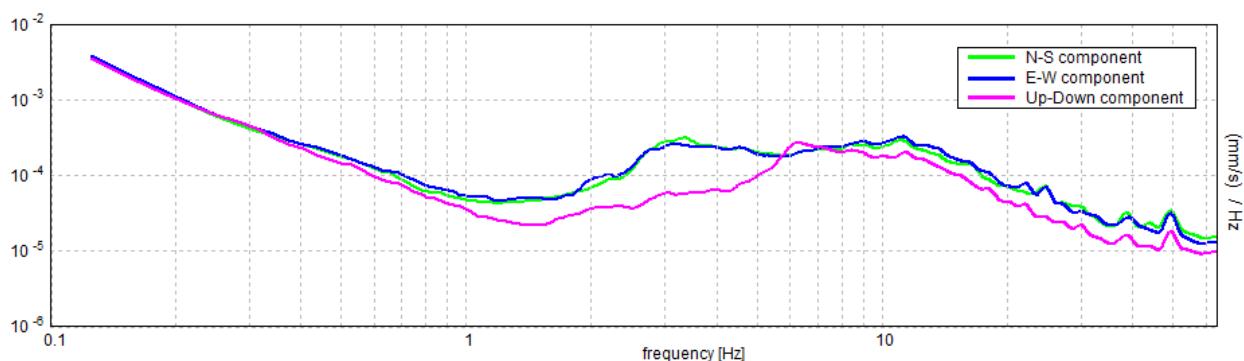
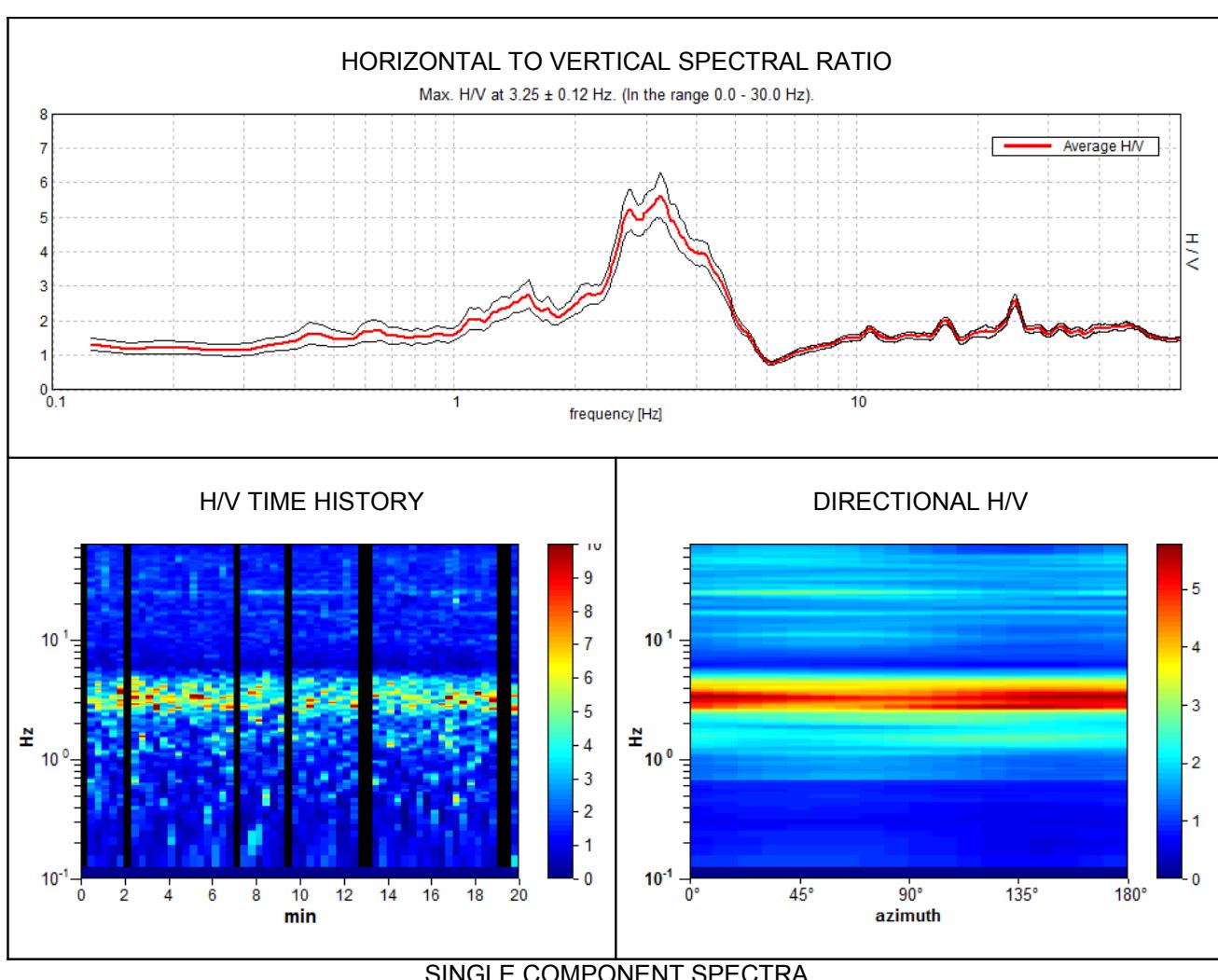
Trace length: 0h20'00". Analyzed 87% trace (manual window selection)

Sampling rate: 128 Hz

Window size: 20 s

Smoothing type: Triangular window

Smoothing: 5%



[According to the SESAME, 2005 guidelines. Please read carefully the *Grilla* manual before interpreting the following tables.]

Max. H/V at 3.25 ± 0.12 Hz (in the range 0.0 - 30.0 Hz).

Criteria for a reliable H/V curve

[All 3 should be fulfilled]

$f_0 > 10 / L_w$	$3.25 > 0.50$	OK	
$n_c(f_0) > 200$	$3380.0 > 200$	OK	
$\sigma_A(f) < 2$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 > 0.5\text{Hz}$ $\sigma_A(f) < 3$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 < 0.5\text{Hz}$	Exceeded 0 out of 157 times	OK	

Criteria for a clear H/V peak

[At least 5 out of 6 should be fulfilled]

Exists f^- in $[f_0/4, f_0]$ $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0 / 2$	2.313 Hz	OK	
Exists f^+ in $[f_0, 4f_0]$ $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0 / 2$	4.75 Hz	OK	
$A_0 > 2$	$5.63 > 2$	OK	
$f_{peak}[A_{H/V}(f) \pm \sigma_A(f)] = f_0 \pm 5\%$	$ 0.03642 < 0.05$	OK	
$\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$	$0.11836 < 0.1625$	OK	
$\sigma_A(f_0) < \theta(f_0)$	$0.6403 < 1.58$	OK	

L_w	window length
n_w	number of windows used in the analysis
$n_c = L_w n_w f_0$	number of significant cycles
f	current frequency
f_0	H/V peak frequency
σ_f	standard deviation of H/V peak frequency
$\varepsilon(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$
A_0	H/V peak amplitude at frequency f_0
$A_{H/V}(f)$	H/V curve amplitude at frequency f
f^-	frequency between $f_0/4$ and f_0 for which $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0/2$
f^+	frequency between f_0 and $4f_0$ for which $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0/2$
$\sigma_A(f)$	standard deviation of $A_{H/V}(f)$, $\sigma_A(f)$ is the factor by which the mean $A_{H/V}(f)$ curve should be multiplied or divided
$\sigma_{\log H/V}(f)$	standard deviation of $\log A_{H/V}(f)$ curve
$\theta(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_A(f) < \theta(f_0)$

Threshold values for σ_f and $\sigma_A(f_0)$

Freq. range [Hz]	< 0.2	0.2 – 0.5	0.5 – 1.0	1.0 – 2.0	> 2.0
$\varepsilon(f_0)$ [Hz]	$0.25 f_0$	$0.2 f_0$	$0.15 f_0$	$0.10 f_0$	$0.05 f_0$
$\theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_A(f_0)$	3.0	2.5	2.0	1.78	1.58
$\log \theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_{\log H/V}(f_0)$	0.48	0.40	0.30	0.25	0.20



P90

P91 (MS livello 1 - Arezzo)

Instrument: TEP-0168/01-11

Data format: 16 byte

Full scale [mV]: n.a.

Start recording: 27/11/18 10:16:05 End recording: 27/11/18 10:36:05

Channel labels: NORTH SOUTH; EAST WEST ; UP DOWN

GPS data not available

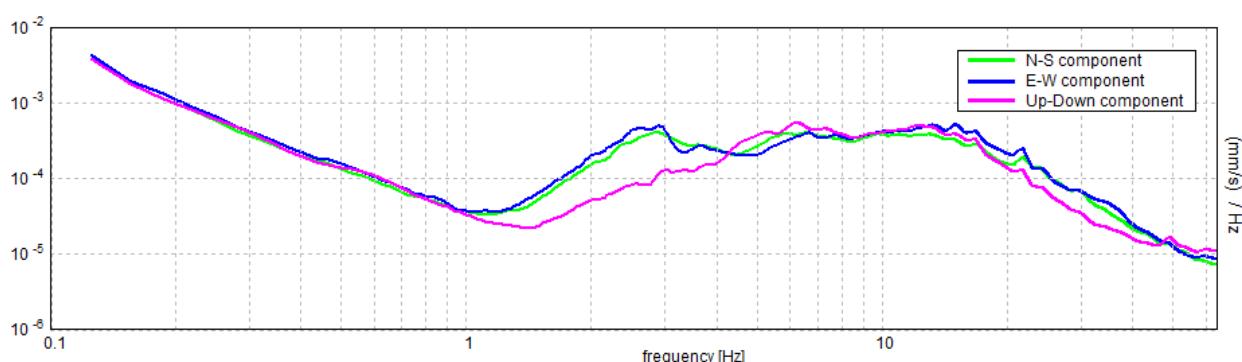
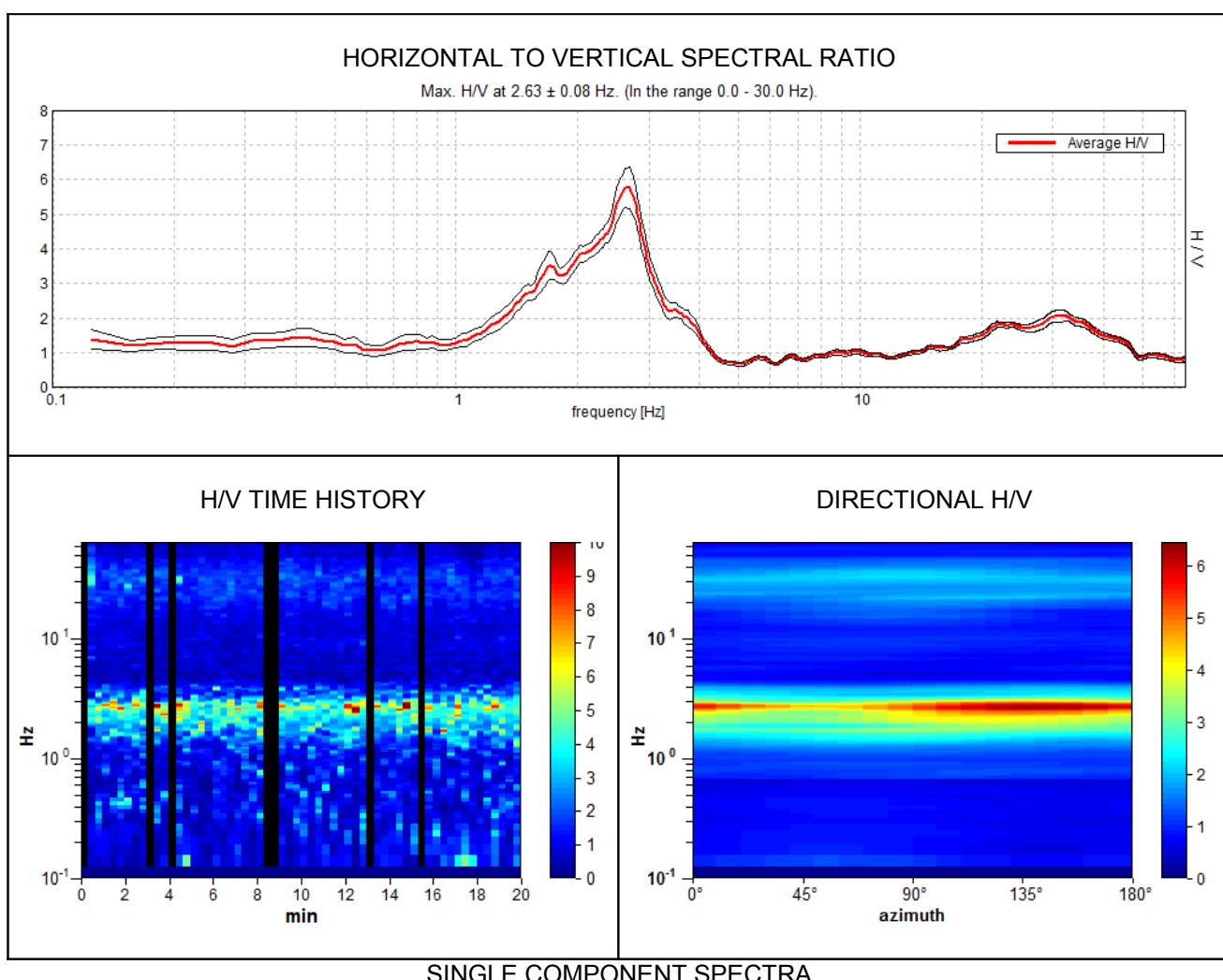
Trace length: 0h20'00". Analyzed 88% trace (manual window selection)

Sampling rate: 128 Hz

Window size: 20 s

Smoothing type: Triangular window

Smoothing: 5%



[According to the SESAME, 2005 guidelines. Please read carefully the *Grilla* manual before interpreting the following tables.]

Max. H/V at 2.63 ± 0.08 Hz (in the range 0.0 - 30.0 Hz).

Criteria for a reliable H/V curve

[All 3 should be fulfilled]

$f_0 > 10 / L_w$	$2.63 > 0.50$	OK	
$n_c(f_0) > 200$	$2782.5 > 200$	OK	
$\sigma_A(f) < 2$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 > 0.5\text{Hz}$ $\sigma_A(f) < 3$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 < 0.5\text{Hz}$	Exceeded 0 out of 127 times	OK	

Criteria for a clear H/V peak

[At least 5 out of 6 should be fulfilled]

Exists f^- in $[f_0/4, f_0]$ $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0 / 2$	1.563 Hz	OK	
Exists f^+ in $[f_0, 4f_0]$ $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0 / 2$	3.156 Hz	OK	
$A_0 > 2$	$5.76 > 2$	OK	
$f_{peak}[A_{H/V}(f) \pm \sigma_A(f)] = f_0 \pm 5\%$	$ 0.02989 < 0.05$	OK	
$\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$	$0.07845 < 0.13125$	OK	
$\sigma_A(f_0) < \theta(f_0)$	$0.5777 < 1.58$	OK	

L_w	window length
n_w	number of windows used in the analysis
$n_c = L_w n_w f_0$	number of significant cycles
f	current frequency
f_0	H/V peak frequency
σ_f	standard deviation of H/V peak frequency
$\varepsilon(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$
A_0	H/V peak amplitude at frequency f_0
$A_{H/V}(f)$	H/V curve amplitude at frequency f
f^-	frequency between $f_0/4$ and f_0 for which $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0/2$
f^+	frequency between f_0 and $4f_0$ for which $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0/2$
$\sigma_A(f)$	standard deviation of $A_{H/V}(f)$, $\sigma_A(f)$ is the factor by which the mean $A_{H/V}(f)$ curve should be multiplied or divided
$\sigma_{\log H/V}(f)$	standard deviation of $\log A_{H/V}(f)$ curve
$\theta(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_A(f) < \theta(f_0)$

Threshold values for σ_f and $\sigma_A(f_0)$

Freq. range [Hz]	< 0.2	0.2 – 0.5	0.5 – 1.0	1.0 – 2.0	> 2.0
$\varepsilon(f_0)$ [Hz]	$0.25 f_0$	$0.2 f_0$	$0.15 f_0$	$0.10 f_0$	$0.05 f_0$
$\theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_A(f_0)$	3.0	2.5	2.0	1.78	1.58
$\log \theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_{\log H/V}(f_0)$	0.48	0.40	0.30	0.25	0.20



P91

MS_AREZZO_BURCHINI, AREZZO P92

Instrument: TEP-0116/01-10

Data format: 16 byte

Full scale [mV]: n.a.

Start recording: 14/12/18 10:41:52 End recording: 14/12/18 11:01:53

Channel labels: NORTH SOUTH; EAST WEST ; UP DOWN

GPS data not available

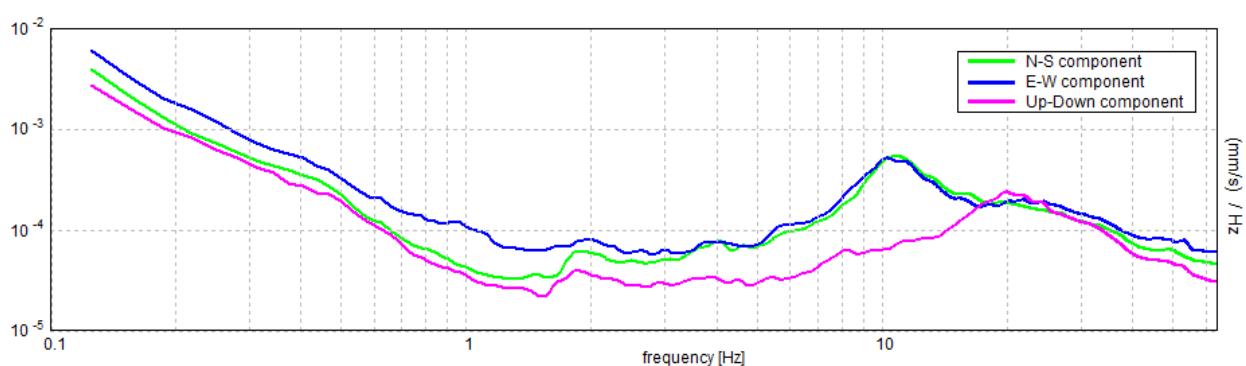
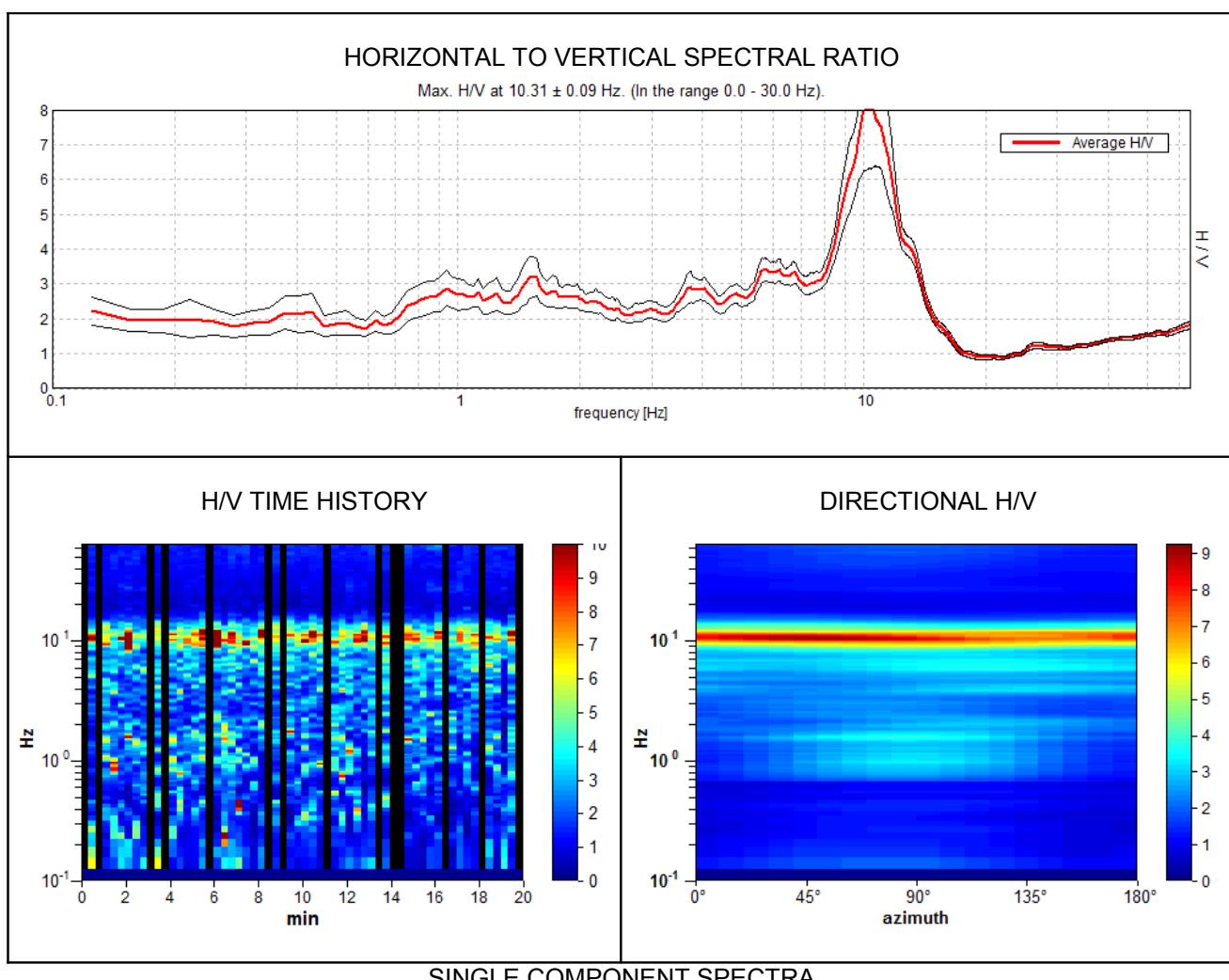
Trace length: 0h20'00". Analyzed 77% trace (manual window selection)

Sampling rate: 128 Hz

Window size: 20 s

Smoothing type: Triangular window

Smoothing: 5%



[According to the SESAME, 2005 guidelines. Please read carefully the *Grilla* manual before interpreting the following tables.]

Max. H/V at 10.31 ± 0.09 Hz (in the range 0.0 - 30.0 Hz).

Criteria for a reliable H/V curve

[All 3 should be fulfilled]

$f_0 > 10 / L_w$	$10.31 > 0.50$	OK	
$n_c(f_0) > 200$	$9487.5 > 200$	OK	
$\sigma_A(f) < 2$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 > 0.5\text{Hz}$ $\sigma_A(f) < 3$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 < 0.5\text{Hz}$	Exceeded 5 out of 496 times		NO

Criteria for a clear H/V peak

[At least 5 out of 6 should be fulfilled]

Exists f^- in $[f_0/4, f_0]$ $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0 / 2$	8.469 Hz	OK	
Exists f^+ in $[f_0, 4f_0]$ $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0 / 2$	12.688 Hz	OK	
$A_0 > 2$	$8.33 > 2$	OK	
$f_{peak}[A_{H/V}(f) \pm \sigma_A(f)] = f_0 \pm 5\%$	$ 0.00912 < 0.05$	OK	
$\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$	$0.09409 < 0.51563$	OK	
$\sigma_A(f_0) < \theta(f_0)$	$2.0178 < 1.58$		NO

L_w	window length
n_w	number of windows used in the analysis
$n_c = L_w n_w f_0$	number of significant cycles
f	current frequency
f_0	H/V peak frequency
σ_f	standard deviation of H/V peak frequency
$\varepsilon(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$
A_0	H/V peak amplitude at frequency f_0
$A_{H/V}(f)$	H/V curve amplitude at frequency f
f^-	frequency between $f_0/4$ and f_0 for which $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0/2$
f^+	frequency between f_0 and $4f_0$ for which $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0/2$
$\sigma_A(f)$	standard deviation of $A_{H/V}(f)$, $\sigma_A(f)$ is the factor by which the mean $A_{H/V}(f)$ curve should be multiplied or divided
$\sigma_{\log H/V}(f)$	standard deviation of $\log A_{H/V}(f)$ curve
$\theta(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_A(f) < \theta(f_0)$

Threshold values for σ_f and $\sigma_A(f_0)$

Freq. range [Hz]	< 0.2	0.2 – 0.5	0.5 – 1.0	1.0 – 2.0	> 2.0
$\varepsilon(f_0)$ [Hz]	$0.25 f_0$	$0.2 f_0$	$0.15 f_0$	$0.10 f_0$	$0.05 f_0$
$\theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_A(f_0)$	3.0	2.5	2.0	1.78	1.58
$\log \theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_{\log H/V}(f_0)$	0.48	0.40	0.30	0.25	0.20



P92

P93

(MS livello 1 - Arezzo)

Instrument: TEP-0168/01-11

Data format: 16 byte

Full scale [mV]: n.a.

Start recording: 29/11/18 08:42:34 End recording: 29/11/18 09:02:34

Channel labels: NORTH SOUTH; EAST WEST; UP DOWN

GPS data not available

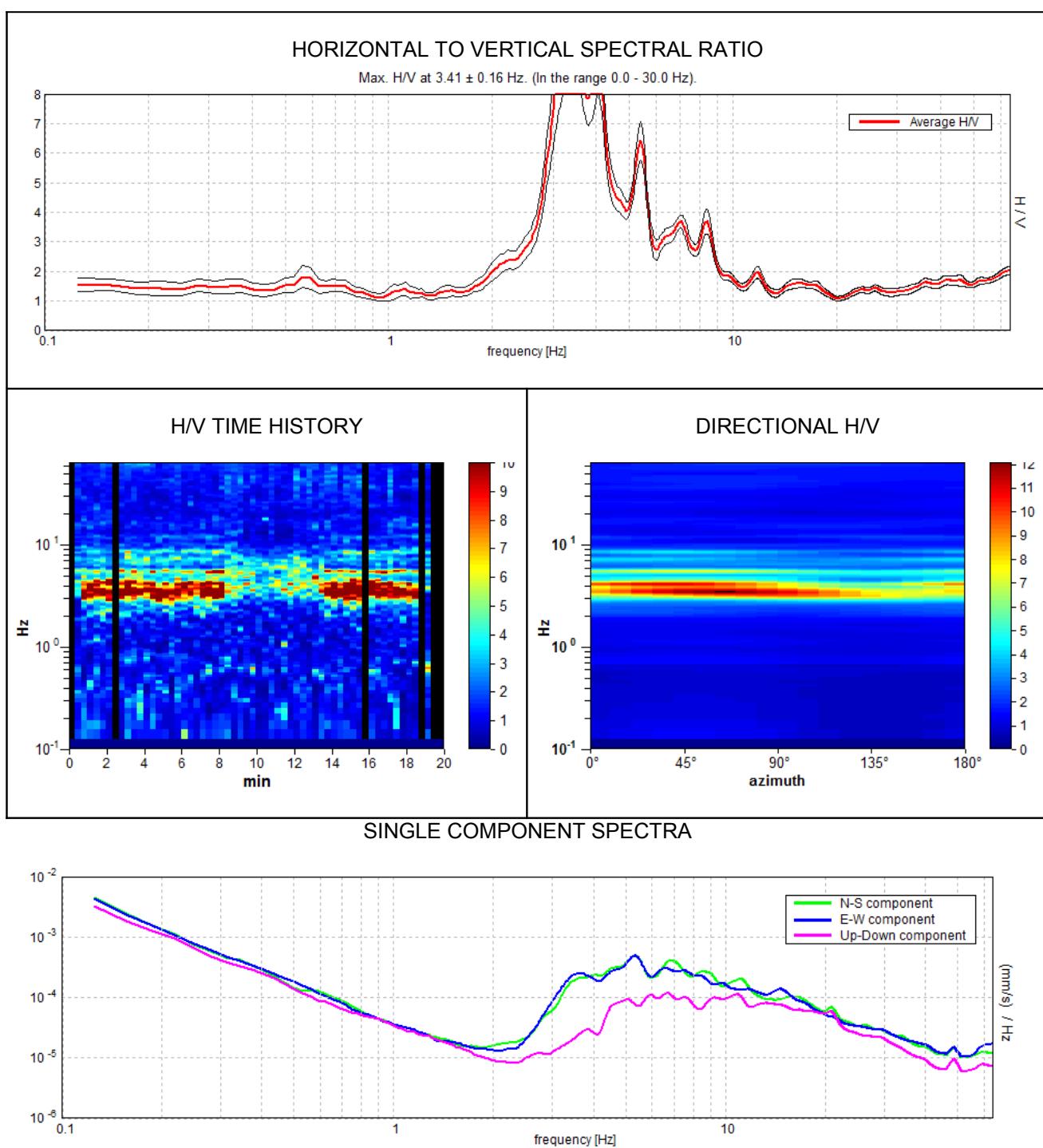
Trace length: 0h20'00". Analyzed 90% trace (manual window selection)

Sampling rate: 128 Hz

Window size: 20 s

Smoothing type: Triangular window

Smoothing: 5%



[According to the SESAME, 2005 guidelines. Please read carefully the *Grilla* manual before interpreting the following tables.]

Max. H/V at 3.41 ± 0.16 Hz (in the range 0.0 - 30.0 Hz).

Criteria for a reliable H/V curve

[All 3 should be fulfilled]

$f_0 > 10 / L_w$	$3.41 > 0.50$	OK	
$n_c(f_0) > 200$	$3678.8 > 200$	OK	
$\sigma_A(f) < 2$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 > 0.5\text{Hz}$ $\sigma_A(f) < 3$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 < 0.5\text{Hz}$	Exceeded 0 out of 164 times	OK	

Criteria for a clear H/V peak

[At least 5 out of 6 should be fulfilled]

Exists f^- in $[f_0/4, f_0]$ $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0 / 2$	2.844 Hz	OK	
Exists f^+ in $[f_0, 4f_0]$ $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0 / 2$	4.406 Hz	OK	
$A_0 > 2$	$10.34 > 2$	OK	
$f_{peak}[A_{H/V}(f) \pm \sigma_A(f)] = f_0 \pm 5\%$	$ 0.04634 < 0.05$	OK	
$\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$	$0.15786 < 0.17031$	OK	
$\sigma_A(f_0) < \theta(f_0)$	$1.3211 < 1.58$	OK	

L_w	window length
n_w	number of windows used in the analysis
$n_c = L_w n_w f_0$	number of significant cycles
f	current frequency
f_0	H/V peak frequency
σ_f	standard deviation of H/V peak frequency
$\varepsilon(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$
A_0	H/V peak amplitude at frequency f_0
$A_{H/V}(f)$	H/V curve amplitude at frequency f
f^-	frequency between $f_0/4$ and f_0 for which $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0/2$
f^+	frequency between f_0 and $4f_0$ for which $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0/2$
$\sigma_A(f)$	standard deviation of $A_{H/V}(f)$, $\sigma_A(f)$ is the factor by which the mean $A_{H/V}(f)$ curve should be multiplied or divided
$\sigma_{\log H/V}(f)$	standard deviation of $\log A_{H/V}(f)$ curve
$\theta(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_A(f) < \theta(f_0)$

Threshold values for σ_f and $\sigma_A(f_0)$

Freq. range [Hz]	< 0.2	0.2 – 0.5	0.5 – 1.0	1.0 – 2.0	> 2.0
$\varepsilon(f_0)$ [Hz]	$0.25 f_0$	$0.2 f_0$	$0.15 f_0$	$0.10 f_0$	$0.05 f_0$
$\theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_A(f_0)$	3.0	2.5	2.0	1.78	1.58
$\log \theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_{\log H/V}(f_0)$	0.48	0.40	0.30	0.25	0.20



P93

P94 (MS livello 1 - Arezzo)

Instrument: TEP-0168/01-11

Data format: 16 byte

Full scale [mV]: n.a.

Start recording: 27/11/18 16:08:48 End recording: 27/11/18 16:28:48

Channel labels: NORTH SOUTH; EAST WEST ; UP DOWN

GPS data not available

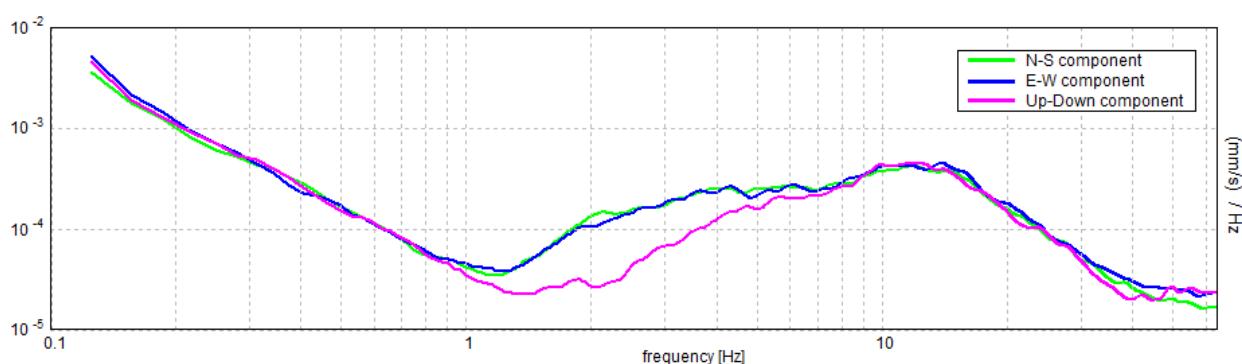
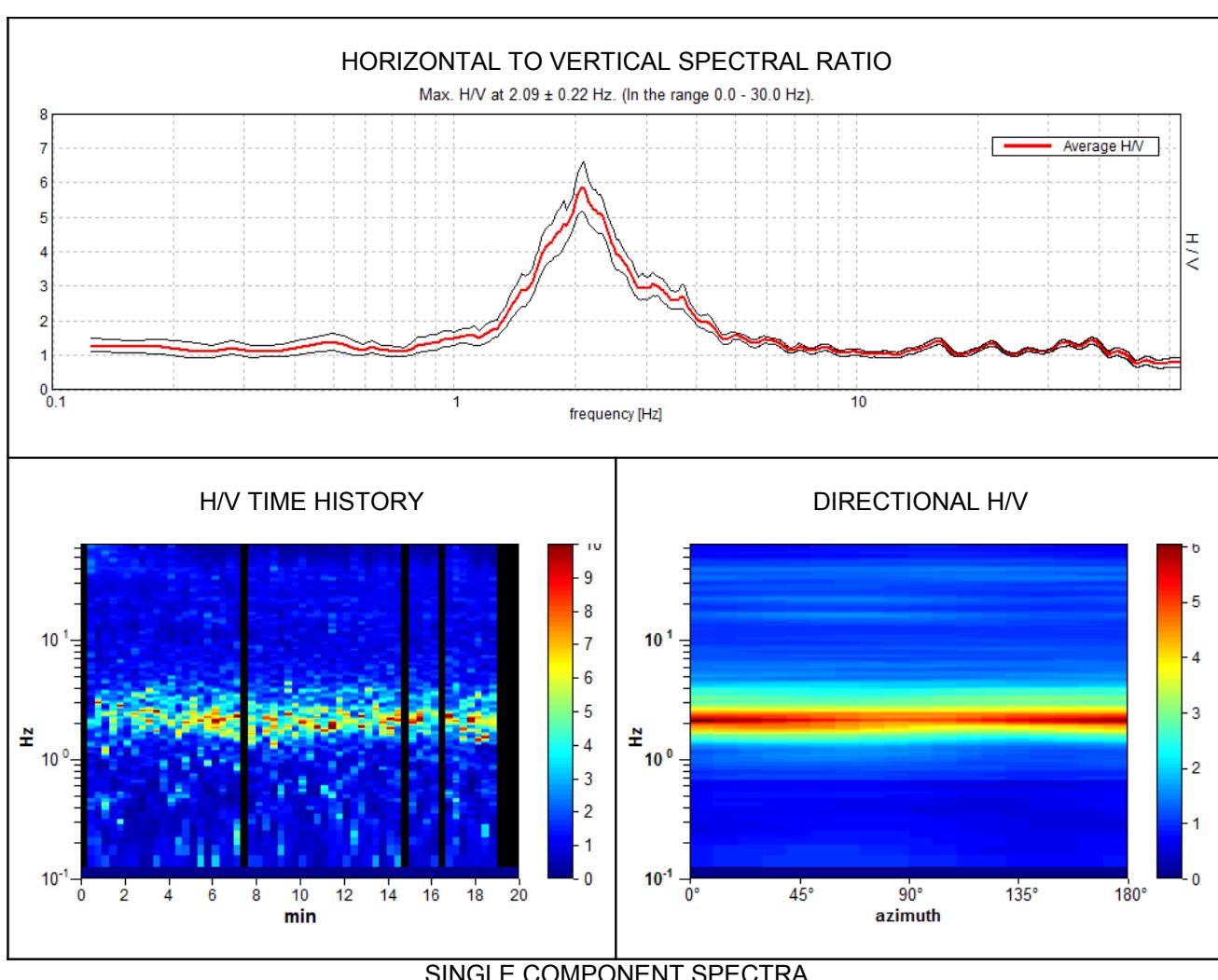
Trace length: 0h20'00". Analyzed 88% trace (manual window selection)

Sampling rate: 128 Hz

Window size: 20 s

Smoothing type: Triangular window

Smoothing: 5%



[According to the SESAME, 2005 guidelines. Please read carefully the *Grilla* manual before interpreting the following tables.]

Max. H/V at 2.09 ± 0.22 Hz (in the range 0.0 - 30.0 Hz).

Criteria for a reliable H/V curve

[All 3 should be fulfilled]

$f_0 > 10 / L_w$	$2.09 > 0.50$	OK	
$n_c(f_0) > 200$	$2219.4 > 200$	OK	
$\sigma_A(f) < 2$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 > 0.5\text{Hz}$ $\sigma_A(f) < 3$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 < 0.5\text{Hz}$	Exceeded 0 out of 102 times	OK	

Criteria for a clear H/V peak

[At least 5 out of 6 should be fulfilled]

Exists f^- in $[f_0/4, f_0]$ $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0 / 2$	1.5 Hz	OK	
Exists f^+ in $[f_0, 4f_0]$ $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0 / 2$	3.0 Hz	OK	
$A_0 > 2$	$5.87 > 2$	OK	
$f_{peak}[A_{H/V}(f) \pm \sigma_A(f)] = f_0 \pm 5\%$	$ 0.10409 < 0.05$		NO
$\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$	$0.21795 < 0.10469$		NO
$\sigma_A(f_0) < \theta(f_0)$	$0.733 < 1.58$	OK	

L_w	window length
n_w	number of windows used in the analysis
$n_c = L_w n_w f_0$	number of significant cycles
f	current frequency
f_0	H/V peak frequency
σ_f	standard deviation of H/V peak frequency
$\varepsilon(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$
A_0	H/V peak amplitude at frequency f_0
$A_{H/V}(f)$	H/V curve amplitude at frequency f
f^-	frequency between $f_0/4$ and f_0 for which $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0/2$
f^+	frequency between f_0 and $4f_0$ for which $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0/2$
$\sigma_A(f)$	standard deviation of $A_{H/V}(f)$, $\sigma_A(f)$ is the factor by which the mean $A_{H/V}(f)$ curve should be multiplied or divided
$\sigma_{\log H/V}(f)$	standard deviation of $\log A_{H/V}(f)$ curve
$\theta(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_A(f) < \theta(f_0)$

Threshold values for σ_f and $\sigma_A(f_0)$

Freq. range [Hz]	< 0.2	0.2 – 0.5	0.5 – 1.0	1.0 – 2.0	> 2.0
$\varepsilon(f_0)$ [Hz]	$0.25 f_0$	$0.2 f_0$	$0.15 f_0$	$0.10 f_0$	$0.05 f_0$
$\theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_A(f_0)$	3.0	2.5	2.0	1.78	1.58
$\log \theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_{\log H/V}(f_0)$	0.48	0.40	0.30	0.25	0.20



P94

P95 (MS livello 1 - Arezzo)

Instrument: TEP-0116/01-10

Data format: 16 byte

Full scale [mV]: n.a.

Start recording: 28/11/18 14:39:19 End recording: 28/11/18 14:59:20

Channel labels: NORTH SOUTH; EAST WEST ; UP DOWN

GPS data not available

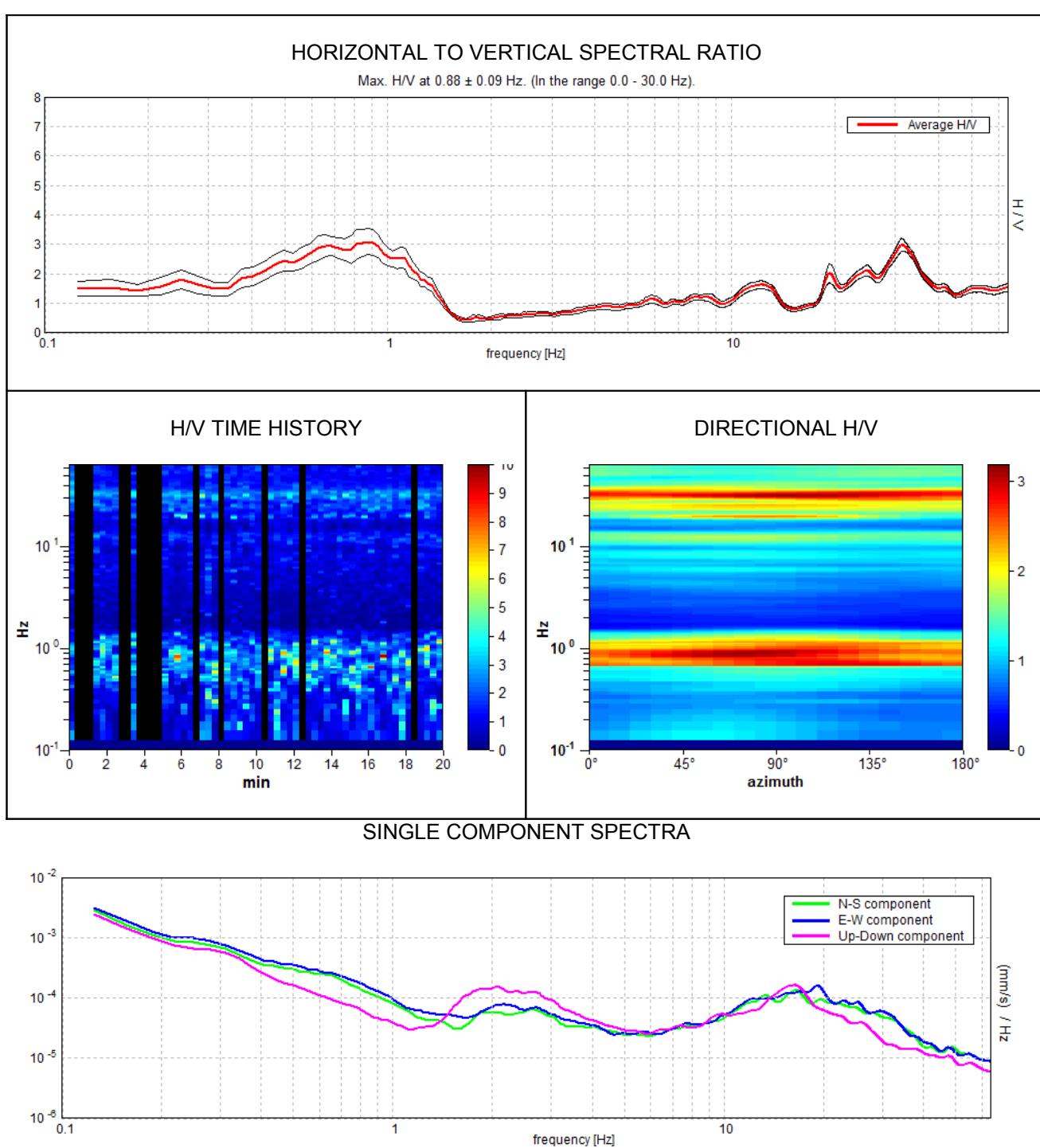
Trace length: 0h20'00". Analyzed 77% trace (manual window selection)

Sampling rate: 128 Hz

Window size: 20 s

Smoothing type: Triangular window

Smoothing: 5%



[According to the SESAME, 2005 guidelines. Please read carefully the *Grilla* manual before interpreting the following tables.]

Max. H/V at 0.88 ± 0.09 Hz (in the range 0.0 - 30.0 Hz).

Criteria for a reliable H/V curve

[All 3 should be fulfilled]

$f_0 > 10 / L_w$	$0.88 > 0.50$	OK	
$n_c(f_0) > 200$	$805.0 > 200$	OK	
$\sigma_A(f) < 2$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 > 0.5\text{Hz}$ $\sigma_A(f) < 3$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 < 0.5\text{Hz}$	Exceeded 0 out of 43 times	OK	

Criteria for a clear H/V peak

[At least 5 out of 6 should be fulfilled]

Exists f^- in $[f_0/4, f_0]$ $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0 / 2$	0.344 Hz	OK	
Exists f^+ in $[f_0, 4f_0]$ $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0 / 2$	1.375 Hz	OK	
$A_0 > 2$	$3.10 > 2$	OK	
$f_{peak}[A_{H/V}(f) \pm \sigma_A(f)] = f_0 \pm 5\%$	$ 0.09977 < 0.05$		NO
$\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$	$0.0873 < 0.13125$	OK	
$\sigma_A(f_0) < \theta(f_0)$	$0.4449 < 2.0$	OK	

L_w	window length
n_w	number of windows used in the analysis
$n_c = L_w n_w f_0$	number of significant cycles
f	current frequency
f_0	H/V peak frequency
σ_f	standard deviation of H/V peak frequency
$\varepsilon(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$
A_0	H/V peak amplitude at frequency f_0
$A_{H/V}(f)$	H/V curve amplitude at frequency f
f^-	frequency between $f_0/4$ and f_0 for which $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0/2$
f^+	frequency between f_0 and $4f_0$ for which $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0/2$
$\sigma_A(f)$	standard deviation of $A_{H/V}(f)$, $\sigma_A(f)$ is the factor by which the mean $A_{H/V}(f)$ curve should be multiplied or divided
$\sigma_{\log H/V}(f)$	standard deviation of $\log A_{H/V}(f)$ curve
$\theta(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_A(f) < \theta(f_0)$

Threshold values for σ_f and $\sigma_A(f_0)$

Freq. range [Hz]	< 0.2	0.2 – 0.5	0.5 – 1.0	1.0 – 2.0	> 2.0
$\varepsilon(f_0)$ [Hz]	$0.25 f_0$	$0.2 f_0$	$0.15 f_0$	$0.10 f_0$	$0.05 f_0$
$\theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_A(f_0)$	3.0	2.5	2.0	1.78	1.58
$\log \theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_{\log H/V}(f_0)$	0.48	0.40	0.30	0.25	0.20



P95

P96 (MS livello 1 - Arezzo)

Instrument: TEP-0168/01-11

Data format: 16 byte

Full scale [mV]: n.a.

Start recording: 14/12/18 12:45:44 End recording: 14/12/18 13:05:44

Channel labels: NORTH SOUTH; EAST WEST ; UP DOWN

GPS data not available

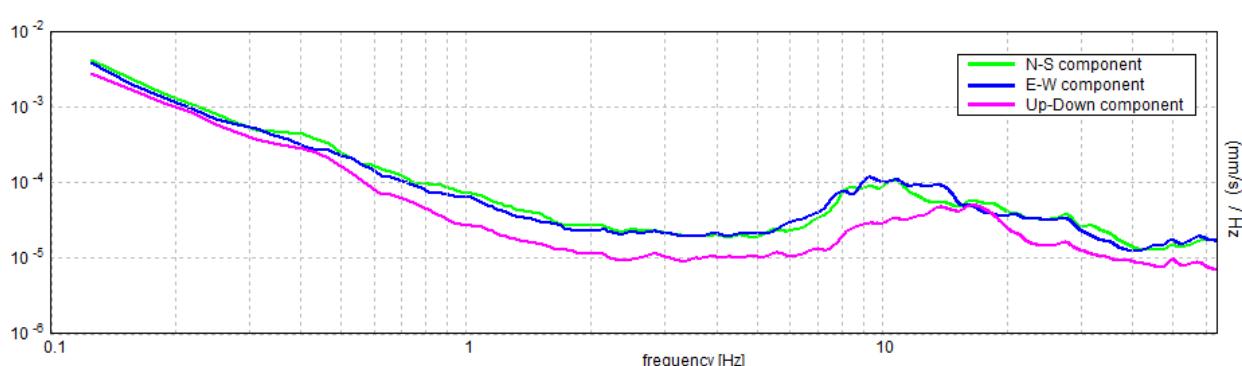
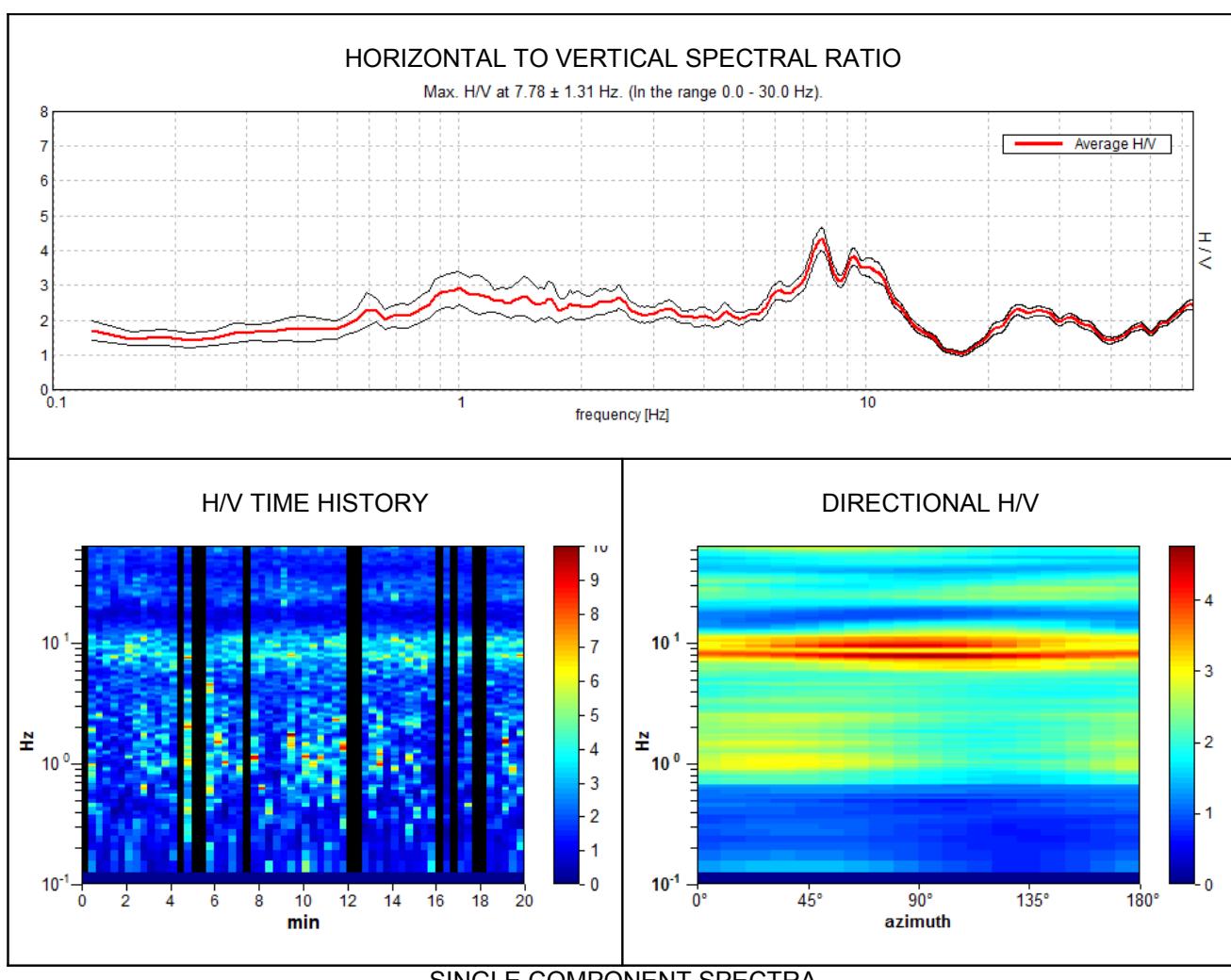
Trace length: 0h20'00". Analyzed 82% trace (manual window selection)

Sampling rate: 128 Hz

Window size: 20 s

Smoothing type: Triangular window

Smoothing: 5%



[According to the SESAME, 2005 guidelines. Please read carefully the *Grilla* manual before interpreting the following tables.]

Max. H/V at 7.78 ± 1.31 Hz (in the range 0.0 - 30.0 Hz).

Criteria for a reliable H/V curve

[All 3 should be fulfilled]

$f_0 > 10 / L_w$	$7.78 > 0.50$	OK	
$n_c(f_0) > 200$	$7625.6 > 200$	OK	
$\sigma_A(f) < 2$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 > 0.5\text{Hz}$ $\sigma_A(f) < 3$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 < 0.5\text{Hz}$	Exceeded 0 out of 374 times	OK	

Criteria for a clear H/V peak

[At least 5 out of 6 should be fulfilled]

Exists f^- in $[f_0/4, f_0]$ $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0 / 2$	5.219 Hz	OK	
Exists f^+ in $[f_0, 4f_0]$ $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0 / 2$	12.563 Hz	OK	
$A_0 > 2$	$4.32 > 2$	OK	
$f_{peak}[A_{H/V}(f) \pm \sigma_A(f)] = f_0 \pm 5\%$	$ 0.16871 < 0.05$		NO
$\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$	$1.31277 < 0.38906$		NO
$\sigma_A(f_0) < \theta(f_0)$	$0.331 < 1.58$	OK	

L_w	window length
n_w	number of windows used in the analysis
$n_c = L_w n_w f_0$	number of significant cycles
f	current frequency
f_0	H/V peak frequency
σ_f	standard deviation of H/V peak frequency
$\varepsilon(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$
A_0	H/V peak amplitude at frequency f_0
$A_{H/V}(f)$	H/V curve amplitude at frequency f
f^-	frequency between $f_0/4$ and f_0 for which $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0/2$
f^+	frequency between f_0 and $4f_0$ for which $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0/2$
$\sigma_A(f)$	standard deviation of $A_{H/V}(f)$, $\sigma_A(f)$ is the factor by which the mean $A_{H/V}(f)$ curve should be multiplied or divided
$\sigma_{\log H/V}(f)$	standard deviation of $\log A_{H/V}(f)$ curve
$\theta(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_A(f) < \theta(f_0)$

Threshold values for σ_f and $\sigma_A(f_0)$

Freq. range [Hz]	< 0.2	0.2 – 0.5	0.5 – 1.0	1.0 – 2.0	> 2.0
$\varepsilon(f_0)$ [Hz]	$0.25 f_0$	$0.2 f_0$	$0.15 f_0$	$0.10 f_0$	$0.05 f_0$
$\theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_A(f_0)$	3.0	2.5	2.0	1.78	1.58
$\log \theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_{\log H/V}(f_0)$	0.48	0.40	0.30	0.25	0.20



P96

P97 (MS livello 1 - Arezzo)

Instrument: TEP-0168/01-11

Data format: 16 byte

Full scale [mV]: n.a.

Start recording: 29/11/18 12:38:45 End recording: 29/11/18 12:58:45

Channel labels: NORTH SOUTH; EAST WEST ; UP DOWN

GPS data not available

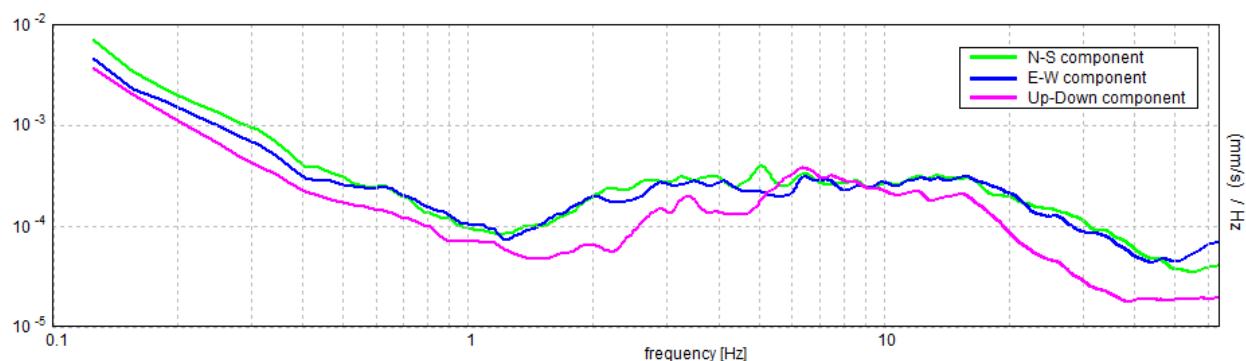
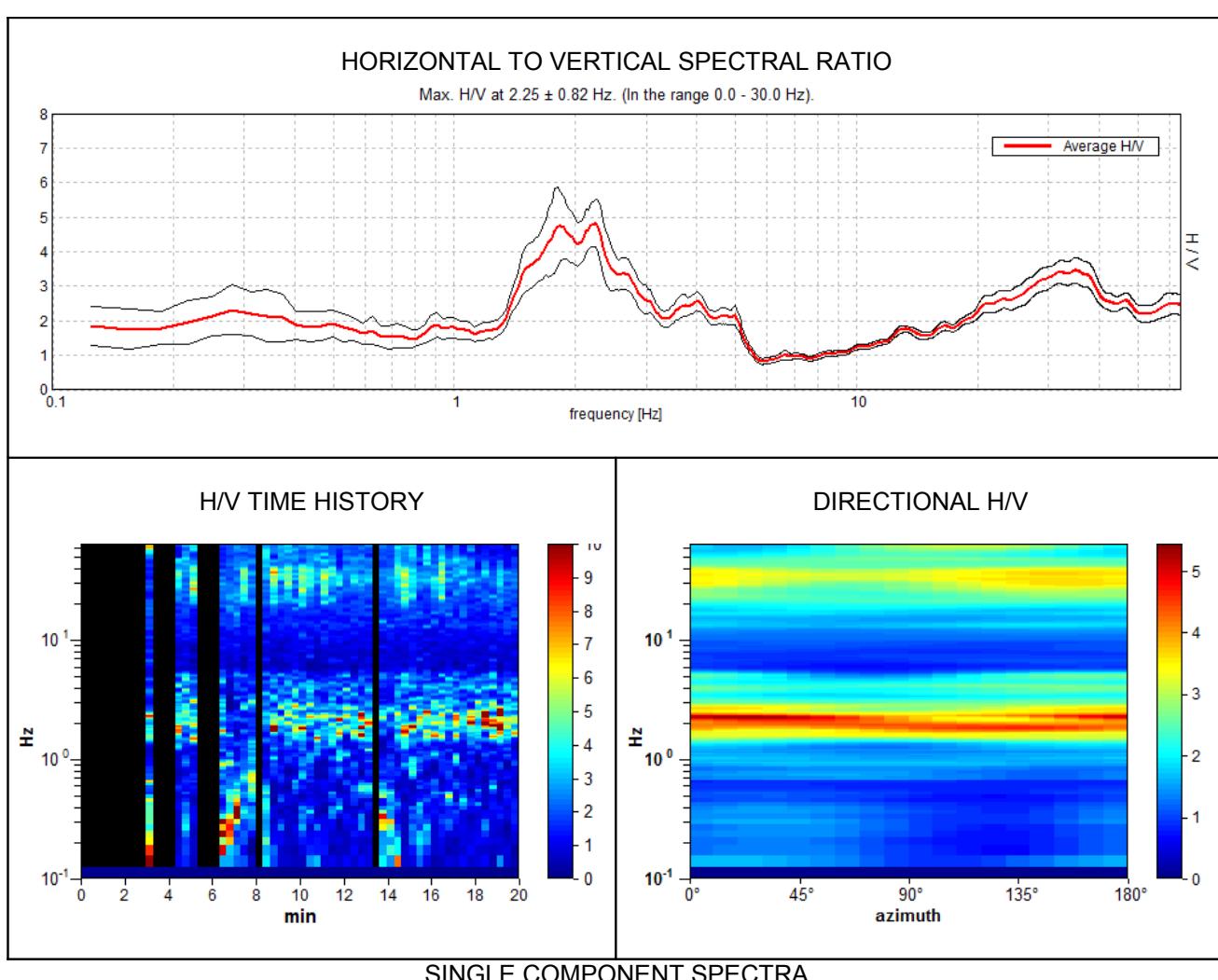
Trace length: 0h20'00". Analyzed 72% trace (manual window selection)

Sampling rate: 128 Hz

Window size: 20 s

Smoothing type: Triangular window

Smoothing: 5%



[According to the SESAME, 2005 guidelines. Please read carefully the *Grilla* manual before interpreting the following tables.]

Max. H/V at 2.25 ± 0.82 Hz (in the range 0.0 - 30.0 Hz).

Criteria for a reliable H/V curve

[All 3 should be fulfilled]

$f_0 > 10 / L_w$	$2.25 > 0.50$	OK	
$n_c(f_0) > 200$	$1935.0 > 200$	OK	
$\sigma_A(f) < 2$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 > 0.5\text{Hz}$ $\sigma_A(f) < 3$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 < 0.5\text{Hz}$	Exceeded 0 out of 109 times	OK	

Criteria for a clear H/V peak

[At least 5 out of 6 should be fulfilled]

Exists f^- in $[f_0/4, f_0]$ $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0 / 2$	1.375 Hz	OK	
Exists f^+ in $[f_0, 4f_0]$ $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0 / 2$	3.156 Hz	OK	
$A_0 > 2$	$4.83 > 2$	OK	
$f_{peak}[A_{H/V}(f) \pm \sigma_A(f)] = f_0 \pm 5\%$	$ 0.36399 < 0.05$		NO
$\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$	$0.81897 < 0.1125$		NO
$\sigma_A(f_0) < \theta(f_0)$	$0.6891 < 1.58$	OK	

L_w	window length
n_w	number of windows used in the analysis
$n_c = L_w n_w f_0$	number of significant cycles
f	current frequency
f_0	H/V peak frequency
σ_f	standard deviation of H/V peak frequency
$\varepsilon(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$
A_0	H/V peak amplitude at frequency f_0
$A_{H/V}(f)$	H/V curve amplitude at frequency f
f^-	frequency between $f_0/4$ and f_0 for which $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0/2$
f^+	frequency between f_0 and $4f_0$ for which $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0/2$
$\sigma_A(f)$	standard deviation of $A_{H/V}(f)$, $\sigma_A(f)$ is the factor by which the mean $A_{H/V}(f)$ curve should be multiplied or divided
$\sigma_{\log H/V}(f)$	standard deviation of $\log A_{H/V}(f)$ curve
$\theta(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_A(f) < \theta(f_0)$

Threshold values for σ_f and $\sigma_A(f_0)$

Freq. range [Hz]	< 0.2	0.2 – 0.5	0.5 – 1.0	1.0 – 2.0	> 2.0
$\varepsilon(f_0)$ [Hz]	$0.25 f_0$	$0.2 f_0$	$0.15 f_0$	$0.10 f_0$	$0.05 f_0$
$\theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_A(f_0)$	3.0	2.5	2.0	1.78	1.58
$\log \theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_{\log H/V}(f_0)$	0.48	0.40	0.30	0.25	0.20



P97

P98 (MS livello 1 - Arezzo)

Instrument: TEP-0168/01-11

Data format: 16 byte

Full scale [mV]: n.a.

Start recording: 27/11/18 12:26:52 End recording: 27/11/18 12:46:52

Channel labels: NORTH SOUTH; EAST WEST ; UP DOWN

GPS data not available

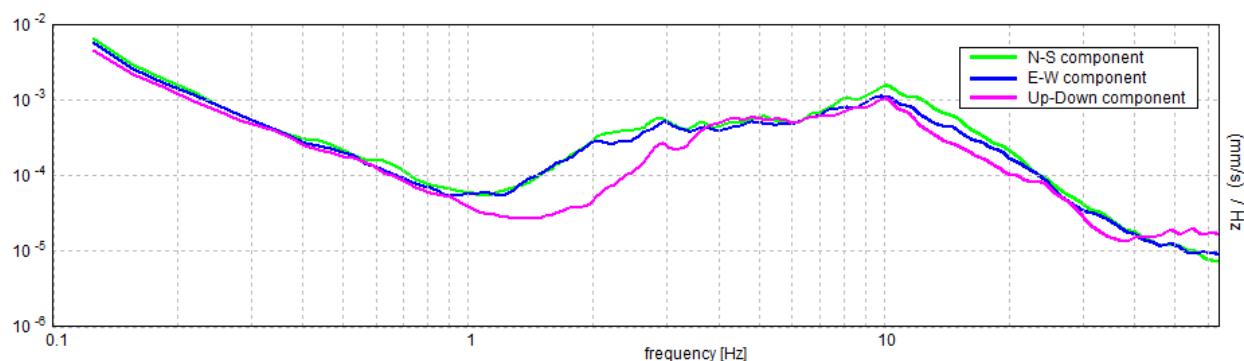
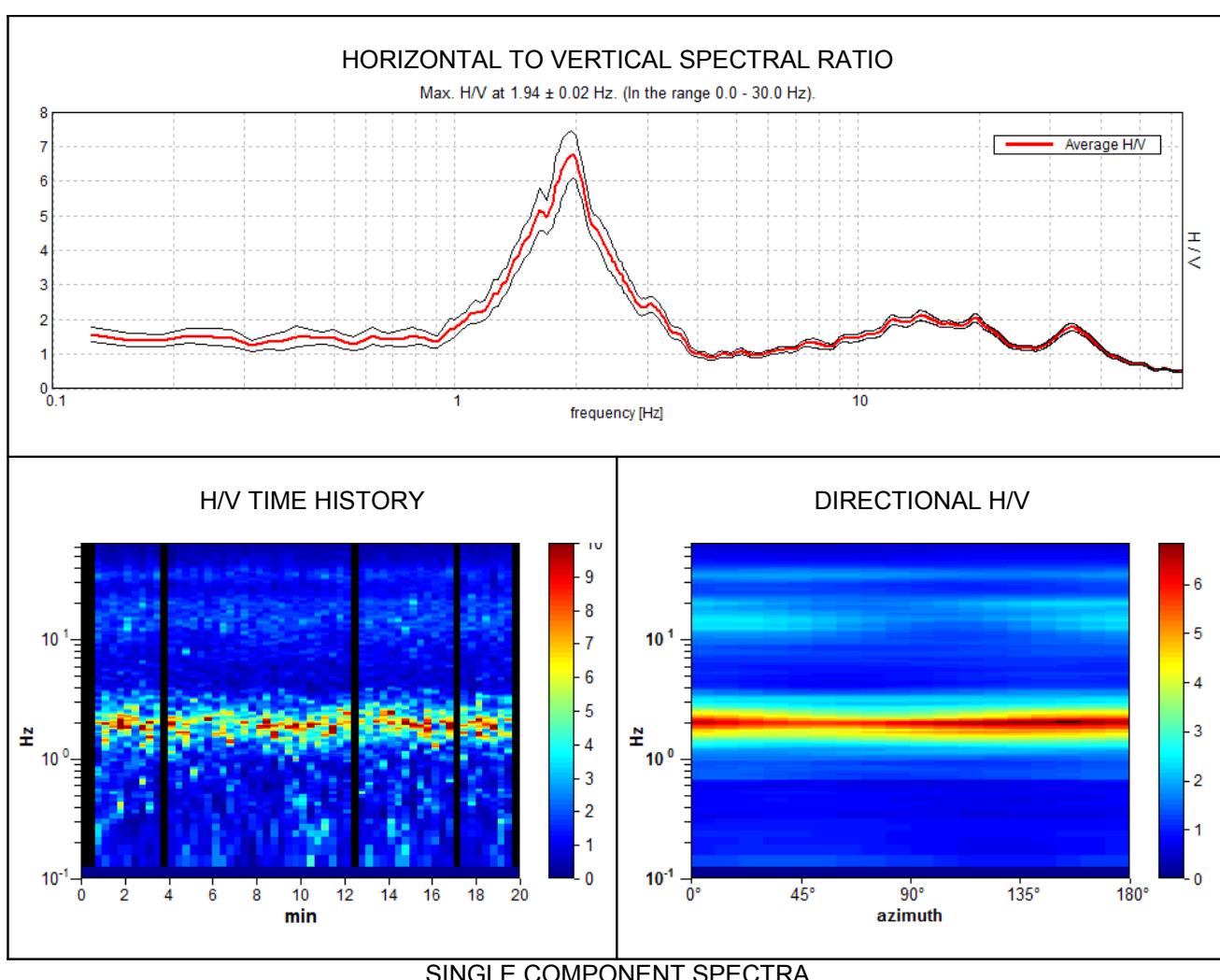
Trace length: 0h20'00". Analyzed 90% trace (manual window selection)

Sampling rate: 128 Hz

Window size: 20 s

Smoothing type: Triangular window

Smoothing: 5%



[According to the SESAME, 2005 guidelines. Please read carefully the *Grilla* manual before interpreting the following tables.]

Max. H/V at 1.94 ± 0.02 Hz (in the range 0.0 - 30.0 Hz).

Criteria for a reliable H/V curve

[All 3 should be fulfilled]

$f_0 > 10 / L_w$	$1.94 > 0.50$	OK	
$n_c(f_0) > 200$	$2092.5 > 200$	OK	
$\sigma_A(f) < 2$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 > 0.5\text{Hz}$ $\sigma_A(f) < 3$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 < 0.5\text{Hz}$	Exceeded 0 out of 94 times	OK	

Criteria for a clear H/V peak

[At least 5 out of 6 should be fulfilled]

Exists f^- in $[f_0/4, f_0]$ $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0 / 2$	1.344 Hz	OK	
Exists f^+ in $[f_0, 4f_0]$ $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0 / 2$	2.563 Hz	OK	
$A_0 > 2$	$6.75 > 2$	OK	
$f_{peak}[A_{H/V}(f) \pm \sigma_A(f)] = f_0 \pm 5\%$	$ 0.01242 < 0.05$	OK	
$\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$	$0.02406 < 0.19375$	OK	
$\sigma_A(f_0) < \theta(f_0)$	$0.7142 < 1.78$	OK	

L_w	window length
n_w	number of windows used in the analysis
$n_c = L_w n_w f_0$	number of significant cycles
f	current frequency
f_0	H/V peak frequency
σ_f	standard deviation of H/V peak frequency
$\varepsilon(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$
A_0	H/V peak amplitude at frequency f_0
$A_{H/V}(f)$	H/V curve amplitude at frequency f
f^-	frequency between $f_0/4$ and f_0 for which $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0/2$
f^+	frequency between f_0 and $4f_0$ for which $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0/2$
$\sigma_A(f)$	standard deviation of $A_{H/V}(f)$, $\sigma_A(f)$ is the factor by which the mean $A_{H/V}(f)$ curve should be multiplied or divided
$\sigma_{\log H/V}(f)$	standard deviation of $\log A_{H/V}(f)$ curve
$\theta(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_A(f) < \theta(f_0)$

Threshold values for σ_f and $\sigma_A(f_0)$

Freq. range [Hz]	< 0.2	0.2 – 0.5	0.5 – 1.0	1.0 – 2.0	> 2.0
$\varepsilon(f_0)$ [Hz]	$0.25 f_0$	$0.2 f_0$	$0.15 f_0$	$0.10 f_0$	$0.05 f_0$
$\theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_A(f_0)$	3.0	2.5	2.0	1.78	1.58
$\log \theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_{\log H/V}(f_0)$	0.48	0.40	0.30	0.25	0.20



P98

P99 (MS livello 1 - Arezzo)

Instrument: TEP-0168/01-11

Data format: 16 byte

Full scale [mV]: n.a.

Start recording: 29/11/18 15:43:46 End recording: 29/11/18 16:03:46

Channel labels: NORTH SOUTH; EAST WEST ; UP DOWN

GPS data not available

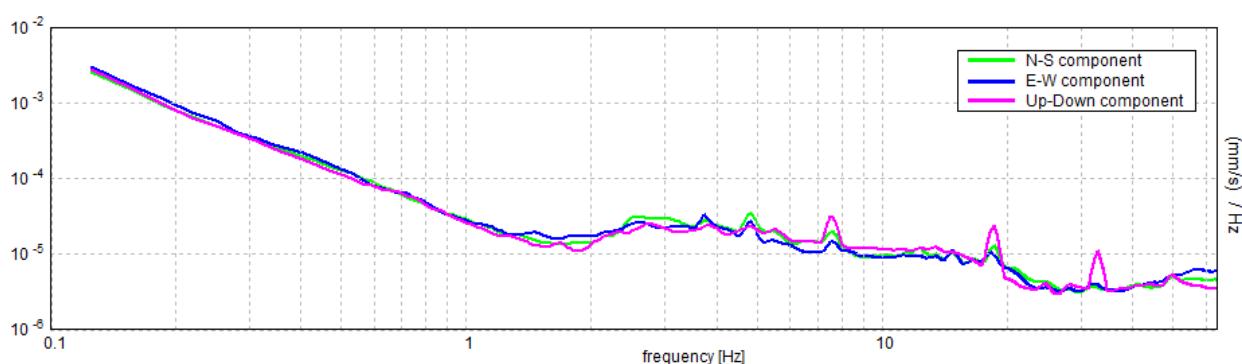
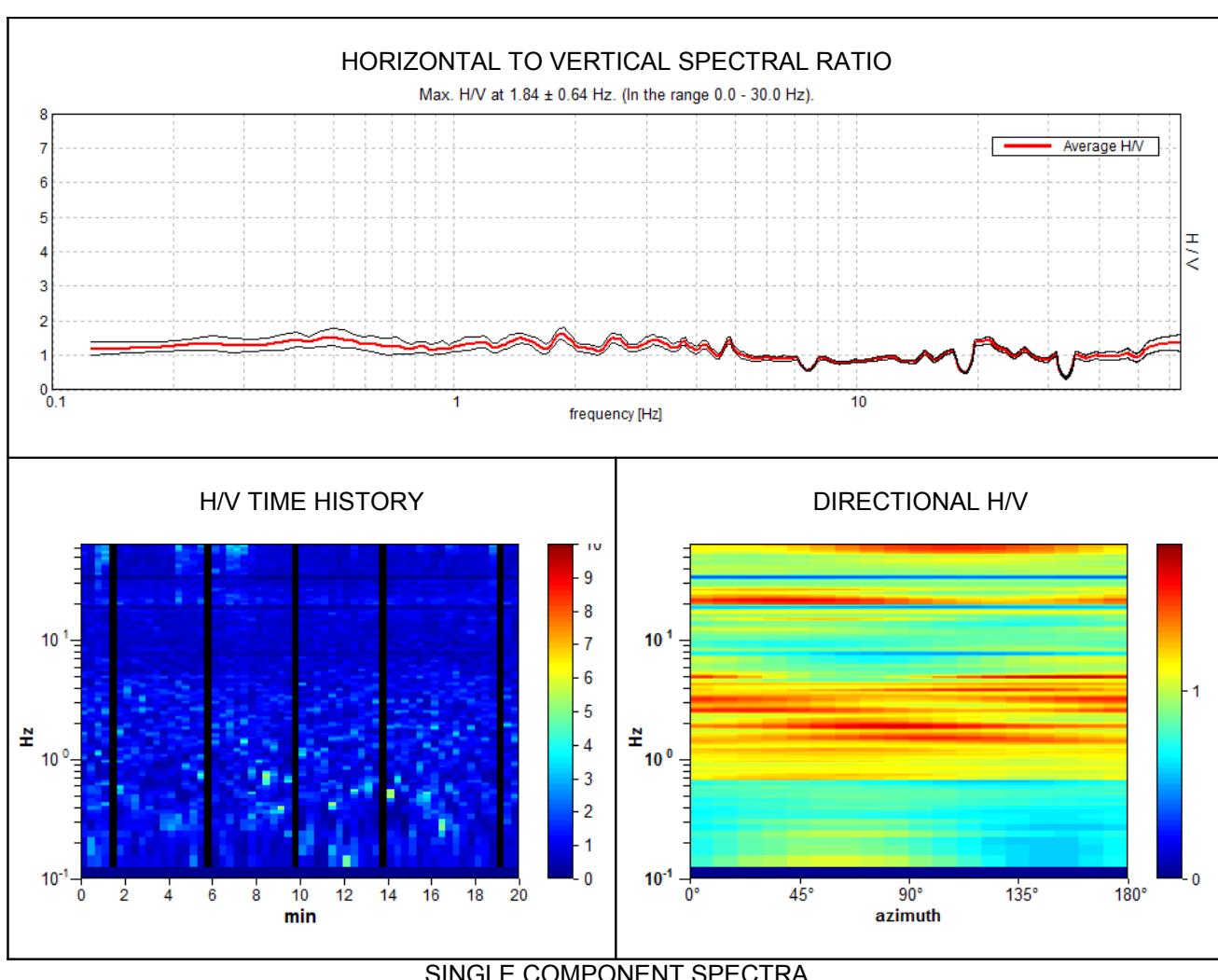
Trace length: 0h20'00". Analyzed 92% trace (manual window selection)

Sampling rate: 128 Hz

Window size: 20 s

Smoothing type: Triangular window

Smoothing: 5%



[According to the SESAME, 2005 guidelines. Please read carefully the *Grilla* manual before interpreting the following tables.]

Max. H/V at 1.84 ± 0.64 Hz (in the range 0.0 - 30.0 Hz).

Criteria for a reliable H/V curve

[All 3 should be fulfilled]

$f_0 > 10 / L_w$	$1.84 > 0.50$	OK	
$n_c(f_0) > 200$	$2028.1 > 200$	OK	
$\sigma_A(f) < 2$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 > 0.5\text{Hz}$ $\sigma_A(f) < 3$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 < 0.5\text{Hz}$	Exceeded 0 out of 90 times	OK	

Criteria for a clear H/V peak

[At least 5 out of 6 should be fulfilled]

Exists f^- in $[f_0/4, f_0]$ $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0 / 2$			NO
Exists f^+ in $[f_0, 4f_0]$ $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0 / 2$	7.219 Hz	OK	
$A_0 > 2$	$1.62 > 2$		NO
$f_{peak}[A_{H/V}(f) \pm \sigma_A(f)] = f_0 \pm 5\%$	$ 0.34668 < 0.05$		NO
$\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$	$0.63919 < 0.18438$		NO
$\sigma_A(f_0) < \theta(f_0)$	$0.1637 < 1.78$	OK	

L_w	window length
n_w	number of windows used in the analysis
$n_c = L_w n_w f_0$	number of significant cycles
f	current frequency
f_0	H/V peak frequency
σ_f	standard deviation of H/V peak frequency
$\varepsilon(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$
A_0	H/V peak amplitude at frequency f_0
$A_{H/V}(f)$	H/V curve amplitude at frequency f
f^-	frequency between $f_0/4$ and f_0 for which $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0/2$
f^+	frequency between f_0 and $4f_0$ for which $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0/2$
$\sigma_A(f)$	standard deviation of $A_{H/V}(f)$, $\sigma_A(f)$ is the factor by which the mean $A_{H/V}(f)$ curve should be multiplied or divided
$\sigma_{\log H/V}(f)$	standard deviation of $\log A_{H/V}(f)$ curve
$\theta(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_A(f) < \theta(f_0)$

Threshold values for σ_f and $\sigma_A(f_0)$

Freq. range [Hz]	< 0.2	0.2 – 0.5	0.5 – 1.0	1.0 – 2.0	> 2.0
$\varepsilon(f_0)$ [Hz]	$0.25 f_0$	$0.2 f_0$	$0.15 f_0$	$0.10 f_0$	$0.05 f_0$
$\theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_A(f_0)$	3.0	2.5	2.0	1.78	1.58
$\log \theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_{\log H/V}(f_0)$	0.48	0.40	0.30	0.25	0.20



P99

P100 (MS livello 1 - Arezzo)

Instrument: TEP-0168/01-11

Data format: 16 byte

Full scale [mV]: n.a.

Start recording: 29/11/18 09:40:25 End recording: 29/11/18 10:00:25

Channel labels: NORTH SOUTH; EAST WEST ; UP DOWN

GPS data not available

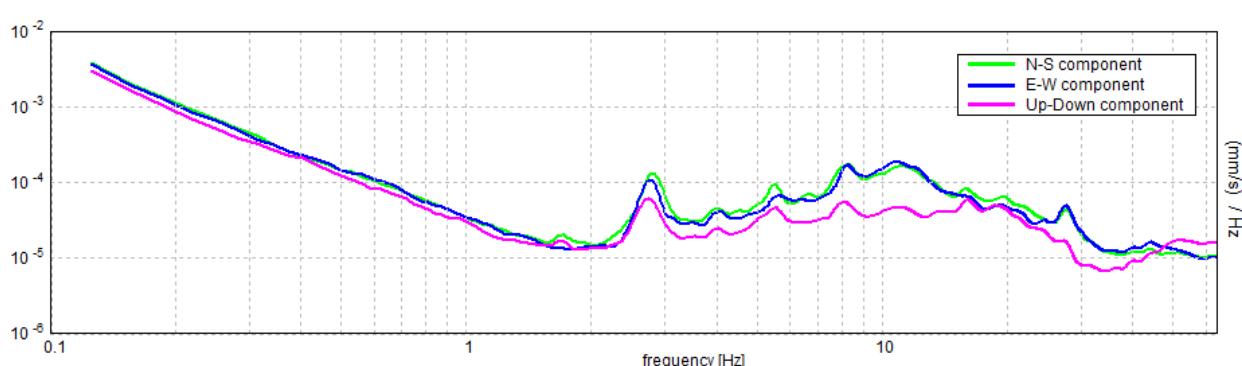
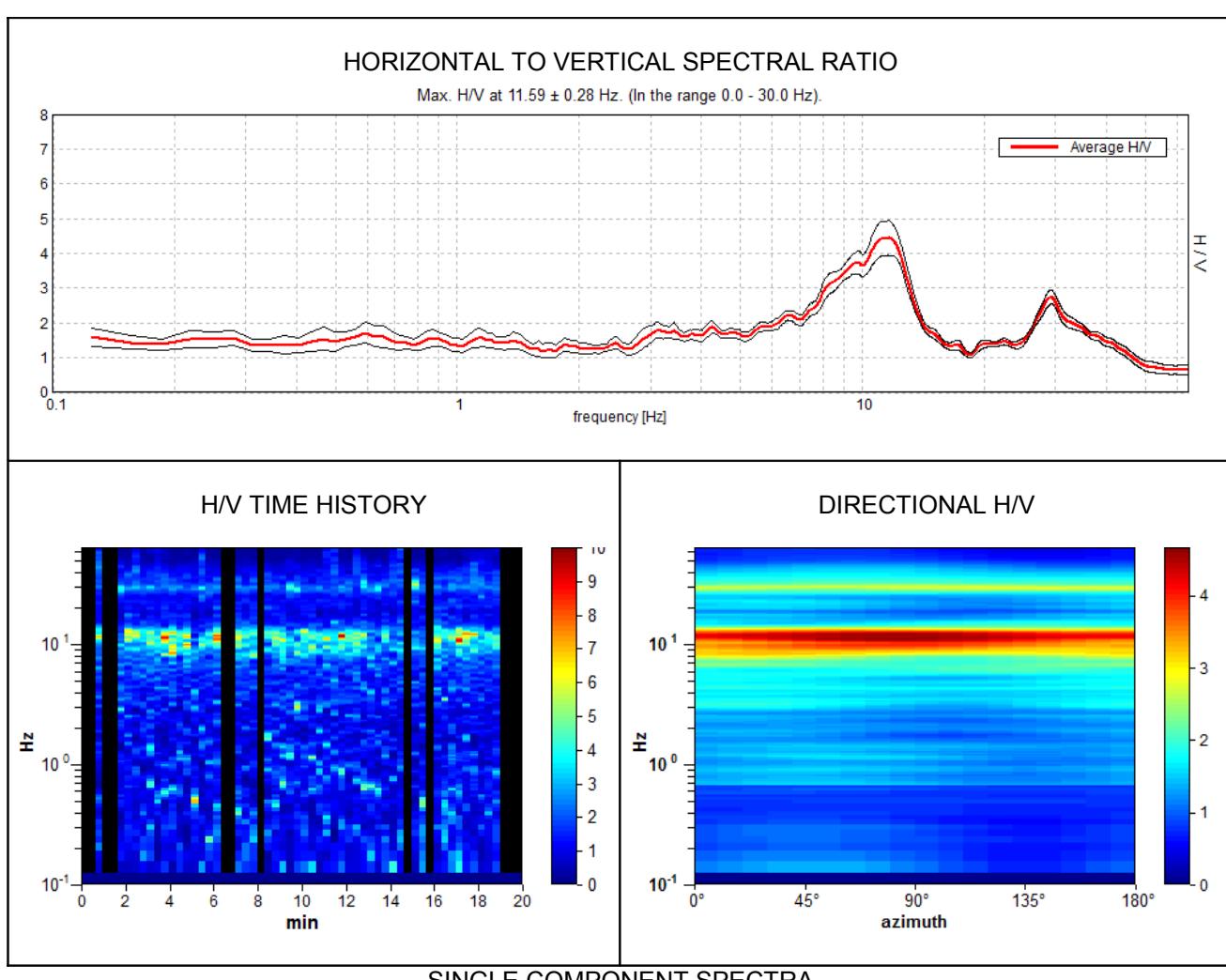
Trace length: 0h20'00". Analyzed 80% trace (manual window selection)

Sampling rate: 128 Hz

Window size: 20 s

Smoothing type: Triangular window

Smoothing: 5%



[According to the SESAME, 2005 guidelines. Please read carefully the *Grilla* manual before interpreting the following tables.]

Max. H/V at 11.59 ± 0.28 Hz (in the range 0.0 - 30.0 Hz).

Criteria for a reliable H/V curve

[All 3 should be fulfilled]

$f_0 > 10 / L_w$	$11.59 > 0.50$	OK	
$n_c(f_0) > 200$	$11130.0 > 200$	OK	
$\sigma_A(f) < 2$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 > 0.5\text{Hz}$ $\sigma_A(f) < 3$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 < 0.5\text{Hz}$	Exceeded 0 out of 558 times	OK	

Criteria for a clear H/V peak

[At least 5 out of 6 should be fulfilled]

Exists f^- in $[f_0/4, f_0]$ $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0 / 2$	7.25 Hz	OK	
Exists f^+ in $[f_0, 4f_0]$ $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0 / 2$	13.813 Hz	OK	
$A_0 > 2$	$4.45 > 2$	OK	
$f_{peak}[A_{H/V}(f) \pm \sigma_A(f)] = f_0 \pm 5\%$	$ 0.02432 < 0.05$	OK	
$\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$	$0.28201 < 0.57969$	OK	
$\sigma_A(f_0) < \theta(f_0)$	$0.5003 < 1.58$	OK	

L_w	window length
n_w	number of windows used in the analysis
$n_c = L_w n_w f_0$	number of significant cycles
f	current frequency
f_0	H/V peak frequency
σ_f	standard deviation of H/V peak frequency
$\varepsilon(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$
A_0	H/V peak amplitude at frequency f_0
$A_{H/V}(f)$	H/V curve amplitude at frequency f
f^-	frequency between $f_0/4$ and f_0 for which $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0/2$
f^+	frequency between f_0 and $4f_0$ for which $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0/2$
$\sigma_A(f)$	standard deviation of $A_{H/V}(f)$, $\sigma_A(f)$ is the factor by which the mean $A_{H/V}(f)$ curve should be multiplied or divided
$\sigma_{\log H/V}(f)$	standard deviation of $\log A_{H/V}(f)$ curve
$\theta(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_A(f) < \theta(f_0)$

Threshold values for σ_f and $\sigma_A(f_0)$

Freq. range [Hz]	< 0.2	0.2 – 0.5	0.5 – 1.0	1.0 – 2.0	> 2.0
$\varepsilon(f_0)$ [Hz]	$0.25 f_0$	$0.2 f_0$	$0.15 f_0$	$0.10 f_0$	$0.05 f_0$
$\theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_A(f_0)$	3.0	2.5	2.0	1.78	1.58
$\log \theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_{\log H/V}(f_0)$	0.48	0.40	0.30	0.25	0.20



P100

P101 (MS livello 1 - Arezzo)

Instrument: TEP-0116/01-10

Data format: 16 byte

Full scale [mV]: n.a.

Start recording: 29/11/18 15:11:08 End recording: 29/11/18 15:31:09

Channel labels: NORTH SOUTH; EAST WEST ; UP DOWN

GPS data not available

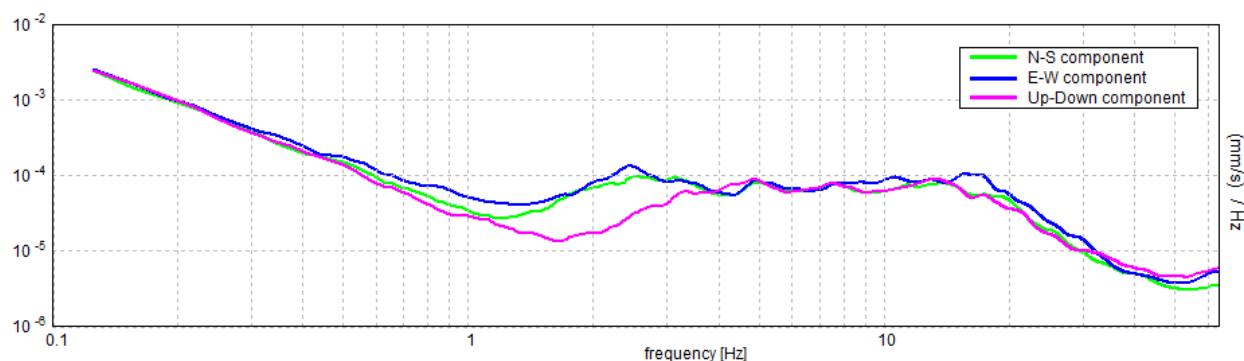
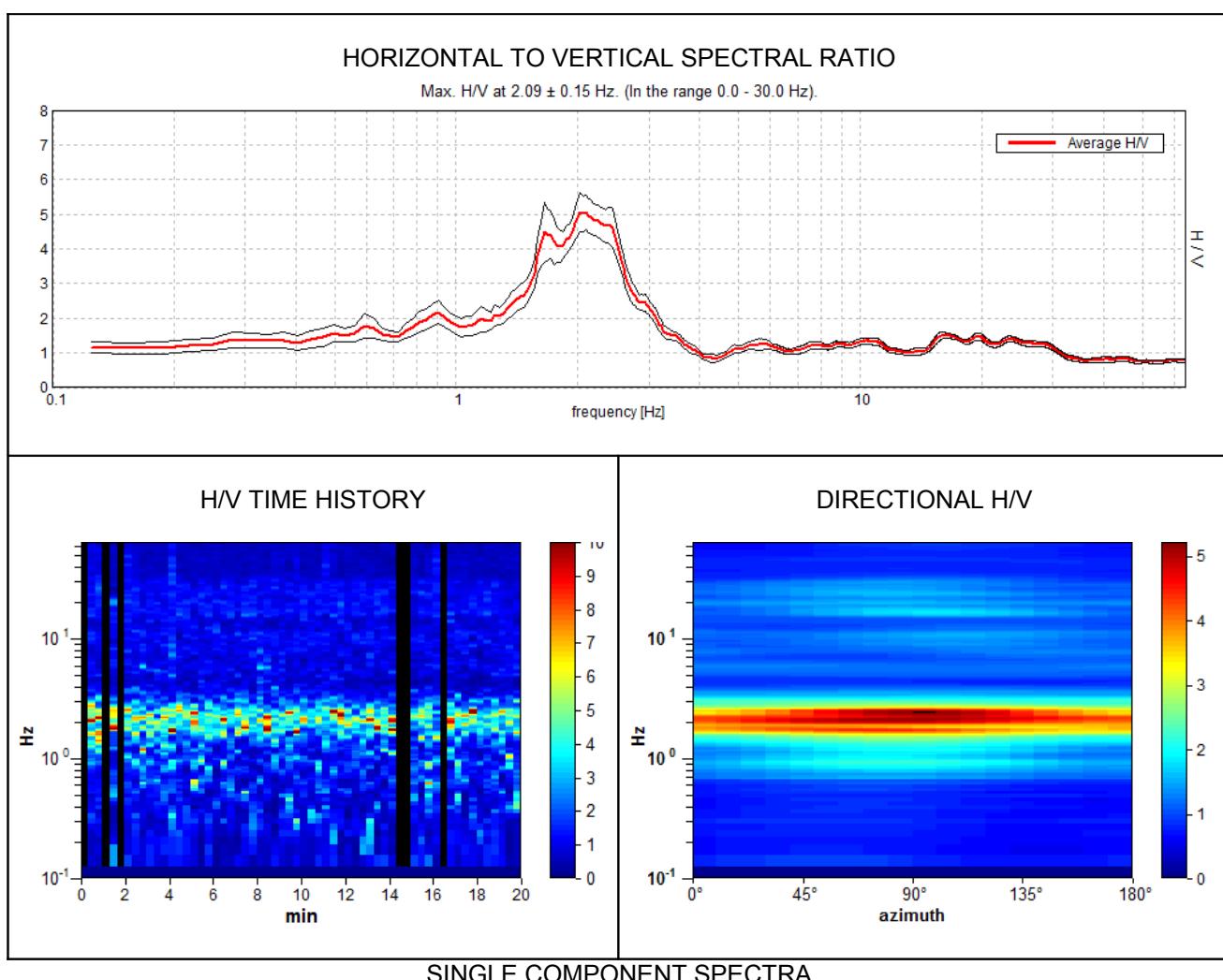
Trace length: 0h20'00". Analyzed 90% trace (manual window selection)

Sampling rate: 128 Hz

Window size: 20 s

Smoothing type: Triangular window

Smoothing: 5%



[According to the SESAME, 2005 guidelines. Please read carefully the *Grilla* manual before interpreting the following tables.]

Max. H/V at 2.09 ± 0.15 Hz (in the range 0.0 - 30.0 Hz).

Criteria for a reliable H/V curve

[All 3 should be fulfilled]

$f_0 > 10 / L_w$	$2.09 > 0.50$	OK	
$n_c(f_0) > 200$	$2261.3 > 200$	OK	
$\sigma_A(f) < 2$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 > 0.5\text{Hz}$ $\sigma_A(f) < 3$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 < 0.5\text{Hz}$	Exceeded 0 out of 102 times	OK	

Criteria for a clear H/V peak

[At least 5 out of 6 should be fulfilled]

Exists f^- in $[f_0/4, f_0]$ $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0 / 2$	1.406 Hz	OK	
Exists f^+ in $[f_0, 4f_0]$ $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0 / 2$	2.813 Hz	OK	
$A_0 > 2$	$5.06 > 2$	OK	
$f_{peak}[A_{H/V}(f) \pm \sigma_A(f)] = f_0 \pm 5\%$	$ 0.07172 < 0.05$		NO
$\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$	$0.15017 < 0.10469$		NO
$\sigma_A(f_0) < \theta(f_0)$	$0.5018 < 1.58$	OK	

L_w	window length
n_w	number of windows used in the analysis
$n_c = L_w n_w f_0$	number of significant cycles
f	current frequency
f_0	H/V peak frequency
σ_f	standard deviation of H/V peak frequency
$\varepsilon(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$
A_0	H/V peak amplitude at frequency f_0
$A_{H/V}(f)$	H/V curve amplitude at frequency f
f^-	frequency between $f_0/4$ and f_0 for which $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0/2$
f^+	frequency between f_0 and $4f_0$ for which $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0/2$
$\sigma_A(f)$	standard deviation of $A_{H/V}(f)$, $\sigma_A(f)$ is the factor by which the mean $A_{H/V}(f)$ curve should be multiplied or divided
$\sigma_{\log H/V}(f)$	standard deviation of $\log A_{H/V}(f)$ curve
$\theta(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_A(f) < \theta(f_0)$

Threshold values for σ_f and $\sigma_A(f_0)$

Freq. range [Hz]	< 0.2	0.2 – 0.5	0.5 – 1.0	1.0 – 2.0	> 2.0
$\varepsilon(f_0)$ [Hz]	$0.25 f_0$	$0.2 f_0$	$0.15 f_0$	$0.10 f_0$	$0.05 f_0$
$\theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_A(f_0)$	3.0	2.5	2.0	1.78	1.58
$\log \theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_{\log H/V}(f_0)$	0.48	0.40	0.30	0.25	0.20



P101

P102 (MS livello 1 - Arezzo)

Instrument: TEP-0168/01-11

Data format: 16 byte

Full scale [mV]: n.a.

Start recording: 27/11/18 16:57:48 End recording: 27/11/18 17:17:48

Channel labels: NORTH SOUTH; EAST WEST ; UP DOWN

GPS data not available

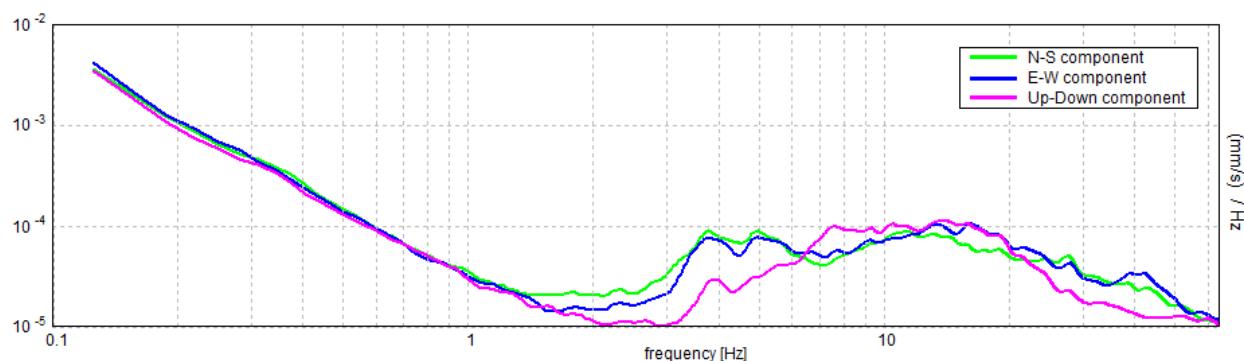
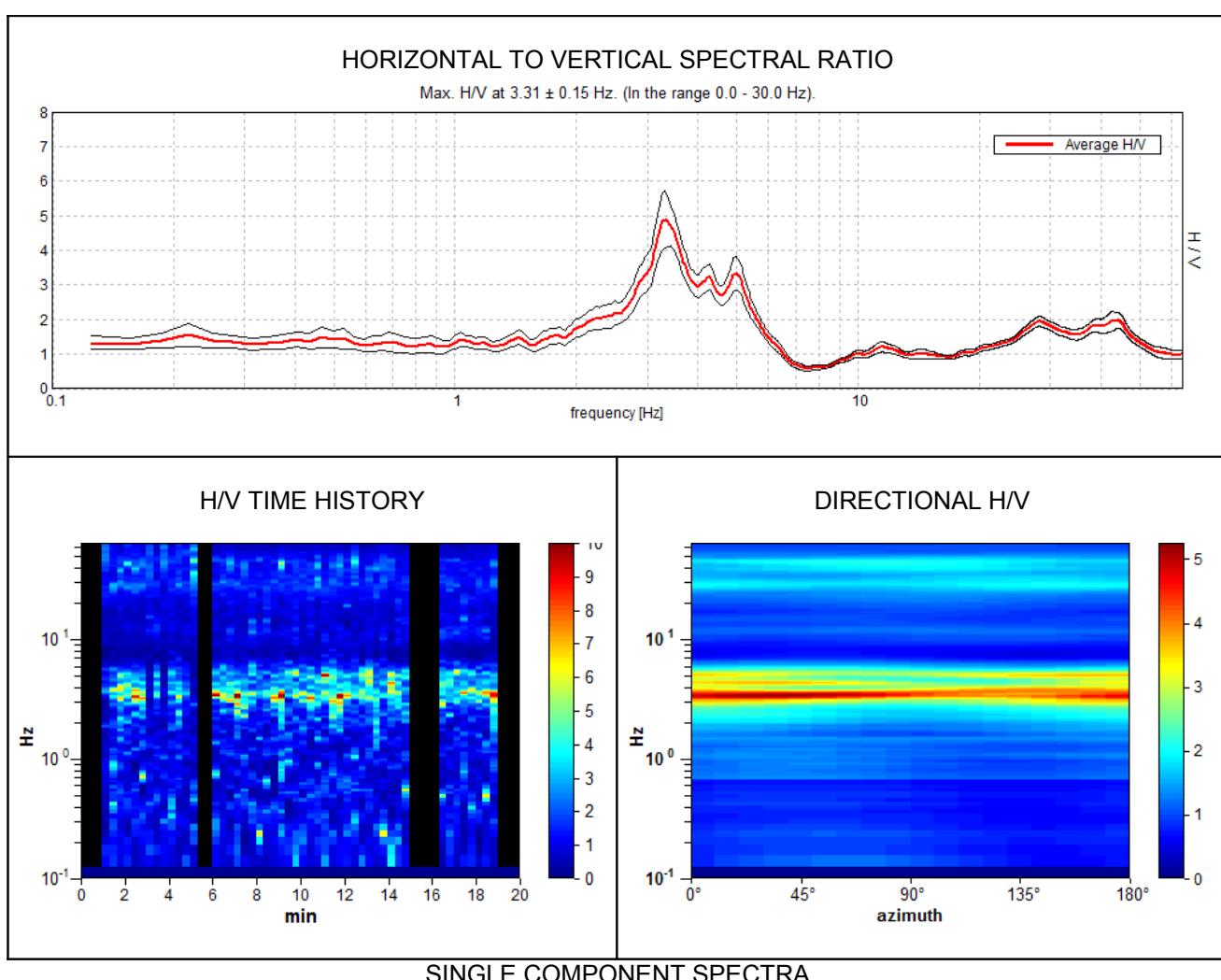
Trace length: 0h20'00". Analyzed 80% trace (manual window selection)

Sampling rate: 128 Hz

Window size: 20 s

Smoothing type: Triangular window

Smoothing: 5%



[According to the SESAME, 2005 guidelines. Please read carefully the *Grilla* manual before interpreting the following tables.]

Max. H/V at 3.31 ± 0.15 Hz (in the range 0.0 - 30.0 Hz).

Criteria for a reliable H/V curve

[All 3 should be fulfilled]

$f_0 > 10 / L_w$	$3.31 > 0.50$	OK	
$n_c(f_0) > 200$	$3180.0 > 200$	OK	
$\sigma_A(f) < 2$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 > 0.5\text{Hz}$ $\sigma_A(f) < 3$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 < 0.5\text{Hz}$	Exceeded 0 out of 160 times	OK	

Criteria for a clear H/V peak

[At least 5 out of 6 should be fulfilled]

Exists f^- in $[f_0/4, f_0]$ $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0 / 2$	2.688 Hz	OK	
Exists f^+ in $[f_0, 4f_0]$ $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0 / 2$	5.375 Hz	OK	
$A_0 > 2$	$4.89 > 2$	OK	
$f_{peak}[A_{H/V}(f) \pm \sigma_A(f)] = f_0 \pm 5\%$	$ 0.04465 < 0.05$	OK	
$\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$	$0.14789 < 0.16563$	OK	
$\sigma_A(f_0) < \theta(f_0)$	$0.8365 < 1.58$	OK	

L_w	window length
n_w	number of windows used in the analysis
$n_c = L_w n_w f_0$	number of significant cycles
f	current frequency
f_0	H/V peak frequency
σ_f	standard deviation of H/V peak frequency
$\varepsilon(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$
A_0	H/V peak amplitude at frequency f_0
$A_{H/V}(f)$	H/V curve amplitude at frequency f
f^-	frequency between $f_0/4$ and f_0 for which $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0/2$
f^+	frequency between f_0 and $4f_0$ for which $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0/2$
$\sigma_A(f)$	standard deviation of $A_{H/V}(f)$, $\sigma_A(f)$ is the factor by which the mean $A_{H/V}(f)$ curve should be multiplied or divided
$\sigma_{\log H/V}(f)$	standard deviation of $\log A_{H/V}(f)$ curve
$\theta(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_A(f) < \theta(f_0)$

Threshold values for σ_f and $\sigma_A(f_0)$

Freq. range [Hz]	< 0.2	0.2 – 0.5	0.5 – 1.0	1.0 – 2.0	> 2.0
$\varepsilon(f_0)$ [Hz]	$0.25 f_0$	$0.2 f_0$	$0.15 f_0$	$0.10 f_0$	$0.05 f_0$
$\theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_A(f_0)$	3.0	2.5	2.0	1.78	1.58
$\log \theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_{\log H/V}(f_0)$	0.48	0.40	0.30	0.25	0.20



P102

P103 (MS livello 1 - Arezzo)

Instrument: TEP-0116/01-10

Data format: 16 byte

Full scale [mV]: n.a.

Start recording: 14/12/18 12:05:29 End recording: 14/12/18 12:25:30

Channel labels: NORTH SOUTH; EAST WEST ; UP DOWN

GPS data not available

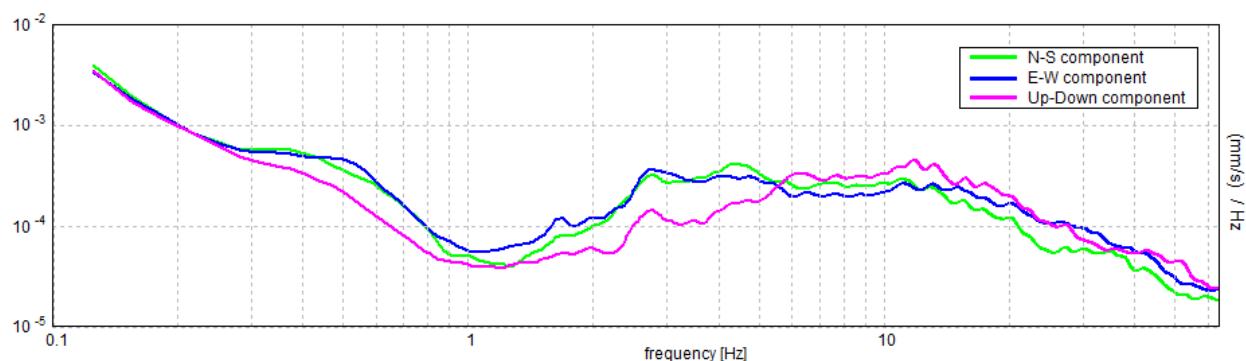
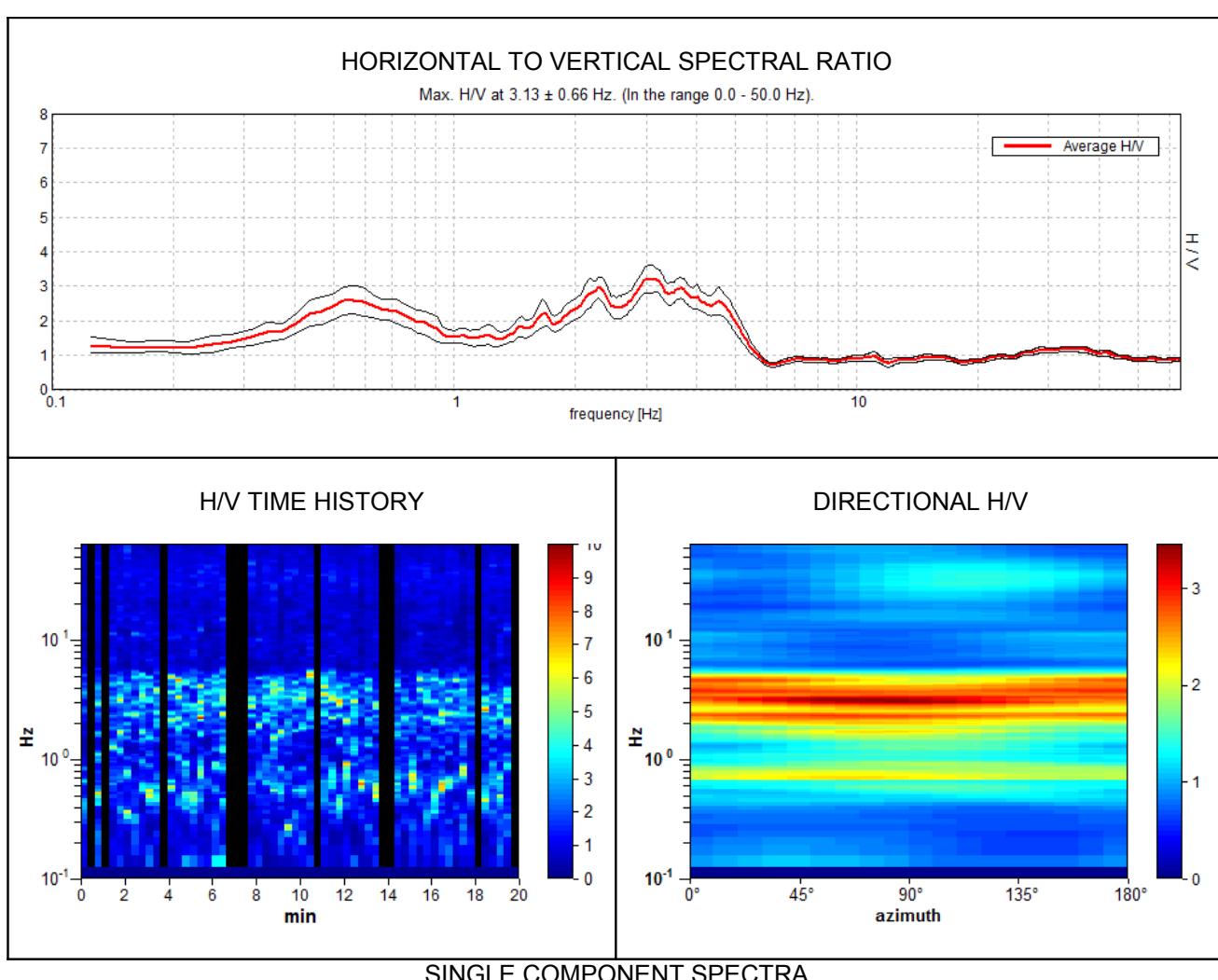
Trace length: 0h20'00". Analyzed 82% trace (manual window selection)

Sampling rate: 128 Hz

Window size: 20 s

Smoothing type: Triangular window

Smoothing: 5%



[According to the SESAME, 2005 guidelines. Please read carefully the *Grilla* manual before interpreting the following tables.]

Max. H/V at 3.13 ± 0.66 Hz (in the range 0.0 - 50.0 Hz).

Criteria for a reliable H/V curve

[All 3 should be fulfilled]

$f_0 > 10 / L_w$	$3.13 > 0.50$	OK	
$n_c(f_0) > 200$	$3062.5 > 200$	OK	
$\sigma_A(f) < 2$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 > 0.5\text{Hz}$ $\sigma_A(f) < 3$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 < 0.5\text{Hz}$	Exceeded 0 out of 151 times	OK	

Criteria for a clear H/V peak

[At least 5 out of 6 should be fulfilled]

Exists f^- in $[f_0/4, f_0]$ $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0 / 2$	1.375 Hz	OK	
Exists f^+ in $[f_0, 4f_0]$ $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0 / 2$	5.25 Hz	OK	
$A_0 > 2$	3.21 > 2	OK	
$f_{peak}[A_{H/V}(f) \pm \sigma_A(f)] = f_0 \pm 5\%$	$ 0.21007 < 0.05$		NO
$\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$	$0.65646 < 0.15625$		NO
$\sigma_A(f_0) < \theta(f_0)$	$0.4019 < 1.58$	OK	

L_w	window length
n_w	number of windows used in the analysis
$n_c = L_w n_w f_0$	number of significant cycles
f	current frequency
f_0	H/V peak frequency
σ_f	standard deviation of H/V peak frequency
$\varepsilon(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$
A_0	H/V peak amplitude at frequency f_0
$A_{H/V}(f)$	H/V curve amplitude at frequency f
f^-	frequency between $f_0/4$ and f_0 for which $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0/2$
f^+	frequency between f_0 and $4f_0$ for which $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0/2$
$\sigma_A(f)$	standard deviation of $A_{H/V}(f)$, $\sigma_A(f)$ is the factor by which the mean $A_{H/V}(f)$ curve should be multiplied or divided
$\sigma_{\log H/V}(f)$	standard deviation of $\log A_{H/V}(f)$ curve
$\theta(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_A(f) < \theta(f_0)$

Threshold values for σ_f and $\sigma_A(f_0)$

Freq. range [Hz]	< 0.2	0.2 – 0.5	0.5 – 1.0	1.0 – 2.0	> 2.0
$\varepsilon(f_0)$ [Hz]	$0.25 f_0$	$0.2 f_0$	$0.15 f_0$	$0.10 f_0$	$0.05 f_0$
$\theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_A(f_0)$	3.0	2.5	2.0	1.78	1.58
$\log \theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_{\log H/V}(f_0)$	0.48	0.40	0.30	0.25	0.20



P103

MS_AREZZO_BURCHINI, AREZZO P104

Instrument: TEP-0116/01-10

Data format: 16 byte

Full scale [mV]: n.a.

Start recording: 29/11/18 14:34:42 End recording: 29/11/18 14:54:43

Channel labels: NORTH SOUTH; EAST WEST; UP DOWN

GPS data not available

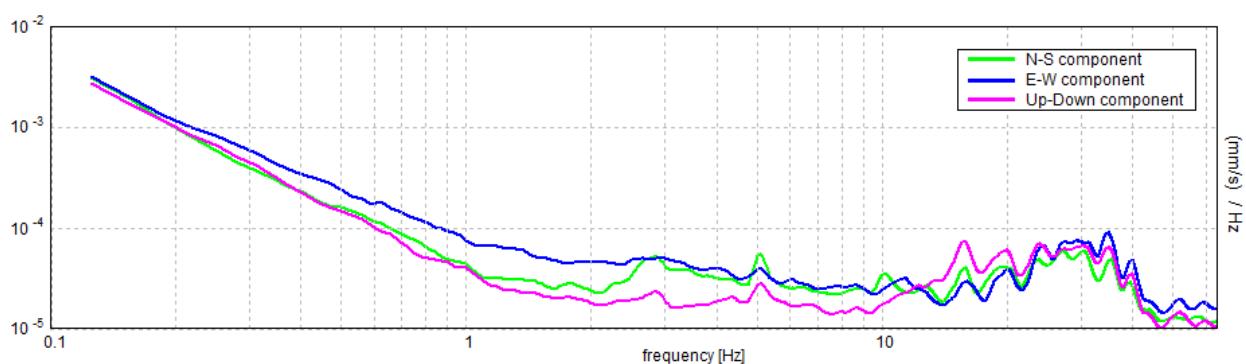
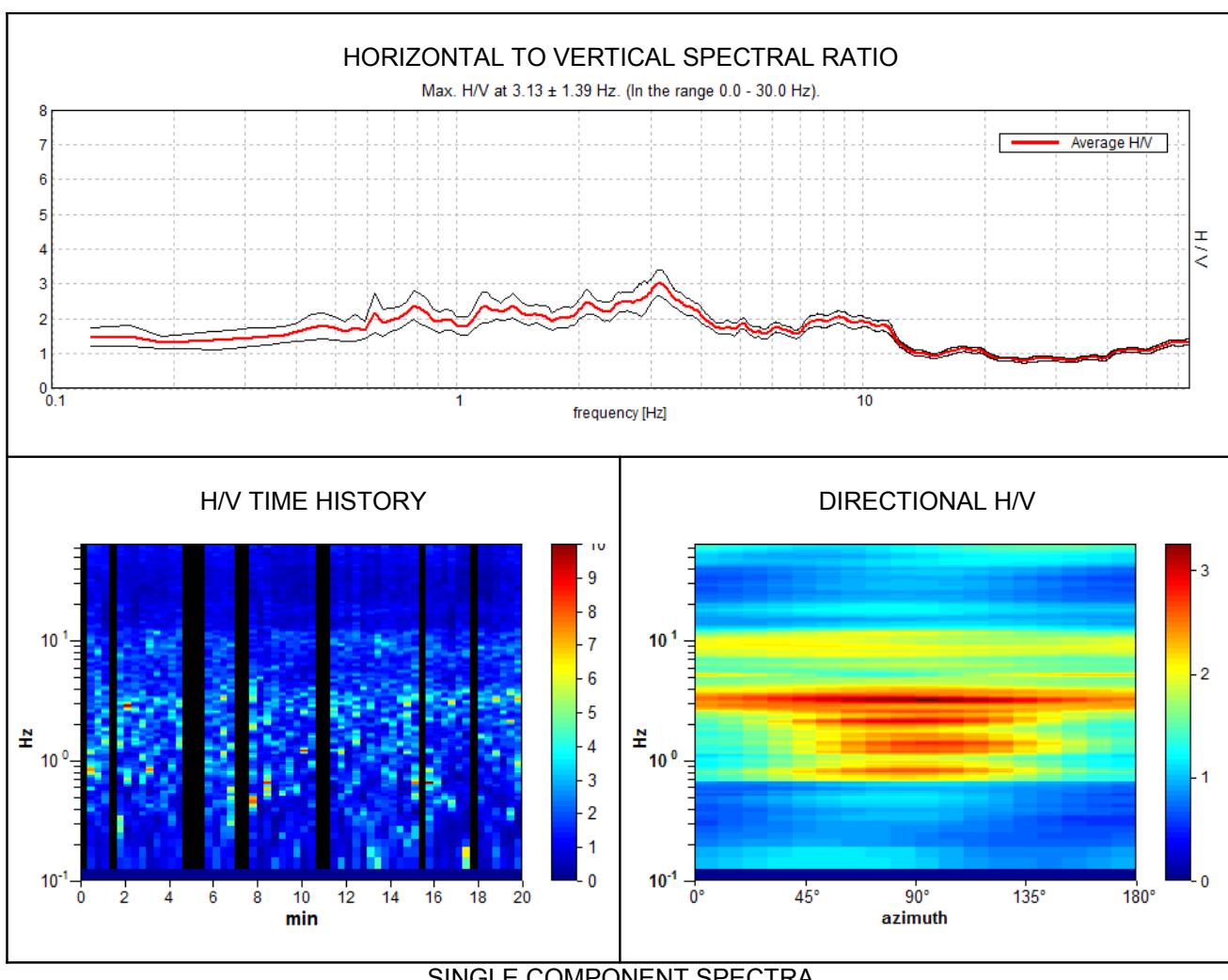
Trace length: 0h20'00". Analyzed 82% trace (manual window selection)

Sampling rate: 128 Hz

Window size: 20 s

Smoothing type: Triangular window

Smoothing: 5%



[According to the SESAME, 2005 guidelines. Please read carefully the *Grilla* manual before interpreting the following tables.]

Max. H/V at 3.13 ± 1.39 Hz (in the range 0.0 - 30.0 Hz).

Criteria for a reliable H/V curve

[All 3 should be fulfilled]

$f_0 > 10 / L_w$	$3.13 > 0.50$	OK	
$n_c(f_0) > 200$	$3062.5 > 200$	OK	
$\sigma_A(f) < 2$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 > 0.5\text{Hz}$ $\sigma_A(f) < 3$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 < 0.5\text{Hz}$	Exceeded 0 out of 151 times	OK	

Criteria for a clear H/V peak

[At least 5 out of 6 should be fulfilled]

Exists f^- in $[f_0/4, f_0]$ $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0 / 2$			NO
Exists f^+ in $[f_0, 4f_0]$ $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0 / 2$	11.969 Hz	OK	
$A_0 > 2$	$3.02 > 2$	OK	
$f_{peak}[A_{H/V}(f) \pm \sigma_A(f)] = f_0 \pm 5\%$	$ 0.44614 < 0.05$		NO
$\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$	$1.39417 < 0.15625$		NO
$\sigma_A(f_0) < \theta(f_0)$	$0.3743 < 1.58$	OK	

L_w	window length
n_w	number of windows used in the analysis
$n_c = L_w n_w f_0$	number of significant cycles
f	current frequency
f_0	H/V peak frequency
σ_f	standard deviation of H/V peak frequency
$\varepsilon(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$
A_0	H/V peak amplitude at frequency f_0
$A_{H/V}(f)$	H/V curve amplitude at frequency f
f^-	frequency between $f_0/4$ and f_0 for which $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0/2$
f^+	frequency between f_0 and $4f_0$ for which $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0/2$
$\sigma_A(f)$	standard deviation of $A_{H/V}(f)$, $\sigma_A(f)$ is the factor by which the mean $A_{H/V}(f)$ curve should be multiplied or divided
$\sigma_{\log H/V}(f)$	standard deviation of $\log A_{H/V}(f)$ curve
$\theta(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_A(f) < \theta(f_0)$

Threshold values for σ_f and $\sigma_A(f_0)$

Freq. range [Hz]	< 0.2	0.2 – 0.5	0.5 – 1.0	1.0 – 2.0	> 2.0
$\varepsilon(f_0)$ [Hz]	$0.25 f_0$	$0.2 f_0$	$0.15 f_0$	$0.10 f_0$	$0.05 f_0$
$\theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_A(f_0)$	3.0	2.5	2.0	1.78	1.58
$\log \theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_{\log H/V}(f_0)$	0.48	0.40	0.30	0.25	0.20



P104

P105 (MS livello 1 - Arezzo)

Instrument: TEP-0168/01-11

Data format: 16 byte

Full scale [mV]: n.a.

Start recording: 27/11/18 10:52:46 End recording: 27/11/18 11:12:46

Channel labels: NORTH SOUTH; EAST WEST ; UP DOWN

GPS data not available

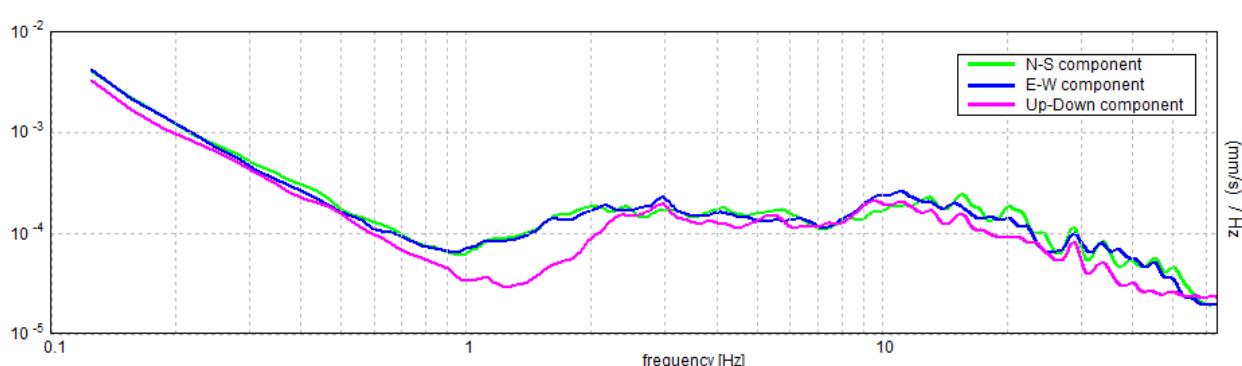
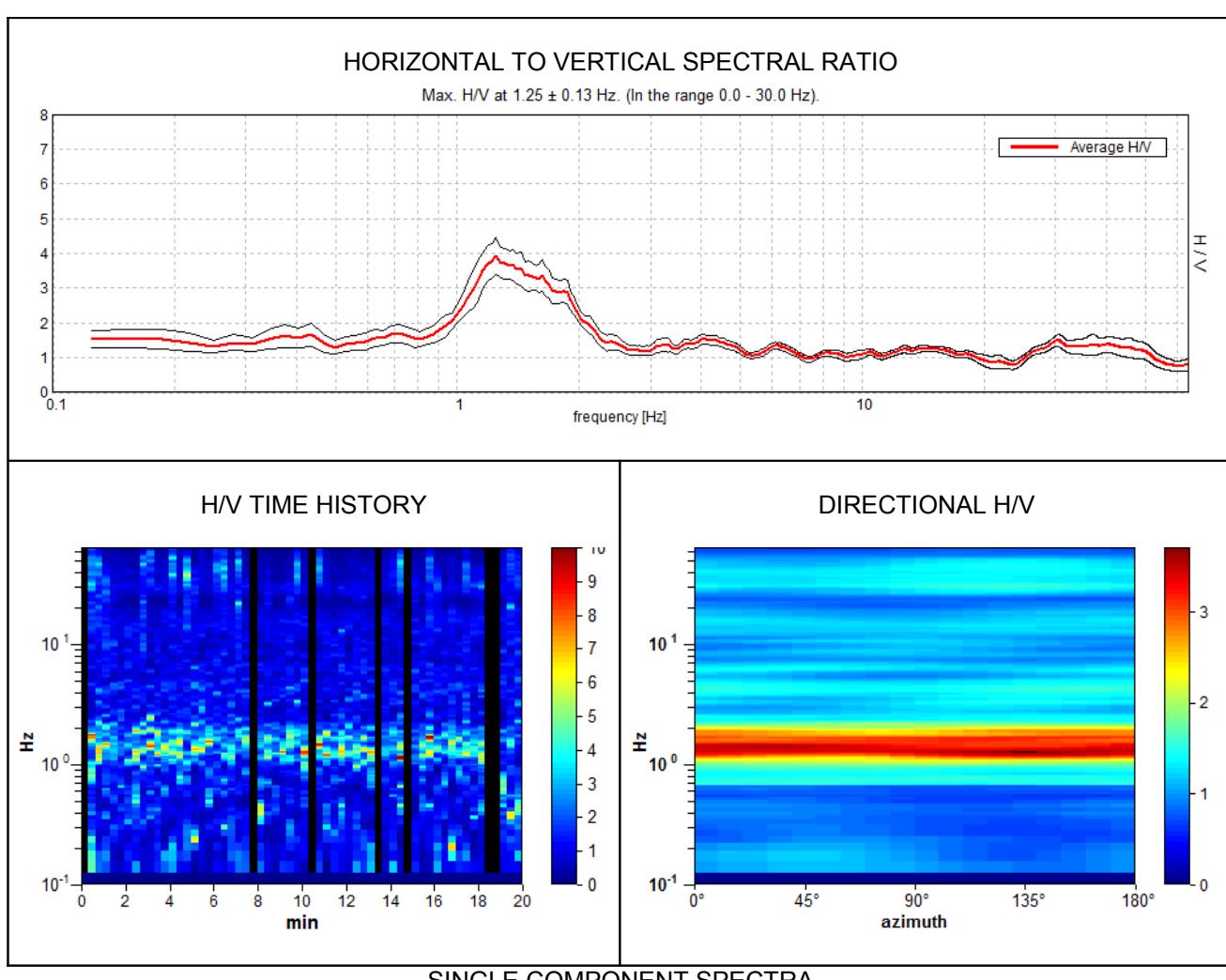
Trace length: 0h20'00". Analyzed 88% trace (manual window selection)

Sampling rate: 128 Hz

Window size: 20 s

Smoothing type: Triangular window

Smoothing: 5%



[According to the SESAME, 2005 guidelines. Please read carefully the *Grilla* manual before interpreting the following tables.]

Max. H/V at 1.25 ± 0.13 Hz (in the range 0.0 - 30.0 Hz).

Criteria for a reliable H/V curve

[All 3 should be fulfilled]

$f_0 > 10 / L_w$	$1.25 > 0.50$	OK	
$n_c(f_0) > 200$	$1325.0 > 200$	OK	
$\sigma_A(f) < 2$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 > 0.5\text{Hz}$ $\sigma_A(f) < 3$ for $0.5f_0 < f < 2f_0$ if $f_0 < 0.5\text{Hz}$	Exceeded 0 out of 61 times	OK	

Criteria for a clear H/V peak

[At least 5 out of 6 should be fulfilled]

Exists f^- in $[f_0/4, f_0]$ $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0 / 2$	0.938 Hz	OK	
Exists f^+ in $[f_0, 4f_0]$ $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0 / 2$	2.125 Hz	OK	
$A_0 > 2$	3.94 > 2	OK	
$f_{peak}[A_{H/V}(f) \pm \sigma_A(f)] = f_0 \pm 5\%$	$ 0.10342 < 0.05$		NO
$\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$	$0.12928 < 0.125$		NO
$\sigma_A(f_0) < \theta(f_0)$	$0.5377 < 1.78$	OK	

L_w	window length
n_w	number of windows used in the analysis
$n_c = L_w n_w f_0$	number of significant cycles
f	current frequency
f_0	H/V peak frequency
σ_f	standard deviation of H/V peak frequency
$\varepsilon(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_f < \varepsilon(f_0)$
A_0	H/V peak amplitude at frequency f_0
$A_{H/V}(f)$	H/V curve amplitude at frequency f
f^-	frequency between $f_0/4$ and f_0 for which $A_{H/V}(f^-) < A_0/2$
f^+	frequency between f_0 and $4f_0$ for which $A_{H/V}(f^+) < A_0/2$
$\sigma_A(f)$	standard deviation of $A_{H/V}(f)$, $\sigma_A(f)$ is the factor by which the mean $A_{H/V}(f)$ curve should be multiplied or divided
$\sigma_{\log H/V}(f)$	standard deviation of $\log A_{H/V}(f)$ curve
$\theta(f_0)$	threshold value for the stability condition $\sigma_A(f) < \theta(f_0)$

Threshold values for σ_f and $\sigma_A(f_0)$

Freq. range [Hz]	< 0.2	0.2 – 0.5	0.5 – 1.0	1.0 – 2.0	> 2.0
$\varepsilon(f_0)$ [Hz]	$0.25 f_0$	$0.2 f_0$	$0.15 f_0$	$0.10 f_0$	$0.05 f_0$
$\theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_A(f_0)$	3.0	2.5	2.0	1.78	1.58
$\log \theta(f_0)$ for $\sigma_{\log H/V}(f_0)$	0.48	0.40	0.30	0.25	0.20



P105